

WHO CAN...

All the News
It's Fit to Print

The New York Times

LATE CITY EDITION

Weather: Partly sunny today; cool tonight, Sunny, pleasant tomorrow. Temperature range: today 53-66; Friday 56-75. Details on page 50.

KXV... No. 43,218

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1976

25 cents beyond 36-mile zone from New York City, except Long Island, higher in air delivery zone.

20 CENTS

RICES LEAD RISE OF 0.4% SUMER INDEX

Higher Than for
Months but
as Moderate

6.1% IN YEAR

Fruit and Coffee
Last Month's
Food Sector

WIN L. DALE JR.
Special to The New York Times
MAY 21—An
in food prices after
of decline pushed
on's consumer price
in April, the La-
ment reported today,
in prices of other
services remained

Consumer Price Index
tenths of 1 percent
and after adjusting
to reflect normal
changes in some prices,
more than in Feb-
March, when declin-
prices held down the
was generally in line
moderate infla-
that has prevailed
summer.

Prices in the last
have risen at an
of 2.9 percent, far
double-digit infla-
1973 and 1974. Most
in and out of the
believe that prices
a faster pace for
the year, but hardly
ects an early return
inflation.

With the inflation
ears earlier, the Con-
Index rose over the
months by 6.1 percent,
owing were the high-
day's report.

Prices were up six-
percent after sea-
ment, with fresh
vegetables and cof-
the way. After a
atic ups and downs,
for food bought in
about the same in
was last July.

of all goods other
rose three-tenths of
a figure that has re-
table since last Sep-
ber.

of services rose five-
1 percent, the smal-
month since last
well below the pace
quarter of this year.

at Ford told a group
at the White House
x, although the rise
x in April was great-
March, when it was
of 1 percent, the
re "does show that
of inflation is on a
trend." The Pres-
in Page 54, Column 7

28 in School Choir Killed in Bus Crash in California

20 Are Injured as Vehicle Plunges From a Ramp, Trapping Students

By United Press International
MARTINEZ, Calif., May 21—
A school bus smashed through
a guard rail on a bridge ramp,
fell 30 feet and landed in a
marsh today, killing 28 mem-
bers of a high school choir on
a last excursion before sum-
mer vacation.

More than 20 others were
seriously injured and taken to
three area hospitals. All the
victims were from Yuba City,
80 miles north of here, and
their parents traveled by car
and plane to learn the fate of
their children.

The accident occurred at mid-
morning as the youngsters from
Yuba City High School in the
Sacramento Valley were travel-
ing to Orinda, Calif., for a per-
formance. The trip was to have
been a reward for the choir's
year-long work.

The yellow school bus had
just crossed the Martinez-
Benecia Bridge over an arm of
San Francisco Bay and was
leaving the freeway to pull
into a rest stop when it
smashed through 50 feet of
guardrail.

"Suddenly a big cloud of
dust went up, the bus leaned
over, hit the rail and its wheels
went up. Then it dropped over
and landed directly on its top,"
said Larry Beaty, a 32-year-old
Shell Oil Company employee
who witnessed the crash.

Mr. Beaty said he and a co-
worker ran to the bus and saw
the youngsters in the wrecked
bus. "We pulled out as many



Rescue workers covering the bodies of high school students killed in Martinez, Calif., when school bus they were riding in plunged 30 feet to the ground from highway ramp.

Jersey Acts to Lift License Of Surgeon in Curare Case

By M. A. FARRER
Special to The New York Times
MAY 21—The
New Jersey Board of Medical
Examiners acted yester-
day to suspend temporarily
the license of Dr. Mario E. Jas-
calevich, the 48-year-old sur-
geon who was indicted this
week on charges of murdering
five patients at Riverdell Hos-
pital in Oradell, N. J., a decade
ago.

William F. Hyland, the State
Attorney General, announced
that the board had issued a
complaint charging Dr. Jascalevich
with six counts of mal-
practice related to the River-
dell deaths and six counts
stemming from his behavior as
a surgeon in a case in Jersey
City in 1974 and 1975. The
patient in the latter case did
not die.

Dr. Jascalevich, who operated
yesterday for the first time
since his indictment was handed
up late Tuesday, was told
by the Board of Medical Ex-
aminers to show cause next
Wednesday why his license
should not be temporarily lifted
pending a hearing on the 12
counts of malpractice, when

CAHN IS CONVICTED OF BILLING FRAUD

Was Reimbursed by Nassau
and Police Associations
for the Same Expenses

By MAX H. SEIGEL
Special to The New York Times
MAY 21—The
Nassau County District At-
torney, William L. Springer
of Illinois, announced
today that he had secured a
conviction of double-billing
fraud by the former Nassau
County District Attorney,
William Cahn, who had been
found guilty by a Federal
court jury in Brooklyn
yesterday of mail fraud in bil-
ling the county and various law
enforcement associations for
trips he took to conventions.

The conviction ended Mr.
Cahn's second trial on the
double-billing charges. His first
trial ended Feb. 27 with a hung
jury that had voted 11 to 1 for
conviction.

Yesterday, in front of the
courthouse, Mr. Cahn pledged
he would spend the rest of his
life seeking out a secret infor-
mer, code-named "Sam Hous-
ton," on whose existence he
had based his entire defense.

"With every friend that I
have developed, both with
private detectives and in law
enforcement, I will use every
possible effort to try to find
Sam Houston," the former
District Attorney said.

Throughout the two and one-
half week trial, Mr. Cahn had
insisted that he had given Sam
Houston the money—nearly
\$20,000—that he had been
accused of pocketing through
double-billing.

The Government prosecutor,
Mr. Robert B. Semple Jr.,
said that he was confident
that he would eventually re-
ceive the necessary author-
ization papers to the
Treasury.

New Chairman Named
The President was the big-
gest beneficiary of the day's
events, getting a check for
more than \$1.3 billion. His
Republican challenger Ronald
Reagan qualified for more than
\$500,000. Among the Democ-
rats, Jimmy Carter got \$437-
000 and Representative Morris
K. Udall \$312,000.

The Republican and Demo-
cratic National Committees got
\$500,000 each, the third instal-
ment on the \$2 million each
will eventually receive to fi-
nance their conventions.

The election commission
chose as chairman Vernon W.
Thomson, a Republican who
served as Governor of Wiscon-
sin and then seven terms in the
House of Representatives. He
succeeds Thomas B. Curtis, a
Republican who asked out to
be renominated to the new com-
mission.

Pound Below \$1.80; Loan Rates Raised By Bank of England

By ROBERT B. SEMPLE JR.
Special to The New York Times
LONDON, May 21—The
British pound fell sharply today,
hitting yet another record low
of \$1.782 before a slight re-
covery caused by the Bank of
England's decision to raise the
basic lending rate for the sec-
ond time in less than a month.

Today's rise brings the cen-
tral bank's minimum lending
rate to 11 1/2 percent, up from
10 1/2 percent. If Britain's major
banks follow with increases of
their own, loans to business-
men and millions of ordinary citi-
zens will become more expen-
sive at precisely the moment
when the Government hopes to
revive investment.

The higher lending rate,
which implies bigger interest
payments on sterling-denom-
inated instruments, was widely
viewed here as an effort to
make investment in Britain
more attractive.

The Bank of England's action
was the only outward sign of
official concern, but Prime Min-
ister James Callaghan and
Secretary of State John
Major were also seen to be
concerned.

Quinlan Case Initiative on Decision

By JOSEPH F. SULLIVAN
Special to The New York Times
TOWN, N. J., May 21
The State Supreme Court, in
its 7-to-0 opinion on March 31,
said that Miss Quinlan could
be removed from the respirator
if her attending physicians and
an ethics committee or similar
body at St. Clare's Hospital in
Denville agreed that there was
"no reasonable possibility" that
she could recover to a "cogni-
tive, sapient state."

The court empowered Miss
Quinlan's father, Joseph T.
Quinlan, to dismiss the attend-
ing physicians if they did not
agree that her condition was
hopeless and to retain other
doctors who would agree, but
Mr. Quinlan has given no in-
dication that he is considering
a change of doctors.

Thus the family, which
fought two court cases over
several months to obtain that
right, has not exercised the full
extent of its authority in the
case. It is unclear why the fam-
ily has not done so.

Mr. Quinlan and his wife,
Julia, have refused to talk to
newsmen since the court's rul-
ing.

State Finds Deficit Is Greater Than New York City Expects

By EDWARD RANZAL
Special to The New York Times
A preliminary New York State
review of Mayor Beame's propo-
sition to cut \$1.2 billion from
the city's three-year fiscal plan
for the State Emergency Finan-
cial Control Board, was asked
by the corporation to review
the Mayor's budget proposals.

Mr. Beame had proposed budget
cuts of \$379 million. But Mr.
Schwartz was said to have
contended that \$1.7 billion
was "unattainable" in cuts
and \$240 million more was
characterized as "uncertain."

If Mr. Schwartz is correct,
the city's deficit would be \$1.9
billion, far more than the \$1.2
billion that Mayor Beame had
proposed.

ELECTION AGENCY OPERATING AGAIN; SUBSIDIES RESUME

\$3.2 Million Approved for 9
Candidates After New
Commission Is Sworn

By WARREN WEAVER JR.
Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, May 21—The
Federal Election Commission,
the agency that regulates
campaign financing, resumed
operation today after a two-month
freeze when the Federal Election
Commission was reconstituted by
Congress and President Ford.

Meeting for the first time
with its powers fully restored,
the agency rapidly approved
more than \$3.2 million in retro-
active matching funds pay-
ments to nine candidates and
\$1 million more to the Republi-
can and Democratic National
Committees to help finance
their nominating conventions.

6th Member Confirmed
Candidates who moved swift-
ly enough picked up their
checks at the Treasury De-
partment before it closed for
the weekend. It was the first
subsidy money they had re-
ceived since a January order
by the Supreme Court went
into effect on March 23, im-
mobilizing the commission in
most respects.

At that, it took a long day
of relatively frenetic activity to
revive the commission and re-
lease the money.

First the Senate Rules Com-
mittee and then the full Senate
had to confirm a new commis-
sion member, William L.
Springer of Illinois.

Then President Ford had to
swear in Mr. Springer and five
other members, all of whom
were reappointed after serving
for the last year. Finally the
commission met, elected a new
chairman, approved the retro-
active subsidy payments and
dispatched the necessary
authorization papers to the
Treasury.

Weld Cracks Found In Alaska Pipeline; Costly Delay Feared

By EDWARD COWAN
Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, May 21—
Government officials dis-
closed today that they were
reviewing what they called
3,935 "problem welds" on the
Alaska oil pipeline.

Depending on how many
welds joining sections of the
48-inch pipe are ordered re-
placed, the corrective work
could cost tens of millions
of dollars—possibly hundreds
of millions—and delay by
months the mid-1977 start-up
date for the \$7 billion, 800-
mile line, the officials said.

The Alyeska Pipeline Ser-
vice Company, the consortium
of eight oil companies that is
building the pipeline, has told
the Interior Department that
a \$4.5 million audit it has
just made found 28 welds
that had cracks and definitely
had to be replaced to avoid
possible rupture.

Alyeska reported that it
had confirmed "the existence
of problem welds."

GISCARD OFFERS TROOPS TO KEEP A LEBANON PEACE

But President Says Beirut
Must Request French Help
to Oversee a Cease-Fire

By FLORA LEWIS
Special to The New York Times
NEW ORLEANS, May 21—
France would send "several reg-
iments" to Lebanon on 48 hours'
notice to oversee peace there if
requested, President Valery Gis-
card d'Estaing said here today.

The conditions, as the Pres-
ident put them in a talk with
reporters who have been follow-
ing his state visit in the United
States, were: a request from the
Government of Lebanon, the
establishment of an effective
government in Beirut and a
situation in which the French
could be asked to maintain
order.

Nonetheless, Mr. Giscard
d'Estaing said that if French
soldiers were sent to restore
order and to end the Lebanese
civil war, they would be ready
for combat if necessary.

Reports Discussions
The President said he had
discussed the plan with Presi-
dent Ford and Secretary of
State Henry A. Kissinger. He
added that Syria viewed the
plan favorably.

France has been offering for
some time to "contribute" to
the restoration of peace in
Lebanon. But this is the first
time that firm plans for mili-
tary action have been disclosed.

Syria, Lebanon's neighbor to
the east, has been playing a
major role in attempts to settle
the Lebanese conflict between
Muslims and Christians, with
Palestinian guerrilla involve-
ment.

While French troops would
not go until President-elect Elias
Sarkis was in a position to ask
for them as the legitimate head
of state, Mr. Giscard d'Estaing
said, the French would intend to
assure President Suleiman Fran-
jeh and encourage him to turn
over his office to Mr. Sarkis.

Ouster Was Demanded
Mr. Sarkis, head of the Cen-
tral Bank, was elected by
Parliament two weeks ago to
succeed Mr. Franjeh, who has
been criticized as an obstacle
to a settlement of the Lebanese
conflict. Mr. Franjeh, whose
term of office does not tech-
nically expire until September,
has so far refused to step down.

[In Beirut, Brig. Gen. Abdel
Aziz al-Ahdab, who pro-
claimed a "coup" two months
ago, announced his resigna-
tion as military governor.
This move increased pressure
on President Franjeh to do
likewise. Page 3.]

Asked whether the Soviet
Union had been consulted about
the French troop plan, Mr. Gis-
card d'Estaing said Moscow
had been informed through dip-
lomatic channels but had not
been consulted. The implica-
tion was that the Soviet Union
had not been consulted. Page 3.

Foreign Ministers at Parley in Oslo Assail Arms Buildup in Central Europe

By CRAIG R. WHITNEY
Special to The New York Times
OSLO, May 21—A strong
warning that the Soviet Union
is endangering détente by con-
tinuing a military buildup in
Central Europe and by lack of
restraint elsewhere concluded
the two-day meeting of 15
foreign ministers of the North
Atlantic Treaty Organization
here today.

The 15 ministers issued a
communiqué that was marked
by a tone of concern and worry.
The alliance pledged itself
to "continue to strive for a re-
laxation of tensions." But many
of the European allies, particu-
larly the West Germans, were
frightened by the Soviet
Union's heavy involvement and
support of 12,000 Cuban troops
in Angola last winter.

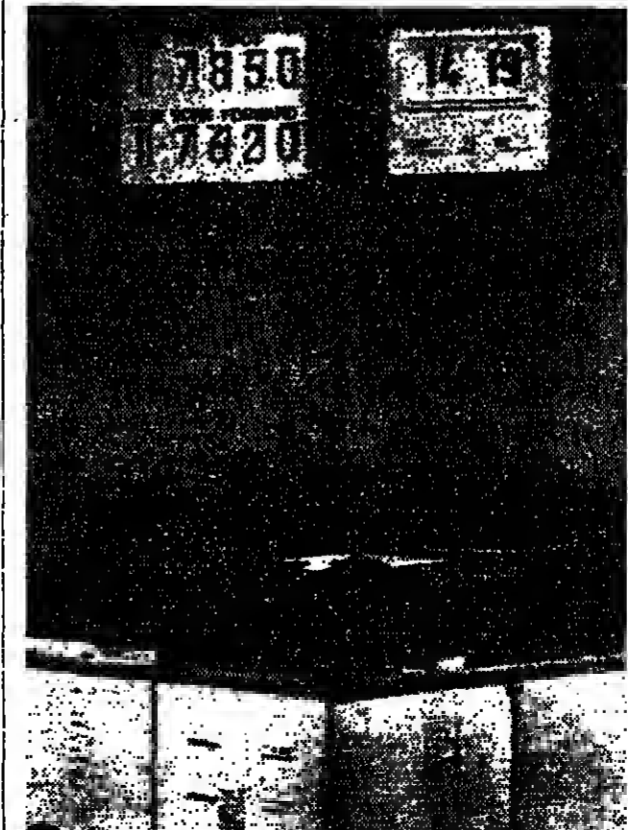
Tough Kissinger Speech
Secretary of State Henry A.
Kissinger set that tone yester-
day with a tough speech that
warned of the dangers of not
offsetting growing Soviet pow-
er. Today he told a news confer-
ence, "our impression is that
Soviet strength is likely to
grow and that therefore larger
efforts by NATO are necessary,
especially in the field of con-
ventional and tactical forces."

The communiqué said: "The
pursuit of a genuine and
durable détente is possible
only if all states concerned
exercise restraint, both in their
relations with each other and
in their actions in other parts
of the world. The necessary
confidence would not be estab-
lished between East and West
if crises and tensions were to
be avoided in Europe only to
appear elsewhere."

The alliance expressed "con-
cern" over the Soviet military
buildup in Central Europe.

NATO SAYS SOVIET IMPERILS DETENTE

Foreign Ministers at Parley
in Oslo Assail Arms Buildup
in Central Europe



The British pound trading at \$1.7850 yesterday in London after slight recovery from record low of \$1.7782.

Selling on Sunday Rising Despite Confusing Laws

By WAYNE KING
Special to The New York Times
In New Jersey, shoppers scurry from one county to another, or even into Delaware, to shop on Sunday. In Atlanta, major supermarket chains, including the A&P, have recently adopted all-night and seven-day hours. And in New York City alone, tens of thousands of businesses each year, with the tacit complicity of the authorities, blithely ignore Sunday selling bans that go back to the 17th century.

"Pressure from customers," says New York A&P's director of grocery merchandising when asked about Sunday hours. "And when competitors challenged, we did it, too."

Those two reasons—demand from customers whose way of life increasingly obliges them to work, and in turn, on a 7-

EWIS INDEX

Index	Point	% Chg.
Stocks	120.15	+0.12
Bonds	103.35	+0.05
Commodities	100.00	+0.00
Real Estate	100.00	+0.00
Auto	100.00	+0.00
Food	100.00	+0.00
Textiles	100.00	+0.00
Metals	100.00	+0.00
Chemicals	100.00	+0.00
Electronics	100.00	+0.00
Transportation	100.00	+0.00
Energy	100.00	+0.00
Weather	100.00	+0.00

Continued on Page 22, Column 1



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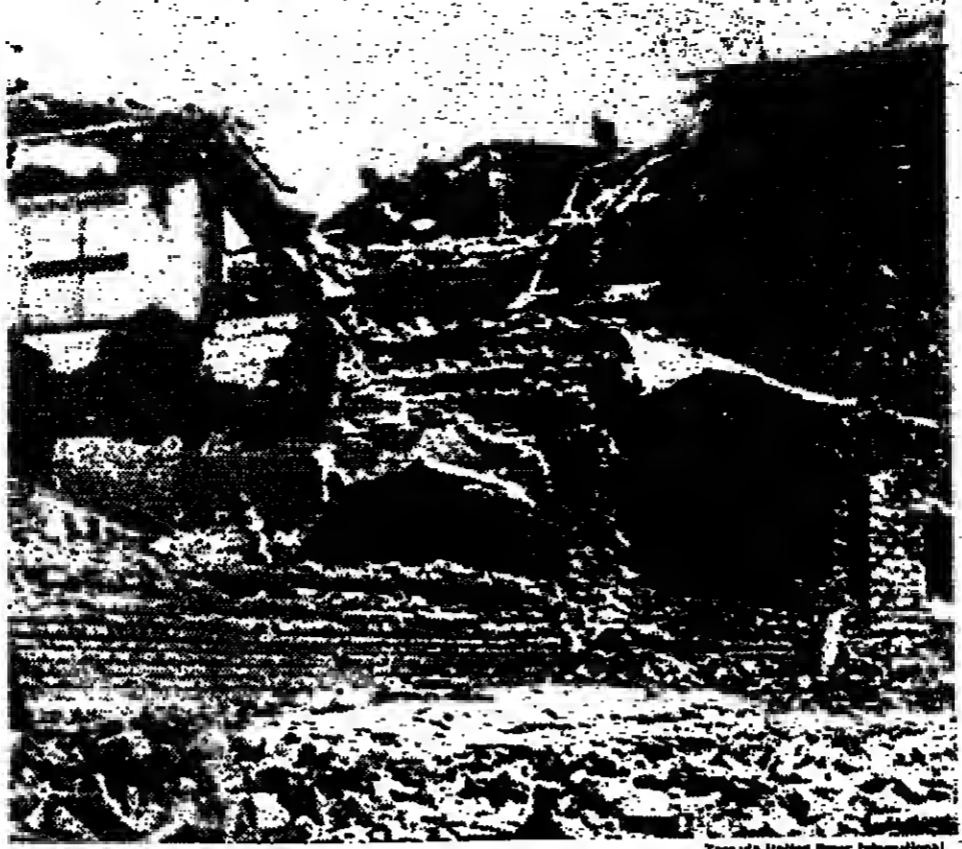
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DEVASTATION in Soviet Central Asia is manifest in this photo, among the first from town of Gazli, struck by an earthquake last Monday. Soviet sources said nearly every house was destroyed and that an earlier quake already had caused extensive damage.

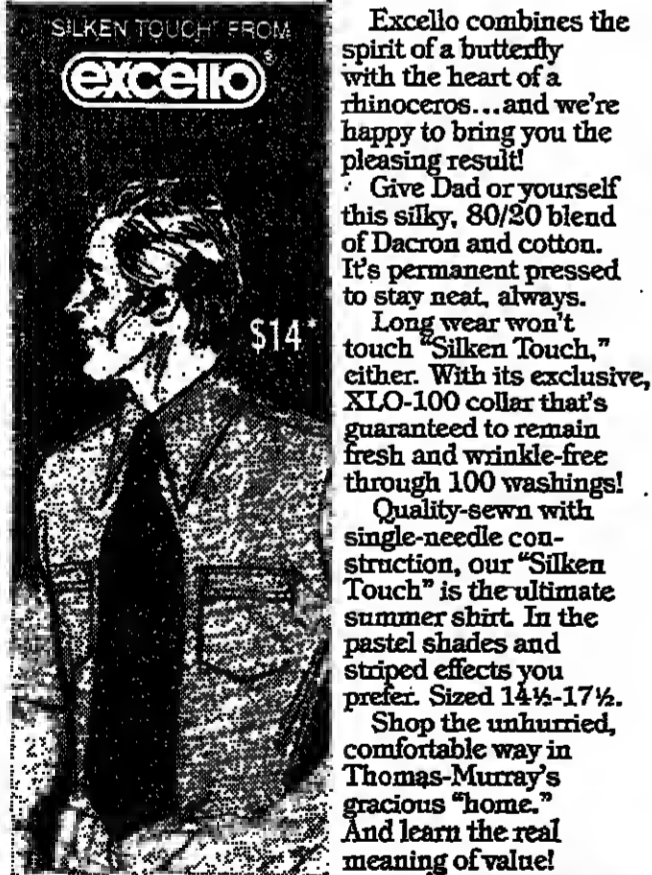
Giscard Speaks of 'Confidence' in U.S.

Special to The New York Times NEW ORLEANS, May 21—President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing finished a Louisiana lunch of oyster soup and flounder filets stuffed à l'acadienne, made the point of his appeal to the United States to remain at the helm of the Western world's economic and political order. He said, "I am not a man of many words, but I am a man of many responsibilities. In the front of these democracies stands the United States of America, which must live up to the responsibilities its power entails." The original version spoke of the "responsibilities" of its military, monetary and economic power. The deletions were unlikely to mollify those among the French who hold that French independence—a word the President inserted in another passage—precludes acceptance of United States leadership, but particularly by removing the reference to military power, they made the idea less precise. Again, after mentioning the doubts about America's strength and willingness to use it, which have been widespread both in Europe and in United States, Giscard said, "I can only refute the validity of this fear." The phrase was struck from the text, but he left the following passage in: "Indeed, the strongest impression I will take back is one of confidence. You showed amazing vitality in overcoming the political, institutional, and moral crises which divided you, worried you—and, he had written and then crossed out, "weakened you"—"for several years." This tacit reference to Vietnam and Watergate was then followed by a reference to recovery from the "most serious economic upheaval the world has known since the Great Depression of 1929." "Ultimately," he said, "the foundations of American power, that is, the confidence you have in yourselves, your civic consciousness, the unanimous agreement on your institutions and on the creative value of initiative and individual enterprise, add the immense capacity of your productive apparatus, were not shaken." Toward Defense Backing "Your contribution even becomes irreplaceable," he went on, "once you understand that you are not alone, once you have the same confidence in your friends and allies as they have in you, once you accept their individuality—and, he inserted in the corrections, "independence"—and once you do not fear freedom for them any more than you fear it for yourselves." Even with the corrections, it was a substantial step further toward assuring the United States of French and, by implication, European backing for joint defense not only within the North Atlantic Alliance but wherever common Western interests are endangered. Both here and in a stop at Lafayette, La., earlier today, Mr. Giscard d'Estaing spoke at length of the special historic, cultural and linguistic ties between France and Louisiana, emphasizing, however, that people of French tradition here are first of all Americans.

Hijackers Seize a Philippine Jet, Ask for Cash and Flight to Libya

MANILA, May 21 (UPI)—Six gunmen, believed to be rebel Moslems, hijacked a Philippine Air Lines domestic jetliner with more than 100 persons aboard today, demanding a \$375,000 ransom and asked to be flown to Libya. In an apparent attempt to repeat a successful 8,000-mile hijacking last month from Manila to Davao, 450 miles southeast of here, the hijackers diverted it further south to the major seaport city of Zamboanga. Philippine authorities imposed a news blackout and suspended regular flights to Zamboanga. An airline spokesman said that the six hijackers were among the 103 passengers aboard the plane, which had a crew of six. The spokesman said the manifest listed at least 10 foreign passengers, including four persons with Western surnames, three Japanese and three Thais. "Negotiations were in progress" at Zamboanga airport, where authorities deployed three armored personnel carriers on the runway to block the plane from taking off. Three passengers released from the hijacked plane were being sent as emissaries and they told authorities the hijackers demanded a \$375,000 ransom and a long-range DC-8 jet with an international crew for a flight to Libya, aviation sources said. "They're talking and we're trying to solve it as peacefully as possible," one official said, but he declined to give any further details. The sources said the other passengers were described as "doing well" but that negotiations appeared stalled. After several hours, the negotiations were suspended for the night. Earlier reports said that the hijackers were armed with explosives and 45-caliber pistols and that one gun was pointed at the pilot's head while the negotiations were under way. The hijackers were believed to be members of the Moro National Liberation Front, a rebel group fighting for a secessionist Moslem state in the southern Philippines.

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صحنه من الالاح

Conflict in Lebanon Sharpens Rivalries Among the Arab Countries

By JAMES M. MARKHAM
Special to The New York Times

Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, May

The Lebanese civil war has sharpened old rivalries in the Arab world and created some new ones, and the seemingly united Arab camp at the time of the 1973 war against Israel, is now a badly divided one. The analyses of Arab relations are much more profound than before the 1973 war, said a highly informed Arab who came here to observe an Egyptian-Syrian reconciliation meeting that has so far failed to take place.

Saudi Arabia, which has improved its relations with Iraq and Iran and is about to exchange ambassadors with the left-wing Government of Southern Yemen, is beginning to throw its weight into the task of closing the major breach in the Arab camp, the one between Cairo and Damascus.

But the highly fluid Lebanese situation could well keep mediation efforts in a state of urgency, Lebanon is under the control of no one, which makes it a kind of political transmittor of a number of forces, notably the volatile Palestinian guerrilla movement.

Agile Policy by the P.L.O. Indeed, if the civil war has demonstrated anything, it is that the Palestinians insist on remaining at the center of Arab considerations—and that Yasser Arafat's P.L.O. Liberation Organization will go to considerable lengths to preserve its room for maneuver. Originally, the P.L.O. was a fierce ally of Damascus in denouncing what it called the "uncherous" Sinai disengagement agreement between Israel



In a Beirut hospital, a woman comforts her son. Both had been injured during the shelling of civilian areas.

and Egypt last September. Now the P.L.O. is warning to President Anwar el-Sadat, fearful that Syrian dominance in Lebanon would restrict freedom of movement of the Guerrillas and possibly squeeze them into a disadvantageous Middle East settlement.

In resisting Syrian pressures in their home base of Lebanon, the Palestinians have demonstrated again their ability in shunning inter-Arab clashes by also relying on Libya, a major source of arms for the guerrillas.

the Golan Heights unless there is some arrangement including Palestinian demands, has been wrangling with the consequences of the Sinai accord since last fall.

Unable and unready to go to war alone, President Hafez al-Assad last year began cautiously building a "northern front" composed of Syria, Jordan and the Palestinians. But this project has come unmet in Lebanon, where Syria has pressed itself against its presumed Palestinian and left-of-center Lebanese allies.

To many analysts of the Arab scene, Syria's stand in Lebanon is a test of its wider intentions. Above all, Damascus has been fearful that a leftist, openly Moslem Government backed by Libya and Iraq, would come to power in Beirut, turn the erstwhile Switzerland of the Middle East into a radical "confrontation state" with unbridled drive Christian right-wingers to the desperate act of partitioning Lebanon between Christians and Moslems.

If Syria was bent on a radical, war-like policy in the Middle East, many analysts ask, would it have taken this stand in Lebanon?

"You don't think Assad wants a settlement?" asked one Arab, skeptical of the recent declarations emanating from Damascus. "Do you think that a government that has decided to explore every inch of its territory for tourism possibilities is going to war?"

And so Egypt and Syria present a paradox: Still unready, apparently, for public reconciliation but both charting similar courses that seem destined for a negotiated settlement with Israel.

Feuds often turn on personalities. The surprising strength of the Jordanian-Syrian alliance is reportedly the result of warm personal ties that have developed between President Assad and King Hussein, whose armies battled each other in 1970 at the time of the Jordanian-Palestinian fighting.

Likewise, it seems that Mr. Sadat and Mr. Assad just don't like each other very much—a reaction of human chemistry that reflects, however fortuitously, the vying claims of Egypt and Syria for political leadership in the Arab world.

Egypt, however, is extremely sensitive to the wishes of the Saudis, who make the influence of their enormous wealth felt quietly, without bombast or polemics. "Sadat will come to Riyadh if the Saudis want him to," observed one Western diplomat.

The Syrians are also susceptible to economic pressures.

from the Saudis, though somewhat less so than the Egyptians. But for Damascus, coming to Riyadh is almost by definition something of a setback since Cairo has made it plain that it has no intention of renouncing the Sinai agreement, which the Syrian press has steadily attacked as a monumental betrayal.

And if the Sinai accord is not to be discussed, some people are asking what will be the agreement to tone down the Egyptian-Syrian propaganda conflict would ease things a bit. Already there are signs that this is happening.

The search for a common understanding over Lebanon might lessen the killing in that battered little nation, though the situation could remain explosive if the Libyans and the Iraqis were left out.

As always, the Palestinian issue looms over the question of Arab disunity. The Sinai accord did not include the Palestinians, which is one reason they denounced it. Now the Palestinians, rightly or wrongly, feel the pressure for a negotiated settlement with Israel is coming from Syria.

In Lebanon, the guerrilla movement is itself a reflection of major currents in the Arab world and therefore hard pin to come to an agreement over future negotiations. George Habbash, leader of the Marxist Palestinian faction, applauded Mr. Arafat when he took on the Syrians. He just as swiftly attacked the thaw between Cairo and Al Fatah, Mr. Arafat's guerrilla faction.

President Franjeh's removal into the center of focus in the Lebanese crisis. The general called Mr. Franjeh the greatest obstacle to peace in the country.

Mr. Franjeh, under pressure, signed a constitutional amendment that permitted an immediate election of a successor even though his term does not expire until September.

Mr. Franjeh has recently been saying that, contrary to Syrian assurances to the Moslems at the time, he never promised to step down before September. Although he does not perform any visible presidential functions, he is still legally the president.

President-elect Sarkis, with no legal power, started political discussions two days ago with Moslem leaders who had opposed him.

General Ahdab never had any political or military power, and did not seriously try to gain any. He was military commander of Beirut when he strode into the television building on the evening of March 11 and proclaimed himself military governor of the country.

General Ahdab's so-called "coup" on March 11, had the effect of bringing the issue of Aqay.

Beirut General Resigns, Urging That Franjeh Yield Presidency

By HENRY FANNER
Special to The New York Times

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Giscard Offers Troops to Help Lebanon

Continued From Page 1, Col. 8

France was that the United States had given a green light to France to provide the assistance necessary to insure compliance with a new cease-fire.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing's announcements in the last 13 days and quickly violated. Only French troops would be used under French responsibility, without any involvement of the United Nations, the European community or any other international group.

In response to a question, the president said that French troops would not replace Syrian contingents in Lebanon. He said that Syria would be expected not to reinforce its units as the French arrived.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing spoke solemnly of a zone of action for France. But he would not say when he was asked specifically if that meant the French would take positions in the Christian-held parts of the country.

In 1918, French troops occupied Lebanon. Two years later, France began administering Lebanon under a League of Nations mandate. Paris retained control of the country until the end of World War II.

France's strongest ties in the country developed in the community of Maronite Christians, primarily through the influence of French missionaries and teachers.

Though the French formally left the country in 1946, when Lebanon achieved complete independence, Lebanese students have always been required to take French as a second language in secondary school.

U. S. Has No Objection

Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, May 21 — State Department officials said tonight that they had no objection to a French role in Lebanon if that was acceptable to all the Lebanese parties.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing had said at a breakfast news conference here yesterday that France would send troops if invited by the new Lebanese president. He gave no details, however. Tonight officials would not confirm directly that

Rashid Karami, appeared to endorse a political reconciliation and a package of economic reforms. But the agreement later collapsed, the fighting continued.

Early last month, France was again asked, this time by President Anwar el-Sadat of Egypt, to mediate in Lebanon. Mr. Sadat asked that Mr. Couvre de Murville be sent there again. But instead, France dispatched a French expert on Arab affairs, Georges Gorse.

At the time, the French Government stressed that Mr. Gorse would not serve as a mediator, but would seek to make all necessary contacts to assure that a cease-fire then be preserved. But it ultimately was broken.

France's warm relations with Lebanon and strong influence in the country date to the end of World War I, following the collapse of the Turkish Ottoman Empire that had ruled Lebanon since the early 16th century.

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either President Ford of Secretary of State Kissinger had endorsed a French intervention.

A White House spokesman said tonight that the President and Mr. Giscard d'Estaing had mentioned Lebanon in their discussions earlier this week but he added "we cannot at this time get any more specific."

Publicly the United States has urged all outside powers not to intervene in Lebanon militarily. But a State Department official said that this was aimed almost exclusively at Syria and Israel and not at Lebanon.

Sweden to Cut Aid to Cuba
STOCKHOLM, May 21 (UPI)—Sweden has decided to cut its \$13.8 million foreign aid to Cuba to \$9.2 million next year because of Cuban military intervention in the Angolan civil war. The conservative opposition won a Parliament vote on the issue this week.

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ANGOLA DISCLOSES PLAN ON MILITARY

Commissar Reports a Move for Political Control but Neto Calls It Premature

Special to The New York Times

LUANDA, Angola, May 21—A plan published here today calls for the Central Committee of the ruling Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola to assume direct political control over the armed forces, in the pattern of political party control over the armed forces in Communist countries.

The plan was distributed to the press by the national political commissar of the armed forces, who is known only by his nom de guerre, Commander Bakaloff.

Later in the day, President Agostinho Neto, who is commander in chief of the armed forces, issued a statement canceling the report on the political reorganization of the military on the ground that it had been made public "precipitately and without my knowledge."

"It is not customary to reveal through the press the preoccupations, the structure and even the composition of the national defense organs," the President declared.

Official sources said that the plan was still to be reviewed and approved by the National Council of the Revolution, the supreme authority. These sources said that the President's action did not necessarily mean opposition to the contents of the report.

Lack of Political Control

The Defense Minister, Iko Carreira indicated in an interview a few days ago that there was a serious lack of political control to the armed forces. He explained that the fundamental problem was that the Popular Movement had been forced to carry out a broad and hasty mobilization to face the invasion by troops from South Africa and Zaire.

The Popular Movement has a limited number of political officers in the armed forces, he said, adding that many of the recruits were not Popular Movement members and that even criminals had been recruited.

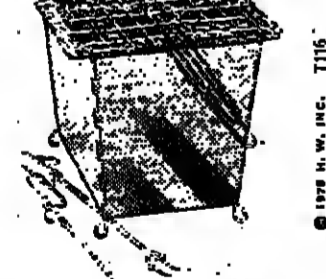
The Defense Minister acknowledged that there was "a certain anarchist feeling" in the armed forces and a "tendency for absolute egalitarianism" with the troops showing little respect for their commanders. There are also problems between those in the military who took part in the long guerrilla war in the countryside and the militants who participated in the clandestine struggle in the cities, he said.

Commander Bakaloff said today that a political restructuring of the armed forces has been done with the political commissariat now functioning as a section of the Popular Movement's Central Committee rather than as a department of the armed forces' general staff.

Rebels Kill 6 Thai Police
BANGKOK, Thailand, May 21 (AP) — Communist guerrillas killed six Thai policemen in an ambush on the Laotian border, the internal security command said today. A spokesman said at least 30 terrorists opened fire yesterday at police posts in the border district of Butariki, 120 miles northeast of Bangkok, killing the six. No guerrilla casualties were reported.

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BACKGAMMON SALE!

One War Over in Angola's Capital, Another On—Against Thefts, Assaults and Short

By MARVINE HOWE
Special to The New York Times

LUANDA, Angola, May 21 —As far as anyone can remember, there have never been so many armed assaults and robberies here in the Angolan capital. "I wasn't scared during the 13 years' war for independence or even through last year's battles in Luanda, but I am now," a militant of the governing Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola admitted the other day. She said her apartment had been ransacked three times in recent months.



The New York Times/May 22, 1976

She refuses to go out alone at night, but quickly adds that there is no place to go. Luanda used to have an exciting nightlife, and some of the best seafood restaurants in the world. But most of the restaurants closed when the Portuguese fled before independence last Nov. 11, and the nightclubs were shut down by the authorities right after independence.

José de Oliveira, who runs a bottled-gas shop, is one of the estimated 50,000 Portuguese who remained here, of an original half-million settlers.

"I've become an exemplary husband," he says with a wry smile. "I stay home and play cards and dominoes with the family and friends and listen to the B.B.C."

He explained that people generally lead quiet lives because there was nothing to do and they were afraid of assaults if they went out. "We don't even go to the beach weekends because we fear the house will be robbed when we are away," he said.

On April 19, thieves broke into Mr. Oliveira's downtown shop, broke open the safe and stole the equivalent of over \$12,000. He said he called the police but they never showed up.

The pro-Government afternoon paper Diario de Luanda has begun a campaign against the crime wave. It blames "reactionary elements" who are trying to undermine the socialist revolution. It has also denounced the rise in alcoholism, the use of drugs by 12- and 14-year-olds, prostitution, vagrancy and "other antisocial behavior" as an at-

tempt "to sabotage our revolution."

Police Chief André Petroff recently acknowledged the increase in delinquency and banditism. He has just returned from a mission abroad to seek technical assistance for Angola's new police force. He said Yugoslavia, East Germany and Algeria had promised training help.

Some of the assaults are said to be the work of armed bands, left over from the civil war, remnants of which in fact are still going on south of here and in the far north. But many of the thefts are attributed to the hungry. There is a severe shortage of food and what there is sells for outrageous prices.

"If things go on like this, I'm going to send my baby to my family in Portugal," said an Angolan Government employee. She complained that she could not find eggs, butter, meat, fruits, vegetables or even potatoes for the soup.

The supermarkets are lined with empty shelves. The only stocks left are powdered milk, tins of Danish cream, powdered coffee, mustard, curry and other spices, pudding mix and hair lacquer. In the central market, a head of cabbage cost over \$6. Long lines start at dawn in front of breadshops and by mid-morning they are generally sold out.

Even the best hotels serve hard gray bread and often run out of butter. They rare-

ly serve fruit and vegetables although this city used to be a tropical garden. Diplomats still have stocks of whiskey and beer, but are short on other drinks.

Angola's biggest problem today, according to just about everybody, is transport. There is no way to ship salt, sugar, flour and other essentials to the hinterland or bring in meat, fruits and vegetables to the capital.

Most of the Portuguese drivers of trucks and taxis fled the country and took their vehicles with them. Many of the vehicles that remain are out of service for lack of spare parts. Of the original 600 taxis in Luanda, only half a dozen are left, and they concentrate on lucrative out-of-town trips.

Prime Minister Lopo de Nascimento lashed out at the sacking of transports a few days ago. He said, for example, that Luanda needed a minimum of 250 buses, and had only 18 in operation. There are plans to buy 200 buses from Brazil. And Sweden and Yugoslavia have

offered credits to help the country out of its transport plight.

Meanwhile, there is talk of a food crisis because most of the country's bridges were destroyed during the fighting. A Belgian charter company is expected to haul food from the south to Luanda and to points north, where the situation is said to be so bad that people are eating grass.

An indirect result of the transport problem is the piling up of litter. Luanda's main morning paper, the Jornal de Angola, reported last week that streets were so dirty that there could be health problems. Authorities acknowledge a breakdown in the fleet of garbage trucks essentially because of the absence of repairmen and the lack of parts. The municipality announced it would be buying new garbage trucks from a German concern in three months.

For now, workers' committees and neighborhood committees have been called on to mobilize their forces to

fight the common enemy: those against garbage. But the battle cry is not exactly as stirring as and has stirred it.

those against and rickshaws and has stirred it.



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Indo-Caucasian	9x11,4	1500.
Chinese, Semi. Antq.	8,4x11,7	1800.
Sarouk, Semi. Antq.	10,5x13,4	1700.
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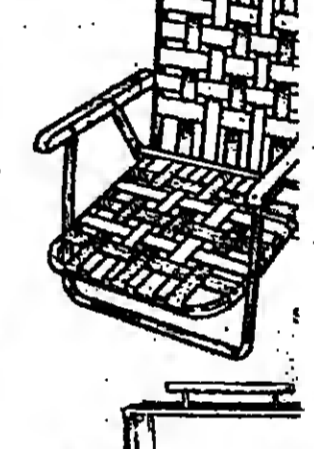
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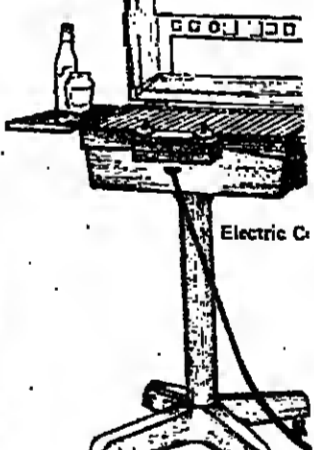
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GIANT HASSOCK ICE TUB
Extra-large natural cork 5 gallon ice bucket, with brown leather tote strap. Holds 18 to 22 ice trays — enough to last the day. Use as a table or hassock at poolside or patio, on picnics or at the beach. 17" high, 15" diameter.

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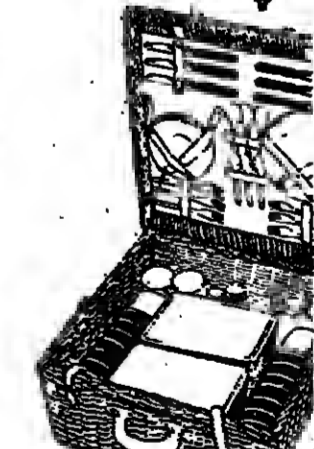
Giant Hassock Ice Tub



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AIR COOLED CAR SEAT
Has an electric blower to circulate the breezes through seat and back. Keeps driver cool and dry on hot, humid days. Plugs into cigarette lighter, no installation necessary. Black only.

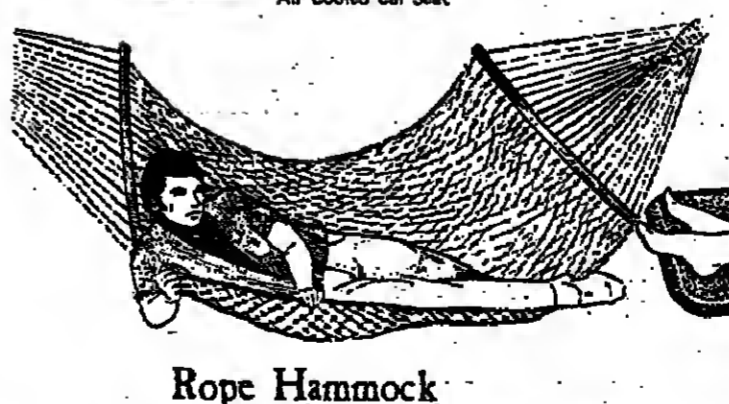
19.95
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English Tailgaters

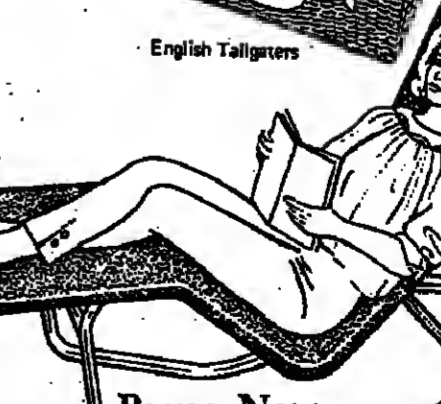
ENGLISH TAILGATERS
Wicker baskets with table service. Six plates, cups, saucers, stainless steel flatware, 2, 26 oz. vacuum jugs, 2 sandwich boxes, 5 condiment jars, 19x18x8" By Invento.

119.50
Service for 4, 2 pt. jugs, 10x14x8" 89.50
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Portable Metal Stand with chain for 42x74" 3-point hammock only 24.95
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Barwa Napper

A two-position chair that's shaped to cradle you as you relax. Molded in lightweight tubular aluminum, and a piece of tough resilient canvas. Gentle body press just the Napper from lounging to feet-high. Choose green or blue.
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Nations Caused by
Commodity Issue

HAEL T. KAUFMAN
Ad to The New York Times
Nairobi, Kenya, May 21—
The issue of how to regulate
commodity prices has touched
nations attending a
conference on economic con-
ference and both groups
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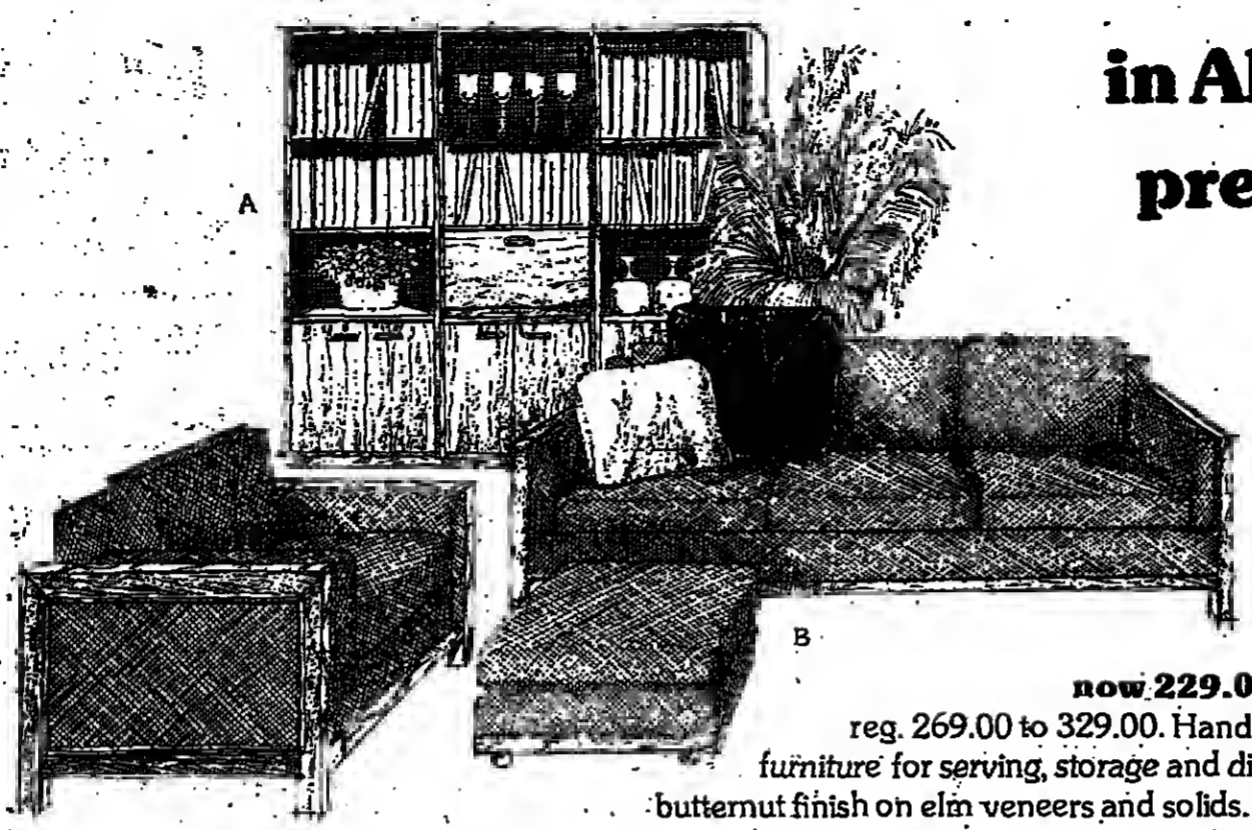
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Just 7* more days to save

**in Altman's
pre-summer sale of
Furniture & Bedding**



A. Save on modern wall units
now **229.00 to 279.00**

reg. 269.00 to 329.00. Handsome, roomy furniture for serving, storage and display. Warm butternut finish on elm veneers and solids. By Homer. Shown from a collection:

Two-door library unit	Reg. 269.00	Now 229.00	Open library unit	Reg. 269.00	Now 229.00
Study unit	279.00	239.00	Each measures 15x30x76"		

B. Save on modern seating plans that match the units
above now **99.00 to 319.00** reg. 119.00 to 369.00

Complete your living room, den or study with comfortable, coordinated upholstered furniture by Homer. Butternut-finished elm veneers and solids. Tweed covers in fashionable beige/oatmeal/earth tone neutrals. Easy-care Herculon® olefin. Cushions are reversible, except the ottoman. 4-weeks delivery.

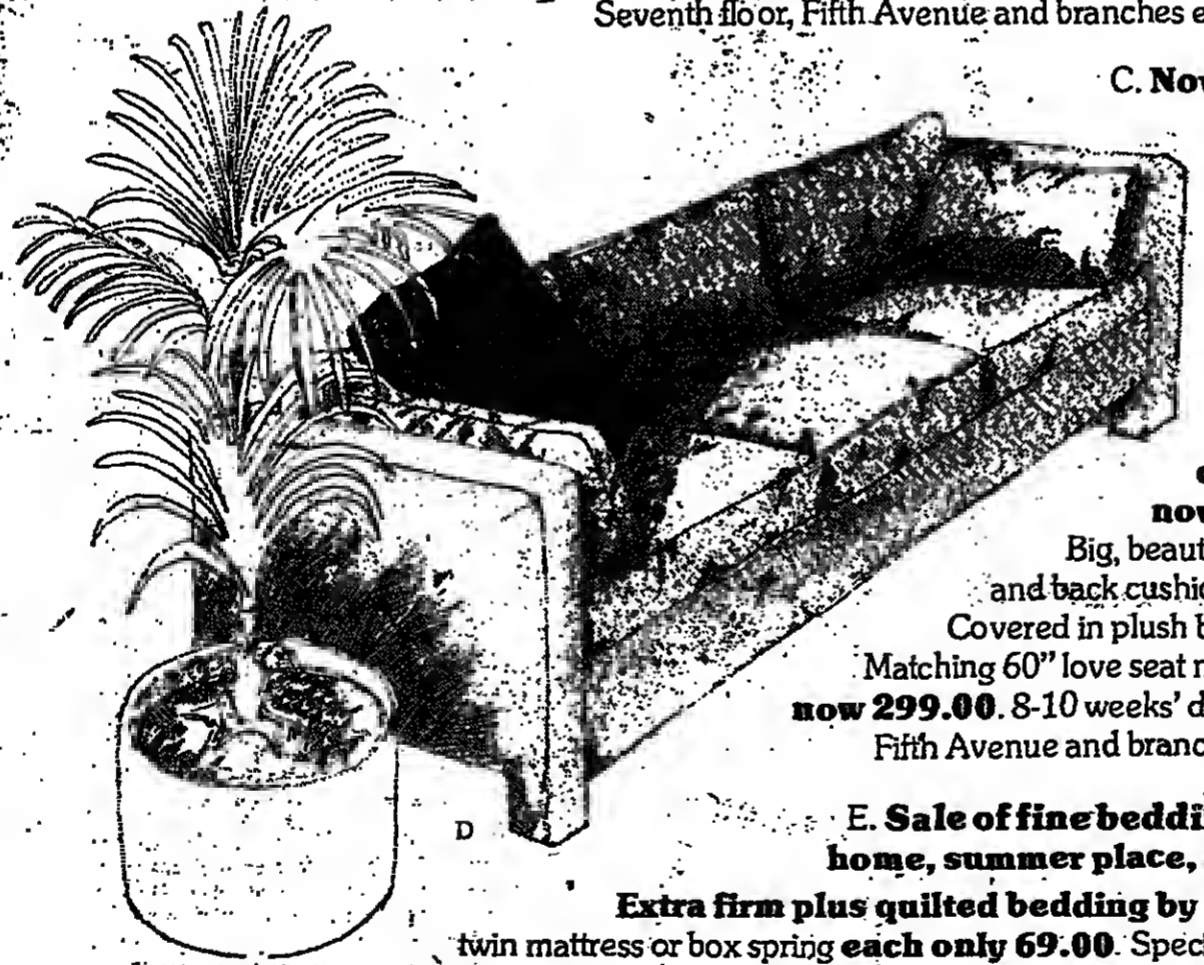
Sofa, 85x32 1/2x29"	Reg. 369.00	Now 319.00	Not shown:	Reg. 299.00	Now 259.00
Chair, 37x32 1/2x29"	249.00	209.00	Love seat, 61x32 1/2x29"		
Ottoman on casters 24x24x16"	119.00	99.00			

Seventh floor, Fifth Avenue and branches except St. Davids.



C. Now 189.00 each. Save 50.00 to 70.00 on luxurious wing chairs reg. 239.00 to 259.00

Choose your fabric from a special group. As shown from a collection, Queen Anne style (left) with turned front legs, reg. 239.00. Chippendale style (right) with straight legs and stretcher base, reg. 259.00. Other fabrics and grades at higher prices. 8 to 10 weeks' delivery. Seventh floor, Fifth Avenue and branches.



D. Save a big 140.00 on this classic Parsons style sofa
now **399.00** reg. 539.00

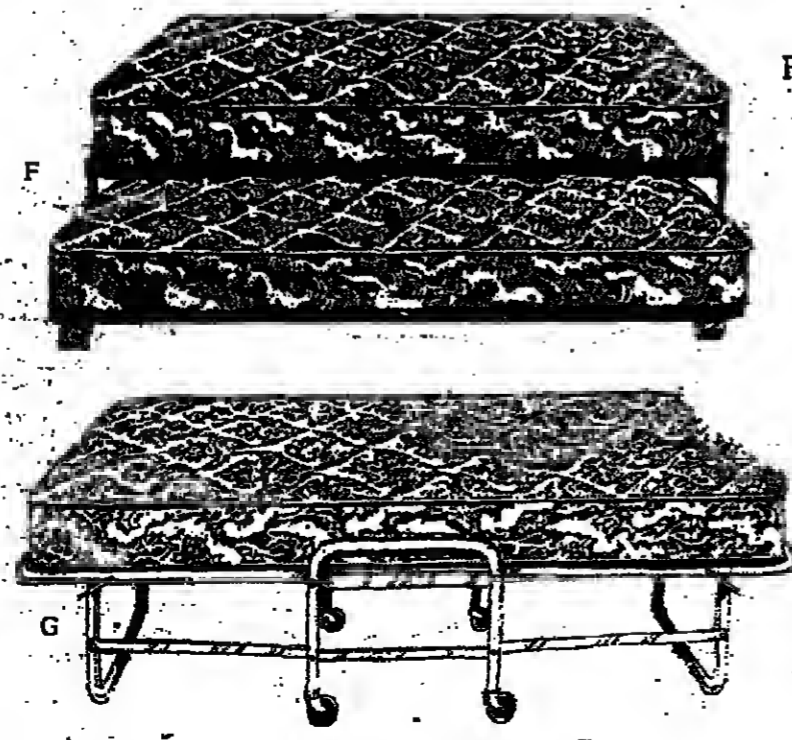
Big, beautiful, 87" sofa with loose seat and back cushions, plump arm bolsters. Covered in plush brown cotton velvet. Matching 60" love seat not shown, reg. 459.00 now **299.00**. 8-10 weeks' delivery. Seventh floor, Fifth Avenue and branches.

E. Sale of fine bedding for your home, summer place, guests.

Extra firm plus quilted bedding by Stearns & Foster
twin mattress or box spring **each only 69.00**. Specially purchased. Steel innerspring mattress is upholstered of compressed cotton over insulating pad, topped with 3/8" Marvelux® foam. All quilted to a floral print cotton cover. Matching box spring is Weight Balanced®, constructed of sturdy steel coils with grid top for overall support. Full size mattress or box spring, **each only 89.00**. Queen size 60x80" 2-pc. set only **249.00**. King size 77x80" 3-pc. set only **319.00**



F. Sale 33" equal size Camelot hi-riser complete
only 219.00 reg. 269.95 You save 50.95. Quilted extra-firm mattresses are upholstered in blended cotton felt and urethane foam, covered in cotton print, cradled in a sturdy steel frame with rug rollers. By Sealy. Sleeps two. 66x75".



G. Sale twin foldaway bed only 89.00 reg. 109.95. 6" urethane foam quilted mattress 37x72" folds into a strong zinc-plated tubular steel frame. Opens and closes automatically to 16x46x39". Also adjusts to semi-reclining position. Easy to store. Bedding, seventh floor, Fifth Avenue and branches.

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Canadian Labor Plans to Take A More Activist Role in Politics

By ROBERT TRUMBULL
 Special to The New York Times

QUEBEC, May 21—Organized labor in Canada has formally adopted a new activist role in politics, reversing a previous policy.

The new program, endorsed overwhelmingly by a vote of the 2,400 delegates to the convention of the Canadian Labor Congress here, calls for more direct participation by unionists in the councils of the New Democratic Party, a socialist group that regards itself the voice of the working class.

Representing more than two million workers, the Labor Congress is already a formidable political force, but had achieved a direct party role only last year.

Meeting With Trudeau
 Joseph Morris, the new president, and other congress executives are to meet with Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau, Labor Minister John Munro and other Cabinet members next month, at Mr. Munro's invitation, to discuss a full range of economic and social policies. The invitation followed a congress demand for an equal voice with Government and industry in setting future national programs.

In Parliament the New Democrats held the balance of power in Mr. Trudeau's minority government between 1972 and 1974. But its parliamentary representation dropped from 31 seats to 16 in the 1974 electoral landslide for Mr. Trudeau and his Liberal Party.

The party still holds office in the provinces of Manitoba and Saskatchewan and governed British Columbia until its defeat in the December election there.

When the New Democratic Party was founded 15 years ago, with the support of the Canadian Labor Congress, the union organization took the view that labor should avoid seeming to dominate party affairs for fear of weakening the group's potential general appeal.

The result of this policy, according to criticism aired here, was party control by "intellectuals," whose interests were not always those of labor. The solution, said Clive Ballentine, business manager of the big Toronto Building Trades Council, was for the unions to play a more decisive role in party affairs.

Organized labor has especially criticized the acceptance by New Democratic governments in Manitoba and Saskatchewan of the wage controls embodied in the Trudeau Government's anti-inflation program, which the congress bitterly opposes.

"We have to get our people in and get them into line," said George Semeniuk, president of the 60,000-member Saskatchewan Federation of Labor. He said that of 80 delegates attending the last convention of the provincial New Democratic Party only 70 were trade unionists.

The congress convention, which ended today, instructed its officers and executive council members "to work in closest liaison with the Federal N.D.P. caucus and the federal executive of the party," and asked those barred from political activity by law, to "rally the fullest possible support" for the party.

A resolution also called upon local unions to assist local New Democratic candidates with financial as well as personal support.

SUMMER IS FOR KIDS HELP THE FRESH-AIR FUND



EILEEN FORD, founder and head of the world's largest model agency, revealed how she lost 16 pounds in only 21 days.

Revealed: How the glamorous boss of the world's largest model agency created her own special formula to

LOSE 16 POUNDS
2 INCHES FROM WAIST • 3 INCHES FROM THIGH
IN ONLY 21 DAYS

THIS PLAN MUST WORK FOR YOU, TOO, OR IT DOESN'T COST YOU A PENNY

By Eileen Ford
 "Overweight, out of shape, and looking older than you are doesn't happen overnight. You can't diet yourself for years. But you can no longer hide your weight from your own eyes."

"It's a frustrating day for any woman. But, if you're Eileen Ford, head of the world's largest model agency, it's also downright embarrassing."

"Not only am I surrounded by beautiful women all day long, but everyone knows how critical I've been of women over 30 who let themselves slide. Yet, I let the same thing happen to me."

"And to make matters worse, my husband picked just this time to shed 20 pounds. With his longer hair and new clothes he looked younger than he had in years. All the models were taking about it."

Yes, Eileen Ford found herself over forty and overweight. She was determined to make a comeback and gave herself three weeks to do it. And she did it. Spectacularly! She trimmed off 16 pounds in 21 days, gained off two inches from her waist and 3 from her thighs. Her skin size went from size 32 to size 30 in those few weeks.



Imagine! Even if you love good food and hate to exercise, in just 3 weeks you can...

ALL McGraw, Jane Fonda, Candice Bergen As agent to such famous models and actresses as Lauren Hutton, Ali McGraw, Jane Fonda, a Candice Bergen, Eileen Ford bares all the secrets of being beautiful—some never revealed before. She calls it a post-graduate course in glamour: an incredibly painless way to make yourself a woman you want to be.

Dine Like Royalty While Pounds Drop
 Mrs. Ford has eaten in the world's best restaurants and has never known how they do it. "Healthy food is one of the cornerstones of a happy life," she says, "and continues, 'Diet is pain. Food is great.'"

So she searched through her notes on foods she ate around the world and selected the recipes that only would help take off weight, but these were delicious, too.

Mrs. Ford provides you with menus for every one of the 21-day program. Meals so delectably tasty your family will never know they are dieting. In a plan that permits alcoholic beverages if you snack between meals, a rich variety of fiber sources. Naturally, there are some restrictions, you'll be eating so well you'll hardly notice them.

Best of all, perhaps, Eileen Ford says you may go back to your old, old-fashioned way of eating. So the new you at the end of the three-week program can be the new you for the rest of your life!

Just 3 Weeks To A More Beautiful You
 In her new program, Eileen Ford reveals the step-by-step, day-by-day plan that she used to lose 16 pounds, care-free, and exercise.

★ IF YOU LOVE FOOD You'll discover how to prepare delicious filling meals that work in your stomach as they melt off pounds of fat. You'll learn the secrets of the world's most beautiful people. For example, you'll see how breaking in a certain way actually helps burn up calories. Here is the right way to eat, and things you're doing wrong. How to trim down a thickening waist effortlessly.

★ IF YOU HATE EXERCISE Eileen Ford introduces you to the simple stretching movements and exercises that are the world's most beautiful people. For example, you'll see how breaking in a certain way actually helps burn up calories. Here is the right way to eat, and things you're doing wrong. How to trim down a thickening waist effortlessly.

★ IF YOU WANT GLAMOUR THE EASY WAY Eileen Ford discloses secrets she has revealed before only to great beauty queens like Jane Fonda, Ali McGraw, and Candice Bergen. You'll discover how to accentuate your best features, while playing down the others. How to achieve the most dramatic effects on a make-up budget. It's a post-graduate course in personal beauty care.

- How Many Of These Models' Tricks Do You Know?
- This program is different from any other because it offers so much more than any other slimming plan. It offers a complete make-over beauty program that virtually guarantees a slimmer, more attractive you in only 21 days!
- The 3 common kitchen-parity tricks that can give you a glorious facial for only pennies!
 - The easy professional way to bring the bluish of health to your skin? In 10-minutes an every ready complexion!
 - The simple word you must practice with to develop a truly sexy mouth? Plus an instantly understood trick of speaking that gives your voice a sensual, exciting quality!
 - The right way to use fake lashes? (Hint: first you destroy them with a razor blade.)
 - The incredible ice water trick that guarantees a glorious year-round tan?
 - How to heat the "hizzies" at home—without costly professional help? The first thing models do to comfort when they buy them.
 - The fantastically simple way to have long, glamorous fingernails—easily! (Hint: You buy the material from a dental supply house.)
 - The Cleopatra bath? It leaves skin smooth and velvety-soft. The crazy ingredients and how you use them will surprise you.
 - The simple, 5-minute-a-day trick that will cure most backaches?

USE THE ENTIRE PLAN FOR 21 DAYS WITHOUT RISKING A CENT

About her program, Eileen Ford states flatly: "I can and will re-make you in three short weeks. 7 days and you'll be a new woman. 14 days and you'll enjoy every minute of care you give you and every beautiful you eat." So, order today, this firm promise: You must be thoroughly satisfied with the new you at the end of the 21-day program or return the program for a 100% refund of the \$19.95. That's how certain we are.

Eileen Ford's remarkable program can work wonders for you, too. But make no mistake, it is a results plan that will work only if you use it as directed. You'll receive a complete 21-day program, more attractive, and happier every time you pass a mirror.

And in the next three important weeks, you'll pick up so much more that will stand you in good stead the rest of your life.

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FOR YOUR ENTIRE FAMILY
P.S. Answer Eileen Ford's Program to a 21-day diet in you, it will work for your husband and children, too. Choose the plan that best suits your needs. As a bonus, they'll never know you've restricted them as a dieting new way of life.

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Aaron Willard was a globe clockmaker of Boston, Mass., who accumulated a sizable fortune through his superior skill in design and manufacture. The name of the tall clock has reputation as many of the finest homes of his era. Willard made the original about 1785 in his shop on Boston Harbor when the spirit of adventure and when European clockmakers inspired the unusual dial with the ship that sailed with every stroke of the pendulum. It now stands in the Decorative Arts Gallery of the Henry Ford Museum. The original is 24 1/2 feet high. The reproduction has been reduced to 15 1/2 feet, with all parts scaled accordingly, so it will fit comfortably in your home. Examine care has been taken to reproduce faithfully the length of the seconds hand pendulum, Case Mahogany, Micrometric-Minutestimer, Seconds Boat Length Pendulum, Rocking Sing Dial.

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I.O. Ends Talks on Israeli-Held Land

to The New York Times
 May 21—The World Health Organization ended its assembly here today as delegates from 117 Arab countries had support during the anti-Israel drive lost at this assembly for an Asian member.

rejection out of hand of a report by an expert committee on health conditions in the Arab territories occupied by Israel since the 1967 war was the main cause for the reduced support for the Arab position. The three-man committee of doctors named by Tanzania, Indonesia and Senegal was established by the 1973 assembly at the instigation of the Arabs. However, Israel refused to receive the group primarily because Indonesia and Senegal did not maintain diplomatic relations with Tel Aviv. Instead, Israel this year invited each of the three experts individually to make separate tours of the occupied territories. They did so, each accompanied by an official of the World Health Organization.

physicians prepared a joint report, but it was rejected here last Monday as "inadmissible" by a majority vote of Arab and other third-world countries and Communist nations. The reason given for the rejection was that the committee had failed to fulfill its mandate by not going to the occupied territories as a unit. But, in the view of many delegates, the real cause of the Arab ire was that the report, while critical of some aspects of the health services provided in these territories, indicated that to balance health care had progressed during the Israeli administration. While rejecting the report, the majority used procedural moves to block all discussion of it and then on Wednesday approved a resolution calling for another survey in the occupied territories by the special committee as a unit. They also threatened to suspend Israel's voting rights and other membership privileges unless the committee is admitted.

Thai Government Seeking to Foster Domestic Stability

By DAVID A. ANDELMAN
 Special to The New York Times

OK, Thailand, May 21—Prime Minister Seni Pramoj said today that his new coalition government was embarked on a broad program of domestic stability. He said that the only way to bring about stability was to get rid of the military. He said that he had strongly urged the Arab moves in his order statements, the diplomat expressed his view that the Arab

rejection out of hand of a report by an expert committee on health conditions in the Arab territories occupied by Israel since the 1967 war was the main cause for the reduced support for the Arab position. The three-man committee of doctors named by Tanzania, Indonesia and Senegal was established by the 1973 assembly at the instigation of the Arabs. However, Israel refused to receive the group primarily because Indonesia and Senegal did not maintain diplomatic relations with Tel Aviv. Instead, Israel this year invited each of the three experts individually to make separate tours of the occupied territories. They did so, each accompanied by an official of the World Health Organization.

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Mr. Pramoj, who is 71 years old, has been Prime Minister twice before, serving for the first time from September 1945 to January 1948. "Why is Bangkok so quiet these days?" Mr. Seni was asked. "I think they are just waiting," he replied. "Waiting are many potential opponents—the students who want to see all American forces out of Thailand; the farmers; the unemployed; the rural and urban poor who want to see what will really be done about land reform and the price of rice; and Thailand's Communist neighbors in Indochina."

Scranton Assails Action of U.N. Health Agency
 UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., May 21—The chief United States delegate, William W. Scranton, today denounced recent action by the World Health Organization regarding Israel as a "gross political interference in matters of health care."

Mayor of Italian Quake Area Quits After Press Criticism
 UDINE, Italy, May 21 (Reuters)—The Communist mayor of a northeast Italian town hit by the violent earthquake two weeks ago has resigned over newspaper allegations that he may have been responsible for the collapse of an apartment house that killed 92 people.

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Scranton's 2-Month Report Card at the U.N. Shows High Marks

By PAUL HOFMANN
Special to The New York Times
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., May 21—The French Ambassador remarked at a reception the other day that the new chief United States delegate, William W. Scranton, was "much superior" to his immediate predecessors. And, although one Asian ambassador who didn't want to be identified questioned whether Mr. Scranton actually grasped foreign affairs, conversations with two dozen delegates have yielded a consensus Mr. Scranton deserved high marks for courtesy and restraint. Most of the foreign envoys who were questioned about the performance of the new American representative credited him with having brought about a noticeable abatement of the "confrontational" atmosphere at the United Nations since he took over from Daniel P. Moynihan two months ago.



William W. Scranton by his seat at the Security Council

More Relaxed Mood
A symptom of the more relaxed mood was seen in the ease with which the United States obtained postponement of a decision on United Nations membership for Angola that was unwelcome to Washington right now. The new Soviet-backed rulers of the former Portuguese colony formally requested admission on April 22. The application was to have been considered by the Security Council on May 11. But the meeting was quietly put off when Mr. Scranton let the other members of the 15-nation body know he had no instructions from Washington.

Actually, the Administration was under attack from such conservative as former Gov. Ronald Reagan because of its Africa policy. Acquiescence in a Security Council recommendation to admit Angola to the United Nations while Cuban troops were still stationed in that country might have given President Ford's challenger new ammunition.

Tanzanian Helps
The United States has the power to veto the Angolan application, but such a move could adversely affect its relations with other African countries at a time when Washington is striving to win new influence in the area. Mr. Scranton enlisted the help of the Tanzanian chief delegate, Saim A. Salim, who pulls considerable weight behind the scenes, and of other third-world diplomats.

The Angolan Government in Luanda was persuaded to let the United Nations know that its application for membership was not really all that urgent because even if it was granted by the Security Council, Angola could not be formally voted into the world organization before the General Assembly convened late in September. Several diplomats observed privately that Mr. Moynihan might have used the Angolan affair to lecture the third world on democracy and decency.

Mr. Moynihan came to the United Nations last summer as the man who would talk back whenever the third world went on one of its periodic sprees of denigrating the United States. He lived up to his advance billing for a few lively months.

Diplomats Were Wary
Mr. Moynihan's bluntness and his forceful espousal of Israel's cause won him great popularity in the nation at large. His flamboyance did not go over well with other diplomats. One of Mr. Moynihan's fellow delegates, Ivor Richard of Britain, publicly alluded to him as a trigger-happy Wyatt Earp.

When Mr. Scranton moved into the 11th-floor office at the United Nations mission opposite United Nations headquarters in March, he said

he was in basic agreement with Mr. Moynihan, was indeed "a strong adherent" of his predecessor, but was "not the same kind of person," and had a different style.

A former governor of Pennsylvania, the new American delegate, who is 59 years old and a millionaire, was preceded by a reputation for a soft-spoken manner, negotiating skills from his law training and considerable political savvy and influence. At his first appearance in the Security Council, Mr. Scranton sounded a conciliatory note, urging delegates from all countries to "talk with me." The next day, in his first formal address, Mr. Scranton discussed Middle East problems, and declared that the Jewish settlements in Israeli-held Arab territories were an obstacle to peace.

Praise From Arabs
Arab diplomats lauded what they said was a new "tone" that Mr. Scranton had introduced in the debates on the Middle East, although they must have known that he was following instructions from Washington. They also recalled that Mr. Scranton, after a mission to the Middle East in 1968, had advocated a more "evenhanded" American policy in that region.

Mr. Scranton's Security Council debut, with its implied criticism of Israeli policies, alarmed Israel's Government. Official explanations were requested, and obtained, in Washington.

The Administration assured Israel that its Middle East policy had not changed. Mr. Scranton said so himself to anyone who cared to ask him privately.

American foreign policy is not determined by diplomats. They must follow State Department instructions, although they may formulate recommendations as, as the present jargon goes, provide input.



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first two months at the United Nations, Mr. Scranton estimates he has met with at least 60 of the 144 chief delegates.

Dinner Diplomacy
Some of Mr. Scranton's personal diplomacy is being done at informal dinner parties in his official suite at the Waldorf Towers. At these parties the Scrantons serve American and French wines and such homey specialties as deep-dish blueberry pie.

One guest at a recent diplomatic Waldorf Towers affair was Cyrus R. Vance, the former secretary of the army, who is a Democrat. Mr. Scranton told his guests, including a few foreign ambassadors, that Mr. Vance might well become Secretary of State if Jimmy Carter won the Presidency. Mr. Scranton and Mr. Vance were classmates at Yale University, and have remained friends.

Asked about his political ambitions, if any, Mr. Scranton replied: "I have never

looked for a Government career. I am not running for elective office." However, he allowed, he would "do anything I felt I had to do."

Mr. Scranton goes to Washington every other week to touch base with high officials at the State Department, and maybe Secretary of State Kissinger and the President. In a political role rarely assumed by American diplomats, he agreed to serve as a delegate for his home state, Pennsylvania, at the Republican National Convention and to fight for President Ford's nomination.

A Great Welcome
The Asian ambassador who voiced some doubts as to Mr. Scranton's grasp of world politics said that he nevertheless had found a "great welcome simply because he was a change from Mr. Moynihan." But by now, the Asian declared, Mr. Scranton was on his own and had to prove himself. Other foreign diplomats

who have talked with Mr. Scranton appeared to have homework and to be briefed. Members of the State mission by new chief's staff "It's a real pleasure for such a person, official who isn't hyperbole."

The new United States representative, who has Africa before, plan that continent from to July 2. He intends to visit countries that of State Henry A. did not visit during trip, and to Tanzania was on Mr. Kissinger's.

Mr. Scranton said developed great respect for the intellectual quality of most of the delegates. "It's not that the United Nations the way it does," Scranton. "It's the s

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Grievances Muted on Juan Carlos Tour of Realm

By HENRY KAMM
Special to The New York Times

OVIEDO, Spain, May 19—Whatever the political grievances of the Spanish people, they are not raised in the presence of King Juan Carlos I when he tours his realm.

They almost were on one occasion during the King's two-day visit to Asturias, a northern industrial region of iron and coal mines and steel mills, of frequent labor unrest and a tradition of leftist politics. But the royal progress was smoothly diverted, probably without the King's knowledge, and the 200 or so demonstrators dispersed before the police could intervene.

What the King saw and heard was adulation that often rose to enthusiasm. Cheering crowds packed tightly into principal squares, their faces turned up to him and his Queen, Sofia, on the balconies of grimy town halls.

Mayors presented ceremonial

flowers for the Queen, undying loyalty was sworn. Substantive matters were limited to requests for more schools and roads and industrial investments by the Government. King Juan Carlos responded in equally general terms and kept his commitments to help unspecified.

A Smile From Queen

But those who came to cheer hardly listened to the mayors' speeches or the King's replies. "We need a new university here," said the Mayor of Gijón, a port city north of this provincial capital. "So-far-so-far!" the crowd chanted in non-response, appealing for a wave and a smile from the Queen.

If there was anyone the crowd acclaimed more than the King it was the Queen. The slim, blonde, 37-year-old sister of deposed King Constantine of Greece found it as difficult to keep from exchanging smiles with the demonstratively affectionate crowds as her normally glum-faced husband finds it to smile.

On the strength of Queen Sofia's two-day exposure to the Asturian crowds, which, she said privately, she expected to be cold and reserved, it appears evident that she has a popular appeal that is not without political importance. It helps bolster a monarchy that appears to

be generally accepted for the time being without having as yet passed the severe tests of Spain's transition from four decades of Francoism.

While thousands crowded streets and squares, youth centers and cathedrals to see the royal couple, many stayed home. Everywhere women and children appeared more numerous than men. In this city, university youths seemed remarkably rare in the crowd.

Those with whom King Juan Carlos and Sofia had more than fleeting contacts appeared uniformly to be the middle-aged or more prosperous and self-assured pillars and beneficiaries of the Franco regime.

Miners React Coolly

At a coal mine nearby, the cheering appeared limited to management and office staff. Miners reacted coolly, some demonstratively so. None showed or expressed hostility, however.

But while the royal couple spent an hour below ground, miners, looking about furtively at the heavy display of security forces in uniform and plain clothes, said they were indifferent to royalty in general and their King and Queen in particular.

They voiced strongly negative opinions of the Government of Prime Minister Car-

Arias Navarro, who was at the King's side throughout the tour. In their view, Mr. Arias represents the continuity of Francoism six months after Franco's death.

"Miners ask for justice, bread and liberty," one said, in criticism of the Government. The mine was on strike from December to March, and miners complained that they had not yet received the 24 percent wage increase that they had won.

Royal Party Is Warned

If the royal procession had not been hastily rerouted on its way through Gijón, it would have come up against about 200 demonstrators in the working-class district of La Calzada. With slogans and signs, the demonstrators demanded liberty for political prisoners, free trade unions, the rehiring of workers dismissed for labor and political activities and the reopening of a recently banned community group that had voiced such demands.


But someone tipped off the royal party, a Roman Catholic priest rushed to warn the demonstrators that the police were on their way and the King returned to Madrid tonight having faced tens of thousands of his people without having been confronted with the basic unresolved issues of his country.

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SPANISH KING MEETS WITH EXILED FATHER

MADRID, May 21 (AP)—King Juan Carlos I met privately today with his exiled father, Don Juan, and was reported to have sought his support for a more liberal policy to run the post-Franco Spain.

A spokesman for Don Juan, longtime pretender to the throne who broke years ago with Franco, his son's benefactor, said that both father and son were agreed that Juan Carlos should continue meeting with the Government's political opposition.

The 88-year-old King began talking with center-leftists 10 days ago in a sharp break with the policies of Franco, who for nearly four decades refused to recognize anyone but loyal rightists.

Don Juan, 62, who arrived in Madrid from his home in Portugal, was met by the King and was taken to a private lunch at the monarch's Zarzuela Palace.

Informed Government sources said the King was expected to talk politics with his father and try to persuade him to yield his claim to succession to the crown, Juan Carlos installed as Spain's King last Nov. 22 after Franco's death, was said to feel support from his father would ease the new regime's battle to effect democratic reforms.

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Text of Communique of NATO Foreign Ministers' Oslo Talk

OSLO, May 21 (AP)—Following is the official English language text of the communique issued today following the ministerial meeting of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

[1] The North Atlantic Council met in ministerial session in Oslo on 20th and 21st May 1976. Ministers reaffirmed their adherence to the central purposes of the alliance and their determination to maintain and, where necessary, enhance the cooperation and solidarity of the allies, as well as their deterrent and defensive strength. Only if the security of the peoples of the alliance is guaranteed in this way, can East-West relations continue to improve.

[2] After reviewing recent trends in East-West relations, ministers agreed that, while there were certain encouraging aspects, others gave cause for concern. They remained convinced that Allied Governments, intent on building a more constructive and stable relationship with the East, must continue to strive for a relaxation of tensions and to try to devise further practical measures of cooperation in areas of common interest while preserving the cohesion and strength of the alliance. They stated that such a policy, entailing a dialogue attuned to current realities, has the full support of the member countries.

However, the pursuit of a genuine and durable detente is possible only if all states concerned exercise restraint both in their relations with each other and in their actions in other parts of the world. The necessary confidence would not be established between East and West if crises and tensions were to be avoided in Europe only to appear elsewhere. In this regard, ministers underlined that all signatories of the final act of CSCE (the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe) Helsinki have recognized the close link between peace and security in Europe and in the world as a whole.

Accordingly, ministers felt that they must once again voice their concern at the sustained growth in the Warsaw Pact countries' military power, on land, at sea and in the air beyond levels apparently justified for defensive purposes. Should this trend continue it could lead to an arms race of dangerous dimensions. Ministers, again stressed the determination of their governments to take the measures necessary to maintain and improve the efficiency of their forces, as an

essential safeguard for the security of member countries whether against military aggression or political pressure.

[3] Ministers examined the progress made in implementing the provisions of the final act of the CSCE. They emphasized the importance they attach to full implementation of all parts of the Helsinki final act by all signatories, so that its benefits may be felt not only in relations between states but also in the lives of individuals. Ministers recognized that some steps have been taken affecting human contacts and working conditions of journalists. However, in view of the importance of what still remains to be done, they expressed the hope that progress in this field would gather momentum during the coming months and that progress would also be recorded in cooperation in economic relations and in other spheres, as well as in the observance of the principles governing relations between participating states.

In the field of confidence-building measures, they noted that a number of military maneuvers in Europe had been notified and observers had been invited to some of them. They stated their intention to continue fully to comply with the relevant provisions of the final act and expressed the expectation that all signatories would do the same.

Ministers expressed the view that the meeting to be held in Belgrade in 1977 would provide an opportunity not only to exchange views on the implementation of the final act of the CSCE, but also to consider the further progress that could be made toward the objectives agreed on in Helsinki.

[4] Ministers heard a report from the United States Secretary of State on the continuing United States efforts toward the further limitation of strategic offensive arms and toward the achievement of a SALT agreement. The ministers discussed how the negotiations affect common security interest. They expressed the hope that further effort would lead to the resolution of outstanding issues and to the conclusion of a satisfactory SALT agreement. The ministers also underlined the value of continuing consultations within the alliance with respect to SALT.

[5] The ministers of those countries that participate in Vienna negotiations on Mutual and Balanced Force

Reductions (MBFR) reviewed the state of these negotiations. They again stressed that MBFR must result in eliminating the ground force manpower disparity in Central Europe and in mitigating the disparity in main battle tanks if the agreed aim of contributing to a more stable relationship and to the strengthening of peace and security in Europe is to be achieved. They reiterated, therefore, the importance they attach to the Western proposal to establish, in the areas of reductions, approximate parity in ground forces in the form of a common collective ceiling for ground force manpower on each side and to reduce the disparity in tanks. As proposed by the Western allies, agreement to the goal of a common collective ceiling and reductions of American and Soviet ground forces in the first phase would be an important and practical first step leading to a common collective ceiling in the second phase.

These ministers expressed their continuing resolve to press for achievement of the objectives of the Western participants. They recalled their important specific additional offer of December 1975, which was made conditional upon agreement to the objectives as set out in the Western proposals. They expressed the hope that this would be given the most serious consideration.

The ministers reaffirmed their conviction that their proposals provide a reasonable foundation for a just and equitable agreement that could in its turn constitute an indispensable contribution to a further relaxation of tensions. These ministers are convinced that the realization of the aims pursued by the West in the negotiations would lead to a more stable military situation that would ensure undiminished security for all countries concerned and would thus be to the advantage of both sides.

These ministers noted with satisfaction that solidarity is fully maintained and that public opinion in their countries supports the Western position as logical and fair. They reaffirmed the principle that NATO forces should not be reduced except in the context of Mutual and Balanced Force Reductions agreements.

[6] The ministers reviewed the developments relating to Berlin and Germany as a whole since their last meeting in December 1975. They took note of the agreements concluded on

19th December, 1975, by the two German states, agreements that will bring, in the interest of the German people, further improvements to the traffic to and from Berlin.

As regards Berlin, the ministers discussed the further experience gained in the implementation of the quadripartite agreement of 3rd September, 1971, and especially of those provisions of the agreement that concern the Western sectors of Berlin. They noted, in particular, that the provisions of this agreement, which concern the traffic to and from Berlin, were being implemented in a satisfactory way.

Noting that Berlin's participation in international activities is an important element of the viability of the city, ministers viewed with concern attempts of certain countries to impose limitations on the right of the Federal Republic of Germany, as confirmed in the quadripartite agreement to represent the interests of the Western sector of Berlin abroad. They expressed the hope that to the interest of the Berliners and of progress in cooperation in Europe, all provisions of the quadripartite agreement, and especially the provisions that relate to the representation abroad of the interests of the Western sector of Berlin by the Federal Republic of Germany will be

fully implemented and strictly observed.

[7] Ministers took note of the report on the situation in the Mediterranean prepared on their instructions. They emphasized the importance they attach to maintaining the balance of forces throughout the Mediterranean area. They requested the Council to continue its consultations on this subject and to report to them at their next meeting.

Ministers noted with satisfaction the progress made regarding new defense-cooperation agreements that will open the way to enhancing allied defenses in the south-eastern region. They expressed concern at the serious situation arising from the continuing instability in the Middle East and reaffirmed that rapid progress must be made toward a just and lasting settlement of the conflict.

[8] The fisheries dispute between Iceland and the United Kingdom was again raised and discussed.

[9] As part of their continuing efforts to improve the military capability of the alliance and to make more effective use of available resources, ministers addressed the general subject of standardiza-

tion and discussed as report on equipment operability. This, which had been prepared after the December ministerial meeting, covers certain priority areas for full implementation of existing standard agreements was Ministerial meeting. The need for implementation of standardization agreements was stressed. Ministers noted that there were encouraging prospects for international flexibility of forces. They ask full report in December.

[10] The ministers reiterate the commitment of the alliance to the principle of democracy, respect for human rights, justice and progress that inspire the political institutions of life are founded. They expressed the confidence on the basis of the provided by the their governments overcome the problems from them now as future.

[11] The next ministers of the North Atlantic will be held in Brussels and 10th December

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NATO Parley Assails Soviet on Detente

Continued From Page 1, Col. 7
cern at the sustained growth in the Warsaw Pact countries' military power, on land, at sea and in the air beyond levels apparently justified for defensive purposes" and added, "Should this trend continue it could lead to an arms race of dangerous dimensions."

Yesterday Mr. Kissinger warned against Communist "ideological aggression," and today the communique appeared to make an indirect reference to the threat of an election triumph by the Communists in a member country, Italy, next month.

"The ministers reaffirmed the commitment of their countries," it said, "to the principles of democracy, respect for human rights, justice and social progress that inspire the political institutions and way of life are founded."

For all the criticism about American comments on Italy's domestic affairs, it was clear at the meeting that the Europeans were ready and willing to hear Mr. Kissinger's affirmations of strong American purpose despite the administration's setback in Angola.

"I have the impression," the Secretary of State said, "that our allies understand the main lines of American foreign policy have the support of the American people. American foreign policies are geared to the permanent interests of any personalities and they've been carried out by every Secretary

of State in the postwar period." The Norwegian Foreign Minister, Knut Frydenlund, jokingly observed, "as long as Henry Kissinger is Foreign Minister of the United States there will be still a foreign policy."

Other diplomats ask what kind of foreign policy a President Carter would pursue and a few worry about the policy of a President Reagan. But the uneasiness about Soviet intentions has made the Europeans resolved to strengthen the NATO alliance under American leadership.

All 15 nations "stressed the determination of their governments to take the measures necessary to maintain and improve the efficiency of their forces," the communique said. "Essential safeguards for the security of member countries whether against military aggression or political pressure," the communique said.

Both in the United States and in Europe, where once there was popular enthusiasm for engaging the Soviet Union in negotiations, now there is disillusionment and distrust. It is coming out in the American primaries, it is becoming an issue in West Germany where Chancellor Helmut Schmidt has an election Oct. 3, and it was expressed at this meeting.

Reds in Italy an Issue

OSLO, May 21—In hotel conference rooms and embassies all over the Norwegian capital today and yesterday, foreign ministers of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization fretted about the effect Communist participation in the Government of Italy would have on the alliance.

But since Mariano Rumor and 11 other Italian officials were here for the meeting, it wasn't diplomatic to admit that worrying was going on, and the NATO ministers displayed considerable defensive and strategic skill evading questions about it.

Yesterday, an indiscreet participant said, Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger brought up the Italian question indirectly at a meeting and was called out of order by the NATO Secretary General, Joseph Luns. Thereupon

Mr. Kissinger is said to have said, "I didn't say that." Mr. Luns said today, "There has been no discussion whatever of the problem of certain possible developments in member countries—it wasn't even discussed whether we should discuss it."

Mr. Kissinger parried a question today about the Italian issue by answering, "Apart from the technical impossibility of interrupting a Harvard professor when he's in full flight, nothing like this or remotely like this happened—and I didn't raise that subject."

With all the diplomatic sidestepping, Mr. Kissinger said, "no attempt was made to develop a consensus. There was a failure to achieve any agreement, because no effort was made."

Sauvagnargues, spoke repeatedly of "the essential union of defense and detente" and the West German, Hans-Dietrich Genscher, said "the Soviet Union's apparent intention is to try to change the world balance of power."

In several areas of East-West relations, there appeared no signs of progress toward further relaxation of tensions.

U.S. to Give Soviet a Reply
The strategic arms limitations talks have made "little progress" in recent months, according to Mr. Luns.

Mr. Kissinger said today that the United States would submit a reply to the latest Soviet proposal "in the next few weeks" but that "a certain number of issues remain to be resolved." The five-year interim accord on offensive strategic arms will expire in October, 1977. The 1974 Vladivostok agreement between President Ford and Leonid I. Brezhnev, the Soviet leader, has been hindered since then by a dispute between Washington and Moscow about including a United States cruise missile and a new Soviet bomber known in the West as the "Backfire."

Talks on ground-force reductions in Central Europe have continued for two and a half years in Vienna without agreement on reducing either tank forces or ground troops in Central Europe. The Soviet army and its allies now have a 3-to-1 advantage over the West in army divisions and in tanks in Central Europe.

West Berlin has also been a constant problem in West German-Soviet relations. Mr. Kissinger met with the French, British and West German ministers for lunch today to discuss the city and the four-power agreement that regulates its status as an enclave inside Communist East Germany. The Soviet Union recently dropped negotiations with West Germany to supply West Berlin with power generated from an atomic reactor that was to have been built to Kaliningrad. And the NATO communique today "viewed with concern attempts of certain countries to impose limitations" on the right of West Germany to represent the interests of the Western sectors of Berlin abroad.

European diplomats here say that there is little indication that Mr. Brezhnev will visit either the United States or West Germany this summer as he had originally been invited to do. "There's a chance," a West German official said, "but it depends on SALT, and it depends on their reading of domestic politics in the United States—it doesn't look good."

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S. CURBS STATUS OF ARAB STUDENTS

Referential Visas to End as Rep. Eilberg Wins Protest Over Diplomatic Parli

By PETER KIESS

First it was a son of Saudi Arabia's King coming here as a student more than 20 years ago, with a request that he be given something more than student visa status because he might carry out official business. Then it was another princely brother and another, and next cousins of royal blood.

So it has grown to some 5,000 Saudi and Kuwaiti students holding A-2 United States visas, conferring on them a form of diplomatic status different from that of all 75,000 other foreign students in this country, according to Representative Joshua Eilberg of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Eilberg, a Philadelphia Democrat and chairman of the House subcommittee on immigration, began protesting last October that this meant the United States Government had had no control over the Saudi and Kuwaiti students. He contended that the Government did not know where the students were, what they were doing or even if they were going to school.

The preferential treatment is coming to an end. Mr. Eilberg has announced, and the State Department has confirmed, that he received "personal assurances" from Secretary of State Kissinger this month that no more A-2 visas would be issued to the Saudi and Kuwaiti students after Aug. 31.

Those already holding them about two-thirds Saudis—must exchange them for regular F-1 student visas by Oct. 31, unless they can show that effects to have their status changed have been delayed through no fault of their own.

During the negotiations, David J. Umansky, Mr. Eilberg's administrative assistant, said last week: "I asked one State Department official, 'Suppose a terrorist organization wanted to send someone here, wouldn't A-2 be a perfect cover?' He said, 'Yes.'"

Andrew Antipapas, assistant to the administrator of the Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs, said that A-2 visas did not confer full diplomatic status, which provides for immunity. This, he said, goes only to someone registered with the Office of Protocol and named on a published list of diplomats assigned in Washington or New York.

There are 50,000 A-2 visas outstanding, mostly for foreign government or military personnel coming here for training or business, Mr. Antipapas said. The State Department, he said, has considered that the Saudi and Kuwaiti Government "came under" Government suspicion—selected by their Governments, sponsored by their Governments, paid for by their Governments, and they returned to their countries and went to work for their Governments.

Monitoring of Students Mr. Antipapas said that educational missions in the embassies of both countries monitored the students' activities. Only 21 Saudi and Kuwaiti students over the years have been asked to adjust their A-2 visas to resident immigrant status, he said.

The new agreement, he said, will make problems for some students who would ordinarily first come here to study English and then select a college. To get F-1 visas, he said, they must show that some school has already accepted them—a difficult task since the Saudi school registers every year, giving them current addresses.

One of the largest enrollment penalties would apply to Life Science Products, a defense chemical company in 153 pollution counts. Hopewell, Va., and six individuals pleaded not guilty today to indictments charging violation of Federal antipollution laws in producing the pesticide, which aiding Life Science Products with its alleged illegal discharges.

Hopewell was charged with having knowledge of the illegal illegal discharges but failing to stop them. Several employees of the Life Science Products plant sued Allied, alleging Kepone poisoning, while James River fishing interests have contended in another suit that closing the river to commercial fishing last December harmed their livelihoods.

L.E.A.A. Funds for New York WASHINGTON, May 21 (UPI)—The Law Enforcement Assistance Administration approved today a \$2.6 million grant to the New York City Police Department to help finance security for the Democratic National Convention. Most of the funds are to be used to pay overtime wages for 1,500 police officers scheduled to work overtime to guard Madison Square Garden, site of the July 12-16 convention, and delegates hotels.

Named with Allied on 1566 counts was the City of Hopewell, which could be fined as much as \$3.9 million. The same

Kissinger Testifies He Had A 'Passive' Wiretap Role

By BERNARD GWERTZMAN

WASHINGTON, May 21—Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger contended in sworn testimony released today that he played a "substantially passive" role in the wiretapping of 17 Government officials and newsmen, undertaken from 1969 to 1971 purportedly to stem unauthorized disclosures in the press.

In a deposition taken March 30 in the civil damage suit brought by Morton H. Halperin, one of those whose home phones were tapped by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Mr. Kissinger repeated his previous assertion that chief responsibility for the taps lay with former President Richard M. Nixon and J. Edgar Hoover, the late F.B.I. director.

Mr. Kissinger, in his own deposition in the Halperin case last January, seemed to suggest that Mr. Kissinger was responsible for supplying the names of the first four people to be tapped, including Mr. Halperin.

But Mr. Kissinger, in an earlier "interrogatory" to the Federal court, stressed that Mr. Hoover first suggested the names of Mr. Halperin and the three others.

Picking the First Four Mr. Kissinger stated in the earlier "interrogatory" that he believed a White House meeting occurred April 25, 1969, involving himself, Mr. Nixon, Mr. Hoover, and John N. Mitchell, then the Attorney General, to discuss the problem of disclosures to the press.

At that session, he said, "Director Hoover identified four persons as security risks, and suggested that these four be put under surveillance initially." Mr. Halperin, one of the top aides on the National Security Council staff, which Mr. Kissinger then directed, was one of those four.

Mr. Halperin, in a brief session with the press this morning, said that there was no record of such an April 25 meeting, taking place and that the evidence showed that Mr. Kissinger had selected the names to be tapped.

Mr. Nixon, in his deposition, said that after a New York Times article appeared May 25, 1969, disclosing secret bombing raids against Cambodia, he told Mr. Kissinger to inform Mr. Halperin, in a brief session with the press this morning, said that there was no record of such an April 25 meeting, taking place and that the evidence showed that Mr. Kissinger had selected the names to be tapped.

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SENATE UNIT CUTS 'GAS' TAX CREDIT

Deduction Would Be Ended For Anything Under \$50

WASHINGTON, May 21—The Senate Finance Committee voted today to disallow part of the deduction that is now permitted on Federal income tax returns for state and local gasoline taxes.

The deduction at present can be taken for the entire, estimated amount of state and local gasoline taxes. The committee decided to limit it to the amount of the levy that exceeds \$50 a year.

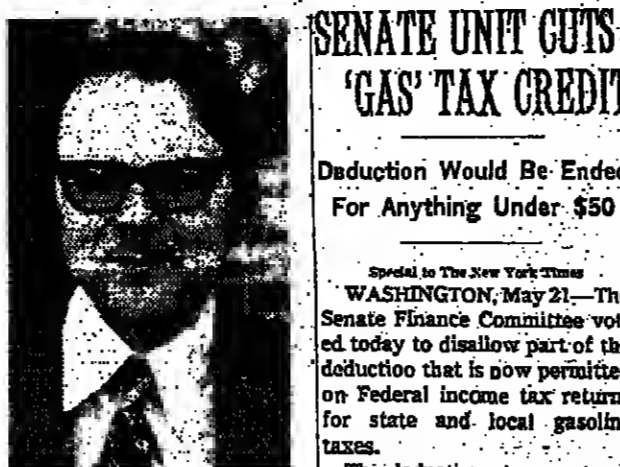
The change, if enacted, would add \$300 million to \$400 million to Federal tax collections. It was the prospect of raising some additional revenue that plainly motivated the decision.

The committee has been told, as part of the Congressional budget resolution, that Congress must pass tax reform provisions that will raise \$2 billion in new receipts in the fiscal year 1977, which starts Oct. 1.

Changes in the law that the committee has approved so far, including the imposition of new restrictions on investments, designed as tax shelters and a strengthening of the "minimum tax," which is aimed at wealthy persons who avoid paying taxes, fall considerably short of the \$2 billion goal in their revenue effects.

The committee thus is hunting for some revenue-raising items to include in the tax revision package, on which it hopes to complete work by the end of next week.

Disallowance of deductions for gasoline taxes has frequently been proposed in Congress and has passed in one-house



Morton H. Halperin

said before that Mr. Halperin did excellent work for him and that no evidence had ever been supplied indicating that Mr. Halperin had broken any security rules.

He said that the F.B.I. reports that were forwarded to his office did not contain any evidence of security transgressions, although he said the bureau's interpretation of what was a violation differed from his.

Asked to explain the difference, he said: "I would think that the F.B.I. would consider comments that were critical of our policy as security information, while I would have considered primarily the use of classified information as constituting security information."

Mr. Kissinger said that he believed the "passive" role he did not complain to the bureau but in 1970 he asked to be taken out of the wiretapping program and this was done in May 1970.

Mr. Halperin is suing Mr. Kissinger and others on behalf of himself and his family. Under the Omnibus Crime Control Act of 1968, illegal wiretapping could bring the victim \$100 a day for each day of such activity. His phone was tapped from May 9, 1969, to Feb. 10, 1971.

Mr. Kissinger said, as he has said before, that he believed the tapping was to begin as soon as there was a major "news leak." He said that the Hoover had authorized the tapping and he was given to zap those people that had been mentioned," he said.

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Birth-Pill Hormones Found to Affect Rat Brains

Scientist Says That Cortex Is Thinner and Development May Be Impaired

Berkeley, Calif. May 21—The hormones used in birth control pills have been found to decrease the thickness of the cortex of the brain in adult female rats and may impair the animals' brain development, according to a scientist at the University of California, Berkeley.

There is as yet no evidence that the hormones can affect human brain development in the same way. Nor is it known whether the human brain grows after early childhood, however, the scientist, Morton C. Diamond, said that his findings in rats suggested a need to study whether the effects on people might be.

"With millions of women in the world on elevated ovarian hormones to alter their reproductive cycles," she said, "it seems imperative to understand the influence of these hormones on the brain, even if we begin by taking the guidelines from a rat."

Women's Conference Rat and human brains are identical, she cautioned, but she noted that a good deal of fundamental work on female sex hormones had first been established with rats. She made her remarks yesterday at a special conference here.

The idea that sex hormones influence brain function is not new, the scientist said. It was suggested as early as 1885, not measured, she discovered, or, the other, but never in both the same year.

Among its other actions today, the committee agreed to make permanent, at a rate of 10 percent, the investment tax credit, which businesses receive on capital outlays on plant and equipment. The committee also voted to make permanent an additional 1 percentage point on the credit, if an amount equal to the taxes paid is contributed to an employee stock ownership plan.

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Left: Patrick C. Sweeney and William Dean, rear. Above: Dave B. Ford, left, and Robert A. Davis, all supporters of Ronald Reagan in the New Jersey primary. Mr. Sweeney, a statewide delegate candidate, says that "We're a grass-roots uprising." Mr. Davis, their leader, feels that Mr. Reagan "comes on like a winner."

Carter Schedules Weekend Campa For Western Votes, Mostly in Oregon

By CHARLES MOHR
Special to The New York Times

PORTLAND, Ore., May 21—Jimmy Carter has decided to throw himself into three unscheduled days of campaigning in Western states, mostly in Oregon, where he will face all his remaining rivals for the Democratic Presidential nomination.

After his defeats in the Nebraska primary on May 11 and in Maryland Tuesday, Mr. Carter said he planned no changes in his campaign strategy or technique.

Today he conceded in a news conference on his chartered jet aircraft that his decision last night to invest "increased time on the West Coast is a strategy shift." But he discounted suggestions that he was giving up a planned long weekend at his Georgia home because he feared a psychologically crippling loss next week in the Oregon primary election.

Mr. Carter said he had decided to add time in Oregon, Idaho and possibly South Dakota to his schedule because in the last two days he had perceived "a much more likely prospect" of winning significant more delegates in the Western states than he had previously thought possible.

Indifferent on Kennedy

The former Georgia Governor also expressed indifference about a report that Senator Edward M. Kennedy of Massachusetts might accept a draft by the national convention in July, saying that the prospect "doesn't scare me." Senator Kennedy has denied the report.

The fact that Mr. Carter later brought up the report about Senator Kennedy to an audience at a fund-raising luncheon here suggested that he hoped that a belief in the possible availability of Senator Kennedy, who is on the ballot here, might drain votes away from such announced candidates as Senator Frank Church of Idaho and Gov. Edmund G. Brown Jr. of California.

Mr. Carter's motivations in deciding to campaign tomorrow, Sunday and Monday in the West were difficult to assess because he and his spokesmen would only hint at, but would not disclose, the nature of the popularity poll data that helped shape the decision.

Fears Discounted

However, Jody Powell, Mr. Carter's press secretary, said in conversation last night in Los Angeles that it would be inaccurate to assume that Mr. Carter was expanding his schedule because he feared a humiliating third-place finish in Oregon behind both Senator Church and Governor Brown, who is running a write-in campaign since his name is not on the ballot.

In his airplane news conference this morning, flying from Los Angeles to Portland, Mr. Carter said his own polls showed "we are in good position in Oregon" and "better in Nevada than we had thought."

He had done no polling in Idaho or South Dakota, he said, but he felt he could win more delegates in both states than seemed possible before.

Since he had not previously thought he could run first in any Western state, he said, "I think now we've got a good chance possibly to win in one of the Western states, perhaps Oregon." He said he was stronger in California, which he has predicted Mr. Brown will win, and added, "We might come close second in Nevada."

Cites Other States

He said the results next Tuesday should be judged not entirely by his showing in the West, but also by the outcome in Arkansas, Kentucky and Tennessee, where he is strongly favored.

On his plane, Mr. Carter was asked in light of the report about Senator Kennedy, if he did not believe that unless he won a first-ballot victory at the national convention, other forces in the party might begin successfully to woo delegates away from him and deny him the prize.

Mr. Carter said: "I don't want to talk to you about that because I don't want to be quizzed on what I think or what you know. But there are ways to pick up a 100, 200, 300 delegates, if you have to have them to get the nomination; and I am trying to avoid having to do that horse trading relating to different aspects of politics, the Vice Presidency or otherwise."

When asked if he would do such "horse trading" if necessary, he said, "I'll wait and see what happens."

Church Accuses Brown
Special to The New York Times

ASHELAND, Ore., May 21—At several Oregon stops today, Senator Church accused Governor Brown of trying to "buy" a write-in victory here next Tuesday by spending large amounts for television promotion spots.

"I don't believe there's enough money in California to buy an Oregon election, however," Senator Church told an early-morning fund-raising meeting in Portland.

Later, in Medford, near the California border, he repeated this statement in response to newsmen's questions and added, "I think it [the spending] becomes an issue to be considered. It's a matter for the people of Oregon to decide."

At the Portland fund-raising event, Bernard Rappaport, a gas where Mr. Reagan Waco, Tex., insurance man who

Crowns Stakes



Udall Cites Bargain

'Grass-Roots' Drive in Jersey Backs Reagan

By RONALD SULLIVAN
Special to The New York Times

MONTCLAIR, N.J., May 21—It takes strong convictions to run as a delegate supporting Ronald Reagan in New Jersey's Republican Presidential primary election.

For one thing, national leaders of the Reagan campaign have written New Jersey off, apparently conceding the state to President Ford in the election June 8. Instead, they are concentrating their efforts in California and Ohio, which together have almost four times New Jersey's 67 convention delegates.

For another, Mr. Reagan has disowned the delegate campaign initiated here in his behalf, refusing to allow his name to be entered on the primary ballot or to campaign himself in the state. Moreover, the Reagan national campaign has consciously decided not to spend one cent or to offer any advice to New Jersey Republicans who have organized what amounts to a no-name, no-money, no-media campaign here in his behalf.

All told, the Reagan forces have entered a "write-in" member state of state and four member states in eight of New Jersey's 15 Congressional Districts. They were drawn together at the last hour, many of them filing minutes before the April 29 deadline.

Stassen Is Considering Race for White House

PHILADELPHIA, May 21 (AP)—Harold E. Stassen, a Republican who four times sought the Presidency, announced today he might try again.

"I could unite the Republican Party, unite the country and provide the essential leadership to lift America with full employment, without inflation, and establish conditions of peace with justice and freedom," Mr. Stassen said.

He promised at a news conference to make a decision one way or the other, by June 1 after talking with Republican leaders across the country and assessing his chances in a convention fight with President Ford and Ronald Reagan, the party's announced candidates.

Mr. Stassen, 67 years old, with five grandchildren and a busy law practice, has not won an election in 35 years. That was in 1941 when he was re-elected Governor of Minnesota.

Reagan Campaign from his home in Verona and last weekend he presided over the opening of a state campaign headquarters in a storefront next to an A&P supermarket in this Essex County suburb.

Nearly all of the 80 delegates and their alternates showed up to discuss strategy and drink instant coffee and warm draft beer. There were women who did not shy away from the designation of housewife. There were school teachers, lawyers, businessmen, working men, a few college students and an advertising man.

An informal round-table discussion elicited the following common denominators:

Mr. Ford is well meaning but weak. He has been captured by the likes of Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Kissinger. The Republican Party must make a "clean break" with Watergate if it is to have any chance in November.

Mr. Reagan is the only Republican who can appeal to conservative and independent alike. Only he can galvanize a minority party into an exciting and old-fashioned right-wing campaign for the Presidency as well as restore a sense of patriotism and anti-Communism abroad and a commitment to fiscal conservatism at home.

While they do not care for Mr. Ford and his advisers, their political animosity toward Senator Barry Goldwater, the G.P. liberal, cannot be overstated.

Last month, Senator Case embarrassed Webster B. Todd, the Republican state

FORD BARS RE. AS A RUNNIN

WASHINGTON, May 21—President Ford, who has onto the campaign weekend, said today was not considering Reagan as a runoff if he defeats him for the nomination.

Previously, the President ruled out that "But he told Tennessee at a half-hour news conference."

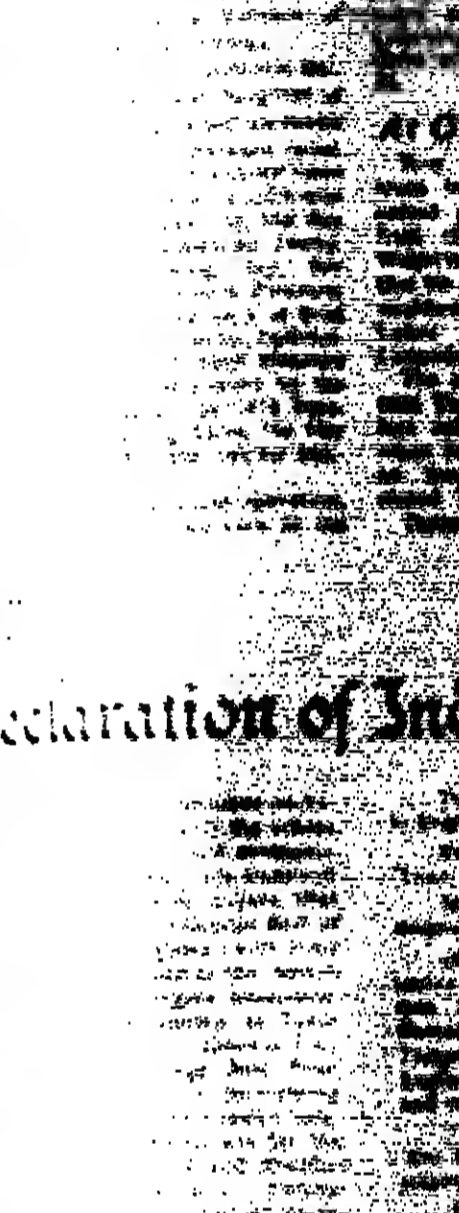
"I have read that it does not want to be for Vice President as to take him at his wits those circumstances being considered."

Under questioning, said that both the Republican Senators, H. Baker Jr. and Bill Mitchell, are on his list of possible running mates. But he said, "It's premature to say that."

Mr. Ford expressed that he would win in six primaries next Tuesday will be held in see, Kentucky, Arkansas, Oregon and Idaho.

Mr. Ford will win Oregon tomorrow, at Reagan's home state on Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, with a side trip event, Bernard Rappaport, a gas where Mr. Reagan Waco, Tex., insurance man who

Declaration of Ind



Representative Morris K. Udall and Ronald Reagan attending a dinner last night at the Nashville Tennessee.

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THE NEW YORK TIMES

Reagan Says He Opposes Limited War

By DOUGLAS E. KNEELAND
Special to The New York Times

NASHVILLE, May 21—Ronald Reagan declared today that he was opposed to the concept of limited war, but in answer to a question as to whether he would use nuclear weapons to end a war quickly, he would say only, "Everyone hopes and prays that never will the world come to a nuclear confrontation."

Here in Tennessee, where he is seeking support in the state's Republican primary contest against President Ford, Mr. Reagan ended nearly every speech—as he has elsewhere in his quest for the nomination—by asserting that "never again should this country send its young men to die in a war unless this country is totally committed to winning it."

Today, before a cheering crowd of more than 3,500 people at Tennessee Temple College in Chattanooga, which calls itself "Christians for Christ," the former California Governor expanded his usual line to "winning it as quickly as possible."

Later, at the news conference here, he was asked, in addition to the question about nuclear weapons, whether he was against limited war, which is the former California Governor has fought since World War II.

"Certainly," he replied. "This is an old-time concept that we never bothered with before. We have always had a view of the virtual sacredness of the individual, his right to life."

Citing the conflicts in Korea and Vietnam, Mr. Reagan accused the Government of "immorality" for "feeding young men into a meat grinder" in wars "they weren't allowed to win."

"I think this is why the great disillusionment of the American people with the Vietnam war," he added. "The truth of the matter is that we know that if those who first put the troops in there had intended to get the war over with, it could have been done in a very short time without the great loss of life that followed."

As he campaigned from Knoxville to Chattanooga to Nashville before flying tonight to Fort Smith, Ar., Mr. Reagan also was asked repeatedly about his views on the Tennessee Valley Authority.

"I still believe in free enterprise and the Government doesn't have any place in it," he said.

He added that he was philosophically opposed to T.V.A., which he described as a "gigantic enterprise" competing with private power companies. Asked if he would seek to return it to the private sector if he were elected President, Mr. Reagan said, "We'd have to look at it."

Throughout the day, he was compelled to explain his position on T.V.A. because some of his listeners had interpreted his first answer to mean that he might consider selling it to private business.

Finally, in his news conference here, he said: "I don't have any plans to sell T.V.A. to private enterprise. I said I was philosophically opposed to it. I don't think anyone is about to put a price tag on it."

Ford Praises T.V.A.
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, May 21—President Ford hailed the T.V.A. today as his campaign chairman predicted, and tried to produce "major political fallout" from Mr. Reagan's statements in Tennessee.

In a White House interview, the President told Tennessee reporters he fully supported the T.V.A. and said of the power authority, "I think it's been a very, very important energy producer in that great part of our country, and I believe it's a continuing to perform a very important responsibility."

Mr. Ford's campaign chairman issued a statement noting Mr. Ford's remarks and predicting that "Mr. Reagan's statements will be weighed carefully next Tuesday by thousands of voters in Kentucky and Tennessee who depend on T.V.A. for jobs and lower power rates."

Mr. Morton's staff, attempting to build the T.V.A. issue into a factor in the two states' primaries, also solicited and made public remarks from Kentucky and Tennessee Republicans about the possibility of the sale of the power authority.

The staff quoted Senator Howard H. Baker Jr. of Tennessee as having said that "it would be simply out of the question to seriously talk about selling it."

Representative James J. Quillen, Republican of Tennessee, was quoted as saying the proposal "raises a red flag" to voters throughout the Tennessee Valley and that it was "very irresponsible" to suggest selling the power authority.

And a Republican from Kentucky, Representative Tim Lee Carter, said the sale of the T.V.A. would be a "disaster" and would lead to the closing of factories dependent on low power rates. "Thousands of people would be unemployed," he added.

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THE RADIO STATIONS OF THE NEW YORK TIMES

Election Body Operating Again; Subsidies for Campaign Resume

Continued From Page 1, Col. 6

sion. Mr. Thomson was a compromise choice. Earlier the commission split, 3 to 3, between Thomas E. Harris and Neil Stasler, both Democrats.

The closest call in the day's events took place at noon on the Senate floor. Mr. Springer had been unanimously approved by a committee an hour earlier, but the Senate needed to muster a quorum of 51 votes to confirm him, a figure not always readily obtainable on Friday.

Delays on Way Back

However, after a very slow roll-call vote, the clerk recorded 58 votes for the nominee. No one voted against him, and his name was sent to the White House.

In a two-minute ceremony in the Rose Garden, Associate Justice William J. Brennan Jr. administered the oath of office to the six commissioners.

Mr. Ford called it "a very good day for the country and the political process," while acknowledging that there had been "many regrettable delays" in getting the commission back into operation.

It took Congress from the Jan. 30 Supreme Court ruling until May 4 to complete work on the bill reconstituting the commission and making many changes to the campaign law. Then the President had difficulty finding a new commis-

siner and held up the swearing-in ceremony until all six members had been confirmed, which took more than two weeks more.

At his committee hearing, Mr. Springer left considerable doubt as to his general attitude toward campaign law reform. Asked if he had any reservations about the purpose of the present law, he replied, "As of this date, I have none."

Later under questioning he said he could not recall whether, as a House member, he had voted for or against the 1971 campaign law, predecessor of the current statute. He said he did not remember that the voters of his Illinois district were strongly opposed to the legislation at the time.

In approving campaign subsidies, the commission declined to clear audited figures done Senator Birch Bayh of Indiana and Sargent Shriver, two inactive Democrats, on the ground that they had failed to file state-by-state breakdowns of their spending, as required.

NASA Funds Approved

WASHINGTON, May 21 (UPI)—The House approved today and sent to the White House compromise legislation authorizing \$3.7 billion for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for the 1977 fiscal year. The vote was 256 to 20. The total approved is about \$1.8 million less than the Administration request.



Representative Morris K. Udall and Ronald Reagan attending a dinner last night at the Nashville Tennessee.

سكيات الالاهل

Filly 'Triple Crown' Starts With Acorn Stakes Today

By STEVE CADY

While racing's top 3-year-old colts await the final leg of the upper-case Triple Crown...

At the Belmont Park race track, tracks about best 3-year-old fillies...

Both losses were inflicted by Dearly Precious, owned by Richard Bailey...

Yet Optimistic Gal was quoted on the overnight line for the Acorn as an odds-on favorite...



Dearly Precious is one of the 3-year-old fillies in Acorn Stakes at Belmont.

The Florida-bred daughter of Dr. Fager, a winner of 10 straight before those reversals...

In contrast, Optimistic Gal, a Kentucky-bred daughter of Sir Ivor, has looked awesome this season in distance races...

husband's name, the fillies in the wife's name.

Optimistic Gal, trained by LeRoy Jolley, will be ridden in the Acorn by Braulio Baeza...

Challenging these two in the Acorn will be Tell Me All, Girl In Love, Hippodrome, Desiree, Worthyma, Artfully and La Tanoreta...

The other two legs of the N.Y.R.A.'s filly series are the Mother Goose Stakes at 1 1/4 miles on June 4...

At OTB...

New York's various off-track betting operations received permission yesterday from the State Racing and Wagering Board...

The arrangement, to begin next Tuesday, remains in effect only during the period when Belmont Park operates on Sundays...



Optimistic Gal, here with Braulio Baeza up, is also entered in the Acorn race.

Tempers Are Cool as Yankees And Red Sox Go Extra Innings

By PARTON KEESE

Round two of the Yankees-Boston Red Sox four-game series went on as scheduled last night at Yankee Stadium...

The action was all baseball last night, however, and the Yankees and Red Sox were tied, 5-5, in the 11th inning...

First of all, the Yankees came up short in outfielders. With Rivers and Piniella nursing their wounds...

Left-Field Failure So out to left went Thurman Munson, the Yankees' first-string catcher...

foot mark for a double, scoring Fisk, it was a drive that might have been caught by a more-experienced left-fielder.

Rico Petrocelli's single, knocking in two more runs for Boston, exhausted Manager Billy Martin's patience...

second. The 25-year-old Pagan set down the Red Sox for three innings until Denny Doyle singled in the sixth.

Ironically, just before Munson's misadventures in left field, the Yankees announced that they had recalled Kerry Dineen...

From the second inning to the seventh, Tiant proved himself the same old familiar teaser, tossing up to the plate such good off-speed pitches...



Thurman Munson, the Yankees' regular catcher, missing a drive by Jim Rice at the left-field wall in the second inning.

Dave Anderson

Declaration of Independence

When in the course of athletic events it becomes necessary for one sport to take its rightful place with the others in society...

Looking to the tournament, Team America probably won't win it, but Pelé and Giorgio Chinaglia of the New York Cosmos...

All Three Networks in Brazil Pelé also keeps busy. Tomorrow, after Team America opposes Italy in R.F.K. Stadium...

Tomorrow—Team America vs. Italy, Washington, D.C.; in England vs. Brazil, Los Angeles.

Friday, May 28—Italy vs. England, Yankee Stadium; Team America vs. Brazil, Seattle.

Monday, May 31—Team America vs. England, Philadelphia; Italy vs. Brazil, Yale Bowl.

Of the 19 players on Team America, only five are native Americans—Bob Rigby and Bob Smith of the Cosmos, Peter Chandler of the Hartford Bicentennials...

"We're not likely to have much team loyalty," says Ken Furphy, the Team America coach...

Furphy is another import, a 44-year-old Englishman who was the Cosmos coach. His manner is described as "severe but not stony..."

"Rigby and Smith," says Furphy, "are the two best Americans in our league. All they need is more experience."

The Dirt Infield Rigby, a goalkeeper, has played about 80 games in the last four years...

As for the foreign teams, the English and the Italians will be shocked by Yankee Stadium's dirt baseball infield...

IC4A Titles Go To Kirby and Post

By FRANK LITSKY

PHILADELPHIA, May 21—Jim Kirby of Maryland and Jim Post of C. W. Post won throwing titles today in the 100th IC4A outdoor track and field championships...

Kirby threw the javelin 252 feet, 3 inches and Post threw the discus 173 feet, 1 inch, a personal record for each...

Three other finals were scheduled at the University of Pennsylvania's Franklin Field, but a driving rain forced postponement of the long-jump final until tomorrow...



SADNESS IN SICILY: Spanish riders weeping after learning that Juan Manuel Santisteban, a countryman, was killed yesterday after falling during the first lap of the Tour of Italy bicycle race...

Mets Score 2 in 9th and Beat Expos, 4-3

By PAUL L. MONTGOMERY

MONTREAL, May 21—Wayne Garrett, who has had an up-and-down season so far, drove in four runs against the Expos tonight and gave the Mets a 4-3 victory...

against one loss, Murray, relieving Steve Rogers in the ninth, was the loser.

He threw over to first base eight times while Jerry White was popping up and while Thornton was at bat...

W. Germans Facing Loss On Ali Bout

MUNICH, West Germany, May 21 (AP)—The Muhammad Ali-Richard Dunn world heavyweight title fight was turning into one of boxing's major financial busts today...

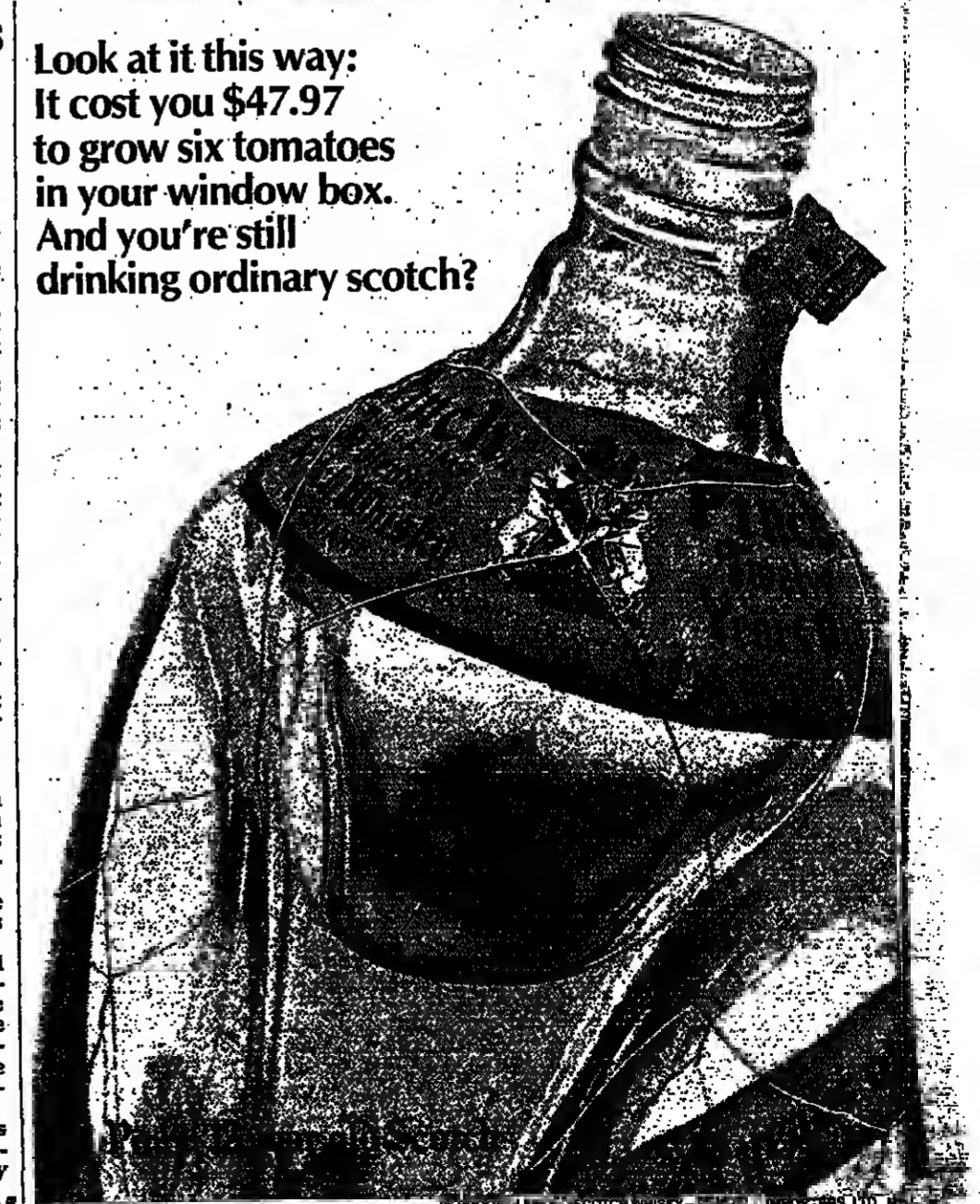
A report on ticket sales from the Bavarian State Travel Service, which is handling sales in West Germany for the fight which starts here at 3 A.M. Tuesday...

"Safe Money" "Their net [break-even point] is somewhere over a million," Arum said. "This means that they're a \$400,000-to-\$500,000 loser."

on Rogers' wildness. Ed Kranepool lined a single into center with one out and Rogers walked Jerry Grote and Harrelson after Del Unser struck out...

The Expos had a chance to expand their 2-0 lead when Bud Harrelson erred on Gary Carter's grounder and Tim Lincecum punched a hit-and-run single through the shortstop hole...

In his first appearance in a Montreal uniform last night, Thornton bit a two-run homer for the first runs in the Expos' 3-0 victory over the Cubs...



Look at it this way: It cost you \$47.97 to grow six tomatoes in your window box. And you're still drinking ordinary scotch?

سكزا من الأصل

People in Sports

Buckey Twins, Dave and Don, Both Sign Contracts With Jets

The Buckey aerial twins, Dave and Don, who were chosen on consecutive picks in the 12th round of the National Football League draft...

Because he scored a goal with less than two minutes left in the regular season, Guy Lafleur of the Montreal Canadiens came to New York...

Yorkie Is Best At Jersey Show

ROSELLE PARK, N.J., May 21—A striking 2-year-old steel blue and golden York-shire terrier called Suda, beat out 1,300 other dogs tonight for the top award at the Union County Kennel Club's 37th all breed show...

Dibbs and Orantes Advance

HAMBURG, West Germany, May 21 (AP)—Eddie Dibbs of the United States advanced to the men's singles semifinals in the 70th German International tennis tournament...

Col. Jack Schuder, director of athletics at the United States Military Academy has announced his retirement. The 53-year-old Schuder, a 1947 graduate of West Point...

Two Ton Tony Galento, the heavyweight contender of the 1930's who once knocked down Joe Louis, underwent a series of tests in a Livingston, N.J., hospital to determine the reason for his blacking out at a reunion of boxing veterans...



Jane Blalock after dropping a birdie putt on eighth hole. Jane Blalock Leads By 2 in Jersey on 68

By GORDON S. WHITE Jr. Special to The New York Times

JAMESBURG, N.J., May 21—The women of the Ladies Professional Golf Association agreed today that they had never played on a more difficult course than Forsgate...

Italy took a 2-0 lead over Yugoslavia in the second round of the Davis Cup European zone competition today by winning the two opening singles matches...

St. John's Edges Rutgers Nine, 1-0 PRINCETON, N.J., May 21—In a game shortened by rain, St. John's topped Rutgers, 1-0, in the first round of the Eastern Collegiate Athletic Conference baseball playoff at Clark Field...

Marti Remains Leader

MEMPHIS, May 21 (AP)—Fred Marti, again saving his best until the end, birdied the last two holes for a 68 and regained a two-shot lead today in the second round of the \$200,000 Danny Thomas Memphis golf tournament...

The big, easy-going veteran put together a 36-hole total of 133, an 11-under-par effort for 36 holes over the hilly, 7,193-yard Colonial Country Club course...

After taking the two-stroke lead, Miss Blalock said, "This was one of my best rounds of the year. I took a look at this course two days ago and felt that eight over might win this tournament."

Miss Blalock, eighth on this year's money-winning list, is looking for her first tournament victory of the year. She has 14 career tour triumphs. Top prize in this 54-hole, three-day affair will be \$14,000.

Betsy Rawls, in her first year as L.P.G.A. tournament director after 14 years on the tour, said: "We overplayed a course like this. These bunkers are something we've never had and the greens are about the most difficult to putt."

Miss Blalock, who could not see the pin from the floor of the deep bunker on the 11th, holed out a 30-yard shot for a birdie 3. But Miss Blalock seemed just as happy with the par 3 she registered at the third hole, which she described as "the most difficult hole in golf."

Takes Travis

back to Billy C. Kite, Forrest Fez Morgan, tied at 11 a 67, Morgan and Casper a 70. Trevino, the plover here and the week at Fort Worth in position to be the leaders...

Travis was tied at that figure with Alan Taple, who shot a 68 in the warm, heavy almost windless weather, and Grier Jones, who had a 69. It was another two shots

Graham was tied at that figure with Alan Taple, who shot a 68 in the warm, heavy almost windless weather, and Grier Jones, who had a 69. It was another two shots

Sports Today

Indy 500 time trials, at Indianapolis Motor Speedway, (Television - Channel 7, with Channel 2, 4, 5 P.M., tape)
BASEBALL
Yankees vs Boston Red Sox, at Yankee Stadium, River Avenue and 161st Street, the Bronx, 8 P.M. (Television - Channel 2, 4, 5 P.M.)

Playoff Results
N.B.A. Championship
Boston vs Phoenix
May 23 - At Boston, 3:30 P.M.
May 25 - At Phoenix, 1:30 P.M.
May 27 - At Boston, 7:30 P.M.
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Orioles Win on Clout by De Cinces

By THOMAS ROGERS

Brooks Robinson may find himself on the bench for a long stretch this season. On Monday, the fine-fielding third baseman, who at the age of 39 is having trouble at bat, was taken out of the Baltimore Orioles' starting lineup.

Doog DeCinces, who had played 10 games at second base while Bobby Grich was out available, took over at third.

He has had 12 hits in his last 29 times at bat, including a grand slam last night that helped the Orioles to an 8-5 triumph over the Detroit

runs. The Brewers won for the second time in 11 games when Cleveland's Frank Duffy bobbled a grounder with the score tied, 2-2, in the seventh inning. Singles by Bill Sharp, Tim Johnson and Robin Yount brought in two runs and sent the Indians on the way to their ninth loss in 12 games. Bill Travers, who allowed only four hits as he woo his third game against two losses, received his main support from Sixto Lezcano, who belted a two-run homer. Pat Dobson suffered his fifth loss against three victories.

Rangers 5, Angels 3

AT ARLINGTON, Tex.—A crowd of 40,854, the largest in the five-year history of the Rangers, saw Texas break a four-game losing streak. Nelson Briles, who had given up two runs in the first three innings, allowed only one hit afterward and picked up his fourth victory in five decisions. Mike Hargrove put the Rangers ahead, 3-2, in the third with his third homer, a two-run blast. Hargrove later was forced to leave the game after being

hit to the head by a pitch by Paul Hartzell. He was not believed to be seriously hurt.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Phillies 2, Cardinals 1

AT PHILADELPHIA—Steve Carlton scattered eight hits and worked out of a tough spot in the ninth to lead the Phillies to their sixth straight triumph. The victory increased Philadelphia's lead in the Eastern Division to four games over the Pirates. Nursing a 2-0 lead as a result of Garry Maddox's two-run homer in the second inning, Carlton encountered trouble in the ninth. With one out, Reggie Smith and Mike Anderson singled. Smith scored on a double by Hector Cruz that moved Anderson to third. But Carlton, who recorded his fourth straight victory after an opening setback, retired Don Kessinger on a grounder to the mound and Ken Rudolph on a fly.

Cubs 5, Pirates 4

AT PITTSBURGH—The Pirates dropped four games behind Philadelphia as they failed to overcome an early 5-0 lead by the Cubs. Pittsburgh rallied for four runs in the sixth, but David Knowles protected Chicago's slender lead to earn his third save. Jose Cardenal cracked a two-run double as the Cubs scored four runs in the fourth off Larry Demery, who was making his first start. Bill Robinson accounted for three of the Pittsburgh runs with a bases-loaded double.

Baseball Roundup

Tigers to Baltimore. The bases-filled homer, the first of his career, topped off a six-run surge by the Orioles in the first inning. Those runs were enough to give Baltimore its fourth straight victory and the eighth in its last nine games.

The Orioles needed the big inning, for Jim Palmer was far off his usual form. He gave up three runs to the Tigers in the first inning and was removed after letting two Detroit batters reach base in the second.

Doyle Alexander replaced him and earned his second victory against one loss by setting down the Tigers on four hits the rest of the way.

The Orioles were also quiet after a two-run second inning, being held scoreless by Bill Laxton.

Roo LeFlore singled to open the game for Detroit, extending his hitting streak to 23 games; the longest by a Tiger since Pete Fox hit safely in 29 games in 1935.

Seton Hall Wins; To Face Delaware

Special to The New York Times

NEWARK, Del., May 21 — Seton Hall University pushed across two unearned runs in the 10th inning today to defeat West Virginia, 6-4, in the E.C.A.C. Southern Division playoff.

Seton Hall, now 28-14, will meet Delaware, 29-17, tomorrow at 12:30 in the winners bracket of the double-elimination tournament. Delaware routed Fairleigh Dickinson, 32-3, in the opening game of the doubleheader. George Gross, a sophomore third baseman, led the winners' attack by collecting six hits and driving in seven runs.

Pickets Halt Umpires

PITTSBURGH, May 21 (AP) — Four National League umpires refused to cross the picket line of striking stadium vendors tonight but the Pittsburgh Pirates and Chicago Cubs played anyway with a makeshift crew of local sandlot officials.

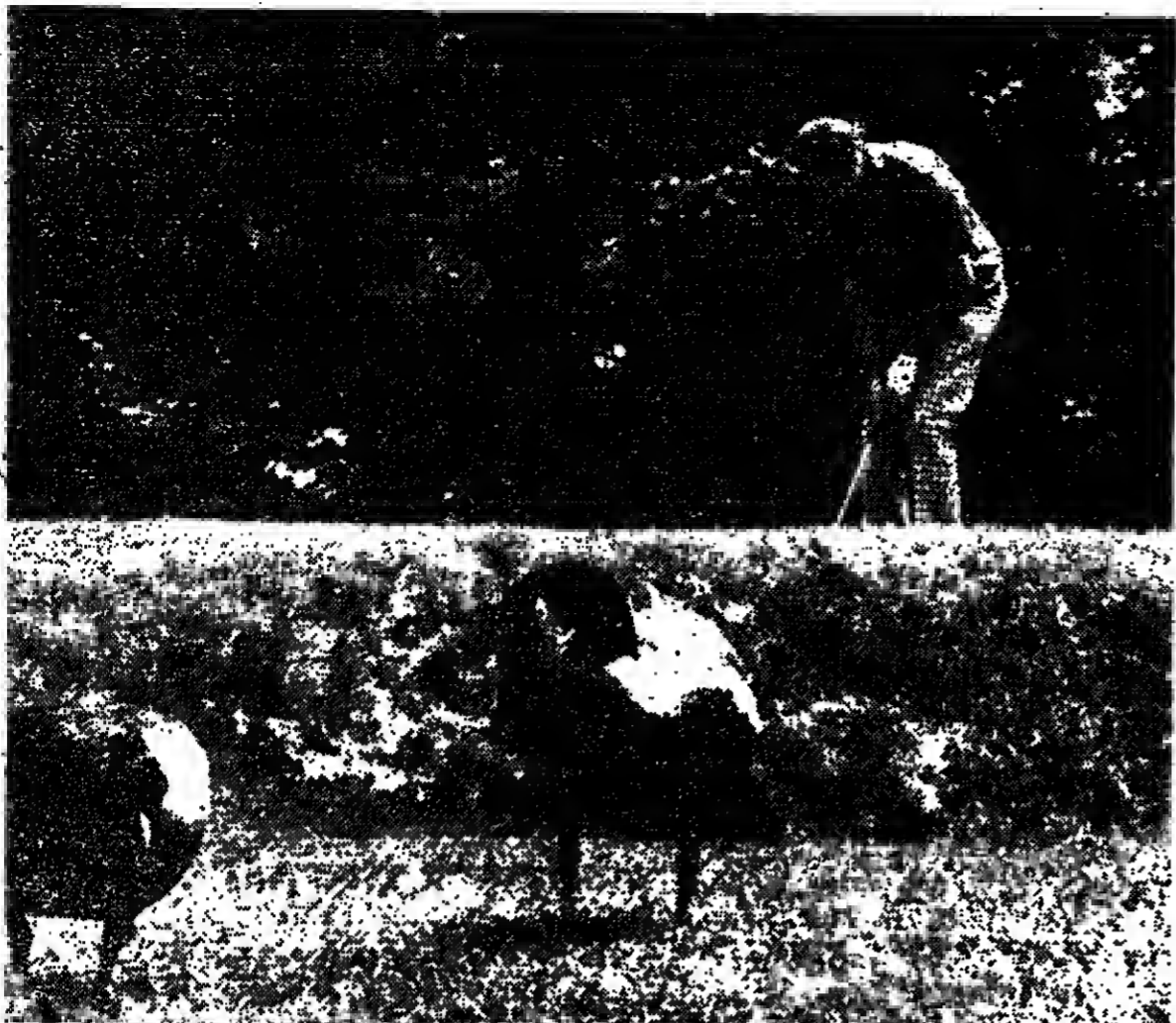
"Whatever it takes to play the game we'll have to do it," said General Manager Joe L. Brown of the Pirates.

"We're here to play baseball," said Jerry Reuss, a pitcher, who is the player-representative on the Pirate team.

The vendors' picket line was honored by the regular umpiring crew of Lee Weyer, Nick Colosi, Ed Montagne and Paul Runge. So the Pirates summoned four sandlot umpires to handle the work. They were identified by the Pirates as Alfred Cohen, Ralph Betcher, Joe Chratz and Elmer Guckert. Guckert in the head basketball coach at Pittsburgh's Fifth Avenue High School.

In addition to the umpires, the picket line was also honored by the ground crew, electricians, ticket sellers and ushers. About 35 members of Teamsters Local 259 set up the picket line after rejecting a proposal for a three-year contract made by Arserv Inc. The old contract ran out two weeks ago.

Chub Feeney, the president of the National League, had given his consent to the makeshift umpiring situation. Asked if the game would count, he answered: "Yes, indeed. We have a provision in our constitution providing that if for some reason the umpires don't turn up that each team can designate two players to umpire."



da geese are apparently indifferent to this entrant in the Travis Memorial tournament at Garden City, L.I.

telle Takes Travis Medal With 72

JANE MCGOWEN

IN CITY, L.I., May 21 — Estelle, who has won the game for the early afternoon, won the medal by shooting a 72 as the final round of the Travis Memorial golf tournament.

A severe wind that interrupted the early afternoon, but the players took their shots in the wind. Estelle shot a 746-yard, par-73 City Golf Club course, were somewhat high-ussual because of the first 16 scores—under—qualified for play, which will be tomorrow and Sunday. He, who plays out of and Ho in Bayshore, of the late finishers effort, the only one to below par. Until the score tent, the Jim Tingley of the

Nassau Country Club, who came in with a 74.

But Estelle, a math teacher at Babylon High School, shot an eagle 2 at the 395-yard 16th, where he holed out with a No. 4 iron, and made birdies at the first, fourth and fifth holes. He had a bogey 5 at the 413-yard sixth and bogeys at the 10th, 13th and 18th holes, where the wind was a big factor. He had three-putt greens at the 13th (a bogey 6) and at the final hole (a bogey 4).

Estelle, a St. John's University graduate, said of his round: "I hit straight—at least I have so far. You have to stay on the fairways on this course. There are a lot of good golfers in this tournament, and they get a good test from this course."

Jerry Courville of Shore Haven in Connecticut, a six-time victor in the tournament, and Billy Edwards

of the host club both shot 75's. Courville's best previous advance in this event was to the quarterfinals in 1974. Edwards is a four-time Travis winner and the only golfer to win the Metropolitan junior title three successive years.

Tingley, who won this event in 1963, is a 58-year-old insurance executive who began to play golf as an 8-year-old in Westfield, N.J. He had captured the 1974 Metropolitan seniors title at Mount Kisco, N.Y.

John Humm, one of Long Island's most prominent golfers and a three-time winner of this event, came in with a 76. Others at 76 were Peter Nisselson, winner of the recent Richardson Memorial; Steve Smith of Meadowbrook Hunt Club and Robert Cox of Garden City.

Cox has the medal in his grasp earlier in the day. He

was two shots under par with four holes remaining. Then he lost control of his putter and scored bogeys at the 15th and 16th holes and a triple-bogey 6 on the final hole, where his tee shot hit a bunker and he needed two more shots to get out.

THE QUALIFIERS

Chris Estlin, Southampton 35
 Jerry Courville, Shore Haven 35
 Billy Edwards, Garden City 37
 Tom Mariani, Willowbrook 37
 John Humm, Westfield 37
 Peter Nisselson, Hempstead 37
 Steven Smith, Meadowbrook 37
 Robert Cox, Garden City 37
 Robert Gilmartin, Hempstead 37
 Peter Bickner, Westchester 37
 Michael Matwell, Massapequa 37
 Lou Maricello, Garden City 37
 Tom Hamilton, Garden City 39
 Martin Vogt, Garden City 41-79

College Results

BASEBALL

Auburn 10, Middle Tenn. 5
 Brockport St. 5, Rochester Tech 3
 Delaware 20, Pennsylvania State 10
 Florida 10, Florida International 4
 Massachusetts 9, West Virginia 4

THE FRESH AIR FUND 1877-1977

Major League Baseball Box Scores and Standings

Team	W	L	W-L %	Runs	Hits	Errors
CLEVELAND (A)	11	11	.500	100	100	10
MINNESOTA (A)	10	12	.455	95	95	12
CHICAGO (A)	10	12	.455	95	95	12
OAKLAND (A)	9	13	.409	90	90	15
KANSAS CITY (A)	8	14	.364	85	85	18
PHILADELPHIA (N)	10	11	.476	95	95	10
ATLANTA (N)	9	12	.429	90	90	15
LOS ANGELES (N)	8	13	.385	85	85	18
BALTIMORE (A)	10	11	.476	95	95	10
NATIONAL LEAGUE						
ST. LOUIS (N)	11	10	.524	100	100	10
MONTEREAL (N)	10	11	.476	95	95	10
CHICAGO (N)	9	12	.429	90	90	15
PITTSBURGH (N)	8	13	.385	85	85	18

Team	W	L	W-L %	Runs	Hits	Errors
NEW YORK (N)	11	10	.524	100	100	10
BOSTON (N)	10	11	.476	95	95	10
ST. LOUIS (N)	11	10	.524	100	100	10
MONTEREAL (N)	10	11	.476	95	95	10
CHICAGO (N)	9	12	.429	90	90	15
PITTSBURGH (N)	8	13	.385	85	85	18

FREE AIR CONDITIONING WITH EVERY NEW SAAB BOUGHT DURING MAY.



WE BELIEVE A COOL DRIVER IS A BETTER DRIVER.

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Zeus Subaru Corp.
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Brewster
Lighthouse Motors
Tel. 279-8066

Briarcliff Manor
Wallace Scott, Inc.
Tel. 941-8660

Brooklyn
Mid-Country Saab, Div of
Mid-Country Buick, Inc.
Tel. 284-6900

East Setauket
Setuket Foreign Motor Sales
Tel. 941-4540

Elmont
Long Island Jeep, Inc.
Tel. 354-0267

Farmingdale
Luv Imports, Ltd.
Tel. 694-2200

Glen Cove
Gen Cove Imported Cars, Inc.
Tel. 676-1644

Huntington
Coldspring Imports, Inc.
Tel. 692-6465

Long Island City
L.L.C. Auto Imports, Inc.
Tel. 784-8888

New York City
Zumbach Sports Cars, Ltd.
Tel. 247-1444

Orangeburg
Pizza Auto Sales & Service, Inc.
Tel. 359-7777

Staten Island
Setuket Motors, Inc.
Tel. 962-2553

White Plains
Sterns Motors, Inc.
Tel. 949-4155

Yonkers
Wilks Motors, Inc.
Tel. 963-5446

NEW JERSEY

Bergenfield
Parkfield Motors
Tel. 386-7736

Deenville
Rehner Motors
Tel. 627-0616

Dover
Swartz Motors
Tel. 366-8234

East Keansburg
How-Lou Motors
Tel. 787-4556

Englewood
Sullivan & Hoag, Inc.
Tel. 569-9000

New Brunswick
Middlesex Foreign Car Sales & Service
Tel. 247-8769

West Orange
Homung Automotiva Sales & Service
Tel. 731-7390

CONNECTICUT

Ansonia
Cherney Pontiac Corporation
Tel. 734-3341

Fairfield
Continental Motors, Inc.
Tel. 368-6725

New Canaan
Saab of New Canaan, Inc.
Tel. 966-8800

Stamford
Continental Motors
Tel. 327-7410

Westport
Chapman Motors, Inc.
Tel. 227-7287

Sports News Briefs

McTear to Run in King Games Today

ATLANTA, May 21 (AP)—Houston McTear, a Florida schoolboy sensation who calls himself "the best in the world" at 100 yards, faces an elite field in a slightly longer race tomorrow at the eighth Martin Luther King International Freedom Games. The track and field meet, loaded with Olympic hopefuls, has drawn most of the world's top sprinters for a 100-meter dash that could provide a record-shattering time under 9.9 seconds.

European Discus Record Is Set

COLOGNE, West Germany, May 21 (AP)—Wolfgang Schmidt of East Germany tossed the discus 68.60 meters for a European record, upsetting the world record-holder, Mac Wilkins of the United States, and Guy Druet of France. Schmidt shattered the European record of 68.40 meters set four years ago by Ricky Bruck of Sweden. Wilkins set the world mark of 70.86 meters May 1 in San Diego.

Toronto Baseball Club Names Board

TORONTO, May 21 (UPI)—Toronto's major league baseball franchise announced today the formation of a board of directors with R. Howard Webster, chairman of the Toronto Globe and Mail, at its head.

Belmont Charts

Friday, May 21, 17th day. Weather cloudy, track fast. Attendance—45,877. Total pari-mutuel handle, \$3,420,365. OTB handle, \$2,397,941.

Braves' Pair Fined

SAN FRANCISCO, May 21 (AP)—Manager Dave Bristol and Coach Vern Benson of the Atlanta Braves were fined by the National League today for bumping umpire Harry Wendelstedt in Houston last Monday.

Today's Entries at Belmont

Table listing horse racing entries for Belmont Park, including race numbers, names, and odds.



CAR TROUBLE: Janet Guthrie and Rola Volstedt, the owner-builder of her car, in garage area at the Indianapolis Motor Speedway yesterday, after the car had mechanical difficulties. Miss Guthrie, the first woman to attempt to qualify for the Indianapolis 500, is a doubtful qualifier because of the troubles.

Mets Score 2 in 9th And Beat Expos, 4-3

Continued From Page 13... before the game. The leaden skies and unseasonable temperature did not deter 8,543 fans from trooping to the 28,000-seat stadium in the northern part of the city.

Pro Transactions

BASEBALL. NEW YORK (AP)—Recalled Kerry Diest, outfielder, from Syracuse of International League to New York Yankees.

High Tides Around New York

Table showing tide schedules for various locations around New York, including Sandy Hook, Willoughby, and Montauk.

Kirby, Post Are Victors

Continued From Page 13... Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America had setbacks, too. Greg Eckman, a leading intermediate hurdler, wanted to move clothing from his dormitory last night.

122 Yachts Set Sail at Larchmont

LARCHMONT, N.Y., May 21—Under a clear, blue sky and with ideal weather conditions, a fleet of cruising yachts set sail from Larchmont Breakwater late this afternoon on the Larchmont Yacht Club's 21st annual distance race.

Roosevelt Results

Table listing results for horse races at Roosevelt Race Track, including race numbers and winners.

Belmont Jockeys

Table listing jockey statistics for Belmont Park, including names and win percentages.

West Germans Lose on Boat

Continued From Page 13... incurred and justified as an attempt to publicize the country. The governments of The Philippines and Malaysia participated in the promotion of Ali's title defenses in Manila and Kuala Lumpur.

Summaries of IC4A Track Even

Table summarizing results from various track events, including 400-meter, 800-meter, and 1,600-meter races.

Amer. Soccer

LAST NIGHT'S OF CONFERENCES IN NEW YORK... The American Soccer League...

Large advertisement for wine and accessories, featuring the headline 'BECOME A WINE EXPERT' and 'Boats & Accessories'.

Vertical advertisement on the far right edge of the page, partially cut off.

REGRETS
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a very small fraction
of the students,
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and minority."

Dr. Davis's article
said, "Medical
facilities can derive
deep satisfaction
from their success
in recruiting and
helping many able
students from groups
that were formerly
excluded."

In a telephone interview,
Dr. Davis said he was
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Hearing Opens, and Is Recessed, on First Purported Hughes Will

By WALLACE TURNER
Special to The New York Times

LAS VEGAS, Nev., May 21—
More than a dozen lawyers,
including the Attorney General
of Texas, were on hand in a
Clark County courtroom today
for the opening round in what
is expected to be a long battle
over the estate of Howard R.
Hughes.

It was the first hearing on
the first will filed among 18
purported wills of the wealthy
industrialist. Four separate
attacks have been opened on
the validity of this will, which
was found on April 27 on a
desk in the world headquarters
of the Church of Jesus Christ
of Latter-day Saints (Mormons)
in Salt Lake City.

The upshot today was that
District Judge Keith Hayes, ob-
serving that "little of substance
can be accomplished here this
morning," recessed the hear-
ings until July 30.

The handwritten "Mormon
will" was delivered here by
church officials as directed by
a note on the envelope in which
it was found. The document
was presented for probate on
April 30 by Noah Dietrich, an
87-year-old Los Angeles resi-
dent who was once Mr.
Hughes's chief assistant but
who had been estranged for al-
most two decades from the re-
clusive billionaire, who died on
April 5.

The attacks on the will's va-
lidity are called, in legal parlance,
"contests." The practice
is to name as defendants those
who are assumed to have a
stake in the validity of the pur-
ported will. These defendants
then have 30 days from legal
notification in which to respond
to the contest and the person

filing the contest then has 30
days to answer.

Noting all this, Judge Hayes
recessed the hearings.

To some observers in the
courtroom there was a sense
of unreality about the proceed-
ings. They followed, at the end
of the court calendar, a series
of uncontested divorces granted
at the rate of about one every
three minutes, and the reading
of orders in other probate
matters. Then came the matter
of the purported will of the
eccentric, moody Mr. Hughes—a
document that if valid would
distribute the \$1.5-billion—per-
haps more—amassed during
the industrialist's lifetime.

Among the attorneys present
were those representing Rice
Institute, the University of Cal-
ifornia, University of Nevada,
and, representing the University
of Texas, the Texas Attorney
General, John Hill.

These institutions are among
the beneficiaries named in the
purported will. The Mormon
Church was also named as a
beneficiary, but the Mormons
had no legal representative in
court.

The unreal quality of the
proceedings was heightened by
the knowledge that the will's
authenticity has been attacked
in uncompromising terms by
several handwriting experts
who have examined it as well
as by Mr. Hughes's associates
during much of his lifetime.

One expert, however, said he
thought the handwriting was
a matched sample of Mr. Hug-
hes's writing.

Others familiar with Mr.
Hughes's affairs, including the
executives of Summa Corpora-
tion, his personal holding com-
pany, have referred to the
document as a forgery.

Perhaps the most significant
of the five attacks on the pur-
ported will is that of Mrs. An-
nette Gano Lummis, the 85-year-
old Houston woman who was
the closest surviving relative of
Mr. Hughes. She is his mother's
sister.

Mrs. Lummis says she was
the sole heir under the law
of descent and distribution of
Nevada. She denied that Mr.
Dietrich was executor of Mr.
Hughes's last testament, and
called the document under con-
sideration "a forgery, a fraud
and a hoax." She said it was
written by an uncle of Howard
Hughes.

A fifth contest to the pur-
ported will arrived late this
afternoon special delivery from
Buffalo, it was filed on behalf
of eight persons claiming to be
cousins and heirs of the late
billionaire. This brings to 26
the number of individuals
protesting the document.

Meantime, the questioned will
is being held in a safe-deposit
box in a bank vault and is
brought out from time to time
so a new handwriting expert
can examine it. Judge Hayes
has forbidden the use of chemi-
cals to test the document,
which has prevented checking it
for fingerprints.

Today Harold Rhoden, a Los
Angeles attorney representing
Mr. Dietrich, said he would file
motions to have an envelope
containing the will tested in an
attempt to make readable the
numbers on a postage machine
that he said had been used to
stamp the back of the envelope.

Mr. Rhoden said he thought
the records of the company that
markets such machines
would show where that one
was located. He said the stamp
had been placed as if to provide
a seal over the gummed flap on
the back of the envelope.

The next contest about Mr.
Hughes's estate will be in Los
Angeles Superior Court June 1,
where the public administrator
and the Lummis family will dis-
pute the appointment of an ad-
ministrator. Other legal matters
involving the estate are pend-
ing in Delaware courts.

HARRISES LOSE PLEA
ON F.B.I. EVIDENCE

SAN FRANCISCO, May 20
(AP)—The State Supreme
Court has rejected by a 4 to 3
yesterday efforts by William
and Emily Harris to suppress
evidence found in their San
Francisco residence last Sept. 18.

The ruling paves the way for
the Harris' June 5 trial in Los
Angeles, where they are code-
fendants with Patricia Hearst.
The charges of kidnapping, rob-
bery and assault stem from a
series of incidents in May 1974
that began with gunfire at a
sports store.

The Harris were arrested
near their home here Sept. 18
—the same day Miss Hearst
and Wendy Yoshimura were
arrested across town. After the
arrest, the Federal Bureau of
Investigation conducted a war-
rantless entry and search of the
premises.

The Harris' petition con-
tended that search warrants
were prepared and completed
the next afternoon, based sub-
stantially on the existence of
materials that agents found in
padlocked closets during their
search.

The F.B.I. has testified that
it searched without a warrant
because it was looking for Miss
Hearst and Miss Yoshimura
and feared possible gunfire
within the home.

NADJARI ACCUSED
OF RAIDING OFFICE

Cunningham Aide Charges
'Watergate' Operation

By TOM GOLDSTEIN

The law partner of Patrick
J. Cunningham, the Democratic
state chairman, yesterday ac-
cused members of Maurice H.
Nadjari's staff of having illegali-
y broken into the two men's
law office "by covert operation
in the manner of Watergate."

The charges were contained
in court papers in which Joseph
S. Kaming, Mr. Cunningham's
law partner, sought permission
to delay turning over the busi-
ness and bank records of the
law firm to a special grand jury
impaneled by Mr. Nadjari.

A spokesman for Mr. Nadjari,
the special state prosecutor in
charge of investigating corrup-
tion in the city's criminal jus-
tice system, called the charges
"a grotesque untruth."

In the court papers, which
were filed with the Appellate
Division of Supreme Court for
the First Department, Mr. Kam-
ing said that his secretary had
been questioned earlier this
week by the Nadjari grand jury
that is investigating the possi-
ble sale of judgments in the
Bronx.

The prosecutor's questions,
Mr. Kaming said, "indicated il-
legal knowledge of the office
equipment" of the law firm of

Early Charge Cited

The action by Justice Sander,
who presides over Mr. Nadjari's
cases, came after Mr. Kaming
had charged Mr. Nadjari of
having "abused, threatened and
harassed" the law firm's clients
in an effort to obtain evidence
against Mr. Cunningham.

In denying a motion to quash
subpoenas for the records, Jus-
tice Sander said there was "an
appropriate legal basis for the
production of the records" with-
out ruling on the merits of
Mr. Kaming's charges.

It was this ruling that Mr.
Kaming has sought to appeal,
and Monday the Appellate
Decision is expected to decide if
it will issue a stay of Justice
Sander's order pending its
hearing of the appeal.

Justice Sander had directed
the records be turned over by
next Tuesday, when the grand
jury next meets. Late yesterday
afternoon, Mr. Kaming turned
over most of the requested re-
cords to Justice Sander, who
said he would review them and,
depending on what happens in
the Appellate Division Monday,
determine if they could then be
given to the grand jury.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

Grid of religious service listings including: HEAVENLY REST, ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, COLLEGIATE CHURCHES, ST. THOMAS, ST. JAMES, ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, ST. PAUL'S, etc.

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and Hong Kong -- View the
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N., MAY 30 8:30 PM
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CH. 11



Janet Gaynor, left, and her husband, Paul Gregory, greet Ruth Warrick at the opening of Miss Gaynor's one-woman show at Wally Findlay Gallery.

Janet Gaynor's Pictures Are on Canvas These Days

By JUDY KLEMESRUD

Janet Gaynor, who in 1928 was a sweet-faced ingenue who won the first Academy Award ever presented to an actress, was back in the spotlight here the other night. This time as an artist who paints flowers and vegetables. Several hundred friends and fans, most of them rich and many of them beautiful and some of them former co-stars from the 1920's and 1930's, trooped into the Wally Findlay Gallery, at 17 East 57th Street, to see an exhibition of Miss Gaynor's work, which will be on display through June 21.

"I paint flowers and plants because that's what I enjoy most," said Miss Gaynor, now 69 and silver-haired as ever, who wore a flowery red and green gown as she stood in the receiving line with her husband, Paul Gregory, a stage and screen producer, and Mr. Findlay.

"The whole idea of portraits doesn't interest me," she added, "because first of all, I think they would be very difficult to do. And even though I love animals, I don't think they'd stand still for me like flowers and plants do."

Several of the guests expressed surprise (and a little ennuui) that almost all of the paintings were of flowers. That they were, but never mind. By the end of the evening, 27 of the 40 paintings had been sold, at prices ranging from \$450 to \$1,600. Even Andy Warhol, the pop artist who made his name painting less traditional subjects such as Campbell's Soup cans and Brillo boxes, said he was thinking of buying one.

"I like flower pictures," he said evenly. One of the buyers was Heller DeMerritt, Mrs. Martin's daughter, who purchased one of the more expensive paintings — red, orange and yellow poppies waving in the wind — as a birthday gift for her husband, Bromley, who is in the oil investment business.

"It just spoke to me," Mrs. DeMerritt said of the painting. "I just love poppies, and I just loved all the movement."

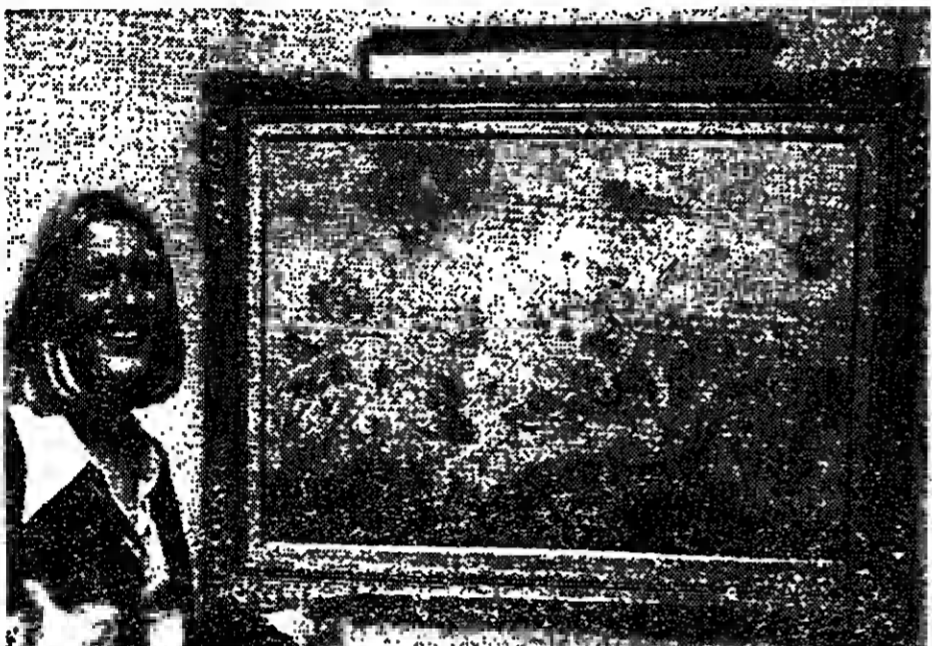
"Young in Heart" — Paulette Goddard, who was Mr. Warhol's date, kissed Miss Gaynor on the cheek and gave her a copy of the sheet music from "Young in Heart," in which they both appeared with Douglas Fairbanks Jr. in 1935.

Miss Goddard surprised some onlookers by the fact that she was wearing a diamond choker with her beige silk dress, rather than her trademark, flashing red rubies.

"They're in the vault, darling," she said when asked about the rubies whereabouts. "I opened a box in the First Women's Bank and put them in the box."

Lillian Gish, one of Miss Gaynor's acting contemporaries, arrived early at the party and strolled from painting to painting, really studying them. "Oh, they're so happy, just like Janet," she said. "Look at those pretty red peppers!"

Mad as she was about the red peppers, Miss Gish didn't buy any of Miss Gaynor's paintings, nor does she have any at home. "I only have my own paintings," she said.



Heller DeMerritt bought Miss Gaynor's painting of waving poppies for her husband, Bromley DeMerritt.

one of the reasons for the loss was a barrowing new horror movie she is about to begin here, "The Sentinel," in which she plays "a crazy Lesbian."

"I'm here because I have been a Janet Gaynor fan all my life," Miss Miles said. "I like her sweetness and her enthusiasm. I saw her with Fredric March in the original 'A Star Is Born,' and I think that's the version that's outstanding."

The guests also included Lady Nancy (Slim) Keith, Bill Blass, Robert and Eunice Gardiner, Jules and Doris Stein, Ruth Warrick, Monique van Vooren, Rita Lachman, Cordelia Biddle Robertson and her son, Anthony Drexel Duke; Harcourt and Jean Amory; Anita Colby, Stanley and Barbara Mortimer, Jim Falkenberg, Rita Gam, Betty Furness, and Miss Gaynor's only child, Robin Adrian, 33, a television space salesman who flew in from Los Angeles for his mother's opening.

Miss Gaynor, who won the Oscar in 1928 for roles in three silent movies, "Sunrise," "Street Angel" and "Seventh Heaven," said she turned her interests to painting after she retired from the movies at the age of 32 and married the costume designer Adrian.

"He encouraged me to paint," she said. "He told me once I was really an artist." Miss Gaynor said she took her painting "very seriously" and that she tried to paint at least six hours a day at her desert ranch in Palm Springs, Calif., where she lives with Mr. Gregory, producer of "The Caine Mutiny Court-Martial" and "Night of the Hunter."

"With Affection" Does she think that people buy her paintings for their quality, or because they admire her from her acting days?

"A great deal of people come to my shows because they remember me with affection," she conceded, "but the galleries tell me that people wouldn't spend that much money unless they really liked the paintings."

There were, of course, some guests at the party who didn't really like the paintings.

One of them, Huntington Hartford, something of an art connoisseur himself, pulled Miss Gaynor aside and said, "I'm not a collector, but I'm a collector of people. I'm interested in the people who are painting."



Rita Lachman, left, and Monique van Vooren were at Gaynor party.

Gems to Wear on Starry Summer Nights or Sunny Days

By RUTH ROBINSON
Abandoning, at least temporarily, the frankly fake jewelry that has brought him fame and fortune, Kenneth J. Lane has done his first collection in semiprecious stones. He was inspired, he says, by the new Hall of Minerals and Gems at the American Museum of Natural History, which he inspected well in advance of the official opening. The designer plans to expand on the collection, which so far consists of some 200 necklaces that are basically one-of-a-kind, often in un-

expected color combinations of rose quartz, lapis lazuli, serpentine, jade, tiger's eye, sodalite, carnelian and tha like. Some of the ornaments are definitely summery looking, particularly cool soft green and pink beads strung on knotted pink or green thread. Smooth round "new jade" beads look well with intricately carved rose quartz ones or with white coral delicately shaded to pink. Chunky bits of turquoise are used to advantage with lapis lazuli as well as with

seed pearls and amethyst quartz. Mr. Lane has even, for good measure, thrown in some beads of bobbi wood, which hardly qualifies as a semiprecious stone, but just happens to be a rare commodity. The necklaces range from \$60 to \$200 at Lord & Taylor, where they are displayed against chunks of uncut minerals. As a salute to the hall—the store is allowing museum volunteers to staff a membership desk on the street floor next week. If a woman has a way with scarves she will be able

to ring a lot of changes with the neck ornaments Mignon Faget has developed using what she calls the slipcord principle, a series of tubes that can be moved up and down to create different effects. The New Orleans jeweler, perhaps best known for her gold and silver shells, gets a new summery look by substituting bright cotton batiks from Indonesia for the ubiquitous silk cord. The resulting necklaces have the softness and flexibility of a silk sash; can be worn long in front, pulled tight as chokers or,

with an off-the-shoulder dress, draped like a scarf. Emphasis can be shifted to the back with a low neckline. Some of them can double as belts or be worn on the head in the manner Arabs wear okals with their bur-nooses. The designer gets striking effects by the judicious use of amber, cinnamon, sliced agate, brilliant blue African trade beads and the like. Copper tubes are used on heavy cords of orange batik, while silver looks particularly well on dark blue and brown, often strung on multiples of spaghetti cords, each fin-

ished off with a shiny ivory ball and a knot. The same principle, varying degrees of color, be applied to the shells—and, a newer de- velopment—textured at and walnuts, smooth filberts and pecans. Pri- the Kruger, Van Erle G 842 Madison Avenue 69th Street, start at a \$14 for a tiny silver cl- one spaghetti strand th- be worn long or t- around the neck (w- tied on the side. The p- \$135 for an impressiv- incorporating silver an- bar-on heavy cord. Gal- course, runs into more

Catskills Food Tests Amity Of the French

By NAN ROBERTSON
Special to The New York Times

GROSSINGER, N. Y., May 20—it was a culture clash to boggle the mind: haute cuisine meets heart-burn. "Eat three desserts!" a woman guest shouted as 101 members of one of France's most classic cooking schools plodded through Grossinger's vast knotty-pine dining room on their way to their first kosher meal.

She was only telling them what every regular visitor to these Catskills hills takes as an article of faith: if you can walk away from the table, you're not getting your money's worth.

The French gastronomes were led by Serge Perrot, the short, sparking director of the Jesu Drouant, Hotel School of Paris, and his wife, Gaby. The American host was 24-year-old Mark Etess, standard-bearer of the fourth generation of Grossingers to help uncounted thousands to reach the state beyond satiation within these pseudo-Tudor walls.

Tour of Esteries—The Gauls were sandwiching 10-Grossinger's, so to speak, between more leisurely tours of the hotel and restaurant schools at Cornell University in Ithaca, N.Y., and the New York City Community College in Brooklyn. Another stop during their five-day visit to the United States was the Culinary Institute of America in Hyde Park, N.Y.

The two busloads whizzed into the grounds, which at 1,200 acres are three times bigger than Prince Racio's Mooaco, the playland of France, at 1:45 P.M.

Mark Etess was at the door to greet them and lead them through the labyrinthine ways to their luncheon tables. Word had gotten around, and the hundreds still at the groaning board looked up to cheer them on. Some cried out "Enjoy, Enjoy!" and still others, in slightly bruised French, ventured "Bon jour," or "Oui, oui."

Starving French—After some confusion, the French were settled at round tables for eight in the back of the dining room. Young Mr. Etess explained that at capacity, 1,600 persons can sit down to a meal.

The French were starving after their bus ride down from Ithaca. The captain, Joseph Siedlecki, a Pole who has spent the last 22 years at Grossinger's and is married to a French woman, translated the menu. He also told the story of his life to the hungry guests in the time-honored local tradition. Many of them chose the cooled apricot fruit soup to begin with. "Delicious," they decided. Ready for heartier fare, Mr. Perrot ordered a rare steak. Mr. Siedlecki blanched. He began the initiation into the mysteries of Jewish dietary laws, the separation of dairy and meat meals, the soaking and salting of the meat to remove most of the blood, which Orthodox Jews are forbidden to eat. Grossinger's had been strictly kosher since 1914, he said, and at luncheon, it's dairy only.

Among the more solid nonmeat items offered for the midday meal were broiled fillet of sea trout, maître d'hôtel, the choice of most of the French.

"Personally, I prefer sole meunière," Mr. Siedlecki ventured, "but don't tell the boss."

The French were baffled. "How can it be sea trout?" wondered Georges Pouvel, one of the cooking professors. "Trout is a fresh water fish."

His answer was in the tasting. "Aha!" Mr. Pouvel said. "It is cabillaud [a form of baby cod]. In France, if you represent something falsely on the menu, the authorities can close down the establishment."

The baked squash fared no better. "It is patate douce [a variety of sweet potato]," the professor pronounced after

some judicious munching and lip-smacking.

Others sampled the "fluffy mushroom omelette" ("dry" was the opinion), the "garden vegetable dinner" ("bland") and the chopped tuna fish salad, which the meou offered as "garne." "What is garne?" asked Mr. Perrot. He was told that Grossinger's meant "garni," with a garnish.

The portions were gargantuan, but the visitors tended to pick at their food. Sensing a diplomatic contretemps between two great allies whose friendship, as visiting French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing has been pointing out, dates back to the beginnings of the two republics, Mr. Siedlecki hastened for the wine.

He returned with huge jugs of Gallo's Hearty Burgundy. Faces brightened. It was poured and sipped. Mr. Pouvel's visage was a study in conflict. "Very interesting," he muttered.

His neighbor, François Chantome, the aristocratic representative of Moët et Chandon Champagnes—which is sponsoring the French school's tour—surprisingly added water to his glass.

Then the tension broke slightly as the dessert most picked was passed around. It consisted of thick wedges of banana cream pie, which the French were told was "typically American." Almost all of the students, whose ages range between 16 and 22, loved it.

"I can never have enough cream," said Jerome Biliz, 16. "But there weren't enough bananas," said Jean-Marie Cornuey, 22.

Then the group was whisked through the hotel's elegant-tiled kitchen, separated into the production of meat and dairy meals. Rabbi Yehudah Perkin, one of the resident supervisors, showed a handful of labels plucked from the mountains of kosher food that daily arrive at Grossinger's.

He and Mr. Etess waved goodbye as the buses pulled away from the curb, en route to New York City. "A 100-year experience," Mr. Perrot said. "Our first kosher meal."



Paris chefs try kosher meal wears a new shirt from



Cooking professor Georges Gallo's Hearty Burgundy muses over: Gallo's Hearty Burgundy



Rabbi Yehudah Perkin in group about Jewish dietar



Mark Etess, left, a fourth-generation Grossinger, French a peek at geilite fish, a staple of resort's cu

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1986 La Gaffeliere.....	95.00	89.95
1970 La Lagune.....	69.00	65.00
1971 L'Angelus.....	68.00	65.00
1970 Lascombes.....	79.95	75.00
1964 Latur.....	109.00	99.00
1987 Latur.....	85.00	160.00
1986 Lynch Bages.....	135.00	129.00
1987 Lynch Bages.....	79.95	75.00
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Notes on People

Cooke Will Inspect Italian Quake Area

Terence Cardinal Cooke flew to Venice yesterday to visit earthquake-damaged sites in northern Italy before going to Rome for Monday's Consistory, the ceremonies relating to the creation of new cardinals.

After saying mass at the United States Air Force base Aviano, the center of much American supported earthquake relief, the archbishop will visit Udine and Trieste. His tour of the area is under the auspices of Catholic Relief Services.

A \$1-million libel suit has been filed here against Senator Walter F. Mondale by Genesis magazine. The suit cites phrases used to describe the publication at an April 14 news conference when the Minnesota Democrat said he was "outraged" to find an excerpt from his book in the magazine published her "for sophisticated men." The Senator threatened to sue his publisher, the David McKay Company, for selling the reprint without his authorization. The chapter, from "The Accountability of Power," was on press censorship.

Spokesman for McKay and Senator Mondale said yesterday that, under terms of their contract, lawyers for the two parties were in arbitration on points stemming from the reprint incident, including the question of "appropriate damages."

Senator Lowell F. Weicker Jr., Republican of Connecticut, and his probable Democ-



RECEIVES HONORARY DEGREE: Mother Teresa, a Roman Catholic nun noted for her missionary work in India and around the world, being presented with an honorary Doctor of Ministry degree by the Rev. John E. Brooks, the president of Holy Cross College, at commencement ceremony yesterday in Worcester, Mass.

Earl Hindman Weds Molly McGreevy

Molly Paine McGreevy, an actress of Kansas City, Mo., and Earl Warren Hindman, an actor, were married yesterday in Kansas City at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard C. Meyers. The Rev. Richard C. Meyers of the All Souls Unitarian Church in Kansas City performed the ceremony.

The bride is a daughter of Mrs. Hugh E. Paine of New York and the late Mr. Paine, who was senior partner in the brokerage firm of Abbott, Proctor & Paine. She graduated from the Dwight School and Vassar College and studied in Paris with Marcel Marceau. Her previous marriage ended in divorce.

Mr. Hindman is currently appearing in the daytime television drama "Ryan's Hope" on ABC. He attended Phoenix College and the University of Arizona. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Burl Chester Hindman, live in Tucson, Ariz., where his father, retired from the oil pipeline business.

Events Today

- #### Music
- COLLEGIATE CHORALE, Carnegie Hall, 8 P.M.
 - DAVID LARSON, soprano, 32nd Street, 8 P.M.
 - YACHTING, Clubhouse, 12th Street, 7 P.M.
 - WILLIAM WESTREY, organist, 11th Street, 8 P.M.
 - ALICE TULLY HALL STAFF CONCERT, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8 P.M.
 - WOLFF LA HUNDE, soprano, 11th Street, 8 P.M.
 - DANIEL MORGANSTERN, cellist, and DANIEL LAHAYNE, piano, Carnegie Recital Hall, 8 P.M.
 - RAYMOND SCARNE, harpist, Carnegie Recital Hall, 8 P.M.
 - CHICK CONZA, jazz-rock, Beacon Theatre, 8 P.M.
 - HELIOS, jazz-rock, East 2nd Street, 8 P.M.
 - VICTOR HERBERT'S "Spartan" 7:30 P.M.
 - IMAN, jazz-rock, 7th Street, 8 P.M.
 - CRICK MORGANSTERN, soprano, 11th Street, 8 P.M.
 - AUDREY MORGANSTERN, soprano, 11th Street, 8 P.M.
 - INTERSTATE OPERA, 28th Street, 8 P.M.
 - OPERA OF MANHATTAN, Eastside Place, 28th Street, 8 P.M.

- #### Dance
- ALVIN ALLEY CITY CENTER DANCE THEATRE, City Center, 28th Street, 8 P.M.
 - BRUNNEN, 28th Street, 8 P.M.
 - THE MADRID MATINEES, 28th Street, 8 P.M.
 - AMERICAN BALLROOM DANCE SOCIETY, 28th Street, 8 P.M.
 - THE NEW YORK CITY BALLET, New York State Theatre, 11th Street, 8 P.M.
 - ROYAL DANISH BALLET, Metropolitan Opera House, 11th Street, 8 P.M.
 - THE NEW YORK CITY BALLET, New York State Theatre, 11th Street, 8 P.M.
 - SARA RUDNER AND FRIENDS, Metro-Centerman Shop, 52nd Street, 8 P.M.
 - ASIAN AMERICAN BALLET THEATRE, 11th Street, 8 P.M.
 - OLIVE BOARDMAN, OLIVE ELIOT, and ROBERT SMALL, Riverside Church, 11th Street, 8 P.M.
 - AMERICAN BALLET THEATRE, 11th Street, 8 P.M.

Film: 'Guernica,' Arrabal's Civil War

By RICHARD EDER

Fernando Arrabal is a precocious 43-year-old child who sits on the floor and tells totally made-up stories about the outside world. They eddy and change color, from ridiculous to obscure to puerile, but stars keep falling into them.

As a playwright Mr. Arrabal has his own lodging in the Theatre de l'Abord: It is called the Theatre of Panic. As an ovide film maker, he charges the medium head on.

There is a lot of damage any halfway competent movie director could have warned him about, and a measure of splintered brilliance that no halfway competent movie director could have dreamed of.

In "Guernica," which opened at the 68th Street Playhouse yesterday, Mr. Arrabal, an exiled Spaniard, has given us his Civil War. It is grotesque and painful, absurdly obvious in parts, rough and chaotic almost throughout. It is almost totally one-sided—and yet in its own highly personal way it is authentic. It is the Civil War as nightmare, but its obscenity and ferocity are metaphors for tenderness.

The setting is an imaginary village called Vila Romane, set in Extremadura, the most barren and backward of Spain's regions. With no subtlety at all, the film sets out its cast of characters.

Vandale, played by Mariangela Melato, is a beautiful hermit, half-witch. Count Cerrullo is the rural landlord who rails against the Republic and the loss of his authority. He has three brutal sons who ride around assaulting peasant women and meeting in a cellar to plan their part in the Franco uprising.

The fourth son, Goya, is a Surrealist artist who despises politics. He breaks up first-communion services by telling the children the wine is poisoned, paints obscene crucifixion scenes and sits through a scolding by his father while masturbatorily quietly into his brandy glass.

The Nationalist rising takes place, but in Villa Romero it fails. The landlord's sons flee to join Franco's troops, the landlord climbs into the village school and is hidden by the schoolmaster, a Republican and an advocate of non-violence.

Vandale and Goya flee separately for France. They meet in the town of Guernica, fall in love instantly (a dove flies

There are other bloody sights. Children move in a slow-motion procession up a hill; the soundtrack alternates their guttural chanting with an anthem; the effect is to bind up in one image chimping and church-burning (Spain). There is an unbearable but inspired scene after the Republic is defeated: A bullfighter, using all the gestures and postures of his art, fights and kills five dwarfs lashed to wheelbarrows. The audience is the army; the church; the upper classes; the national anthem plays.

These things, in themselves, are "interesting" beyond all reasonable expectations. Many other things fail; and the film's technical carelessness (it is filmed in Italy, but even the Italian dubbing is sloppy—at one point Miss Melato is speaking Italian and the crowd is speaking in Spanish, drags it down further).

Miss Melato is a good actress but she doesn't have the force for the role. Her singing of one of the great Civil War songs is almost prim. On the other hand the American actor Ron Faber, playing Goya, makes a first-rate Spaniard.

Rough, ridiculous, arbitrary, "Guernica" is a film designed to make the spectator fight it. The remarkable thing is that it frequently wins.

The Cast

GUERNICA written and directed by Fernando Arrabal. Produced by Harry Brown. Photographed by Juan Suarez. Edited by Roman Lucifora. At American Playhouse, 68th Street. Running time: 116 minutes. This film has not been rated.

Vandale.....Mariangela Melato
Count Cerrullo.....Ron Faber
Goya.....Ron Faber
The Dwarfs.....Ron Faber
The Army.....Ron Faber
The Church.....Ron Faber
The National Anthem.....Ron Faber

In slow motion from one to the other to symbolize it, and are separated when Guernica is bombed.

She returns to Vila Romane and, no longer a hermit, rallies the villagers to fight the oncoming Franco troops. He sets an airplane and machine-guns the besiegers' cannons. Ultimately the village falls, Vandale and Goya are made prisoner, and he is tortured. She manages to escape and free him. They climb to the mountains and against an enormous setting sun, embrace; symbols of a future Spanish liberation.

That is the plot, with all its far-fetched melodrama. The film's strength is elsewhere: in images, that express the savage yearnings and excesses that were the fuel of a terrible civil war. Many of the villagers are dwarfs: Arrabal uses them to symbolize the oppression of a people. "Now we will be like everyone," one dwarf declares—it is a flash of pain—when the village invades the landlord's castle.

SPRING Wine Sale AT PostLIQUORS

There is no time like Spring when life is alive in every thing. It is a time for light lunches, it is a time for outdoor barbecues, and it is a time for light, refreshing and relatively inexpensive enjoyable table wines. Here is a list of our selections, perfectly attuned for this season and especially redrafted for this sale.

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Cep De Vin Macon Blanc 1974
Domaine De Bonnet
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24 oz. CASE 3 CASES
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Cep De Vin Muscadet 1975
Co-owner of POST-LIQUORS, Mike Douglas sipped it and his partner Jim Galtieri, quips it. Our best selling LOIRE VALLEY wine, crisp, dry and very refreshing. 1975 is proving to be an excellent vintage in the LOIRE VALLEY, especially for Muscadet.
24 oz. CASE 3 CASES
2.49 27.00 24.00

SPRING WHITES ON SALE

Seave Superior 1974, Patermella	\$1.89	\$19.95
Graves Select 1971, Cabnet	1.89	19.95
Chablis 1971, Sarva	3.99	41.95
Pouilly Fuisse 1974, Jacques Prieur	3.99	45.00
Sancerre 1973, Rabier (Loire Valley)	3.49	37.69
Saumur De Touraine 1973 (Loire Valley)	2.50	28.95
Puiguy Monchalet Les Reforts 1971, Maradevoz	4.99	58.00
Chateau Carbonnieux 1972 (Graves)	3.49	39.95
Marsault 1972, Jacques Nortier	4.79	49.95
Chablis Grand Cru Blanchots 1973, Moreau	4.99	59.95
Chablis Grand Cru Valmur 1973, Moreau	4.99	59.95
Nobstainer Spittelberg 1970, Schmidt	1.99	21.99

"BARBECUE" REDS ON SALE

Chateau Laroque 1970 (St. Emilion)	2.99	35.00
Chateau Laroque 1972 (St. Emilion)	2.49	27.00
Chateau Prieur Lichine 1972 (Margaux)	3.95	45.00
Beaufrais Villages 1974, Domaine Chermieu	3.25	35.00
Cotes De Rhone 1973, Domaine Chermieu	1.99	23.99
Castaignan Du-Pape 1973 (DeMaye)	3.59	36.00
Chateau Lascombes 1969 (Margaux)	4.99	59.00
Chateau De Ville Georges 1967 (Haut-Medoc)	3.75	39.95
Fotzer Premium Red (Calif.)	1.99	21.99
St. Emilion 1972, Cabnet	1.89	19.95
Valpolicella Superior 1974, Petrucci	1.99	19.95
Cep De Vin Cret 1971	1.99	21.99

1971 VINTAGE BORDEAUX ON SALE

For a period of time this noble vintage has been overlooked because of the universal praise received by the 1970's. Although the quantity in no way approaches the 70 vintage - the quality, depth and the smaller yield has resulted in a greater concentration of flavor. Here is a chance to round out your cellar with an excellent vintage - extremely more successful than the following 72's, 73's and 74's at prices especially reduced for this sale. Take special note of the Fizeux, Lannoux and La Gaffeliere which were particularly successful in 1971.

1971 Chateau Fizeux (Graves)	4.99	48.95
1971 Chateau Lannoux (Cassis)	3.99	47.00
1971 Chateau La Gaffeliere (St. Emilion)	5.99	67.99
1971 Chateau Pichon Laude (Pauillac)	5.99	69.95
1971 Chateau Langue Barton (St. Julien)	3.95	43.00
1971 Chateau L'Evangelie (Pomerol)	4.99	59.99
1971 Chateau Grand Larose (St. Julien)	5.99	69.99
1971 Chateau Haut Marbuzet (St. Estephe)	3.99	47.99
1971 Chateau Margaux (Margaux)	16.95	195.00
1971 Chateau Haut-Brisson (Graves)	15.95	179.00
1971 Chateau Pape Clement (Graves)	5.49	63.00

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1971 Chateau Fizeux (22.95)
1973 Chateau (29.95)
1973 Chateau (27.00)
1974 Beaufrais Villages (28.00)

WHITE WINES
1974 Bourgogne (28.00)
1974 Blanc De Blaine (29.95)
1973 Bourgogne Blanc (31.00)
1972 German Estates (29.95) (please request)
1974 Macon Villages
1973 Saint Vrain (29.95)

RED WINES
1970 Ch. Clos Fournet (St. Emilion)
1967/1971 Chateau Gloria (St. Julien)
1971 Chateau Lascombes (Margaux)
1971 Chateau Clos Fournet (St. Julien)
1971 Ch. Fizeux (St. Julien)
1973 Ch. Pomerol (Margaux)
1971 Ch. Grand Puy Lacoste (Pauillac)
1984 Ch. Clos Fournet (24% bottles)

WHITE WINES
1971 Nendstener Rebbach Spatlese (Schmidt)
1973 Chablis Les Presses (Fevre)
1973 Chablis Valmur (Fevre)
1972 Meursault Perrieres (Giacot)
1969 Carbonnieux (Graves)
1972 Puiguy Monchalet Pucelle

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concert Society Sings Rights Cantata AL HENAHAN choral groups, if others correctly, year to mumble "Messiah" and musical soporifics raised the sights sterner and per- cent decades, fly to the long- ed. It is no longer ough still most es come upon a to take on the mides that faced Society of New ice Tully had on ght. he problem was cantata dealing er women should to vote, "Mest- al Rights" 1868," Bennington Coly member com- year. The texts, in speeches and that inflamma- in the period just War, were by e Horace Gree- ck Douglass and slave Sojourner employs opposing men and wom- oists, a narrator, actors, an organ orchestra. At two ren sounds, for e really clear even derick Douglass's e moment are im- ones. The choral drab and lumpy not drab and spi- e of the promise Miss Fine finds mpulse and little em. The result is not declared to written but bor-

for and, say, -struck which times, and often the mass in out to be a bit group's abilities, dis- ed, and sing- are enjoying their riting, and that ny a flaw. OWITZ SINGS CITY STAND itz, who performs through tomor- e singing a repu- of the more urg singers and around town. If reviewer heard is indication, his d songs are the eputation, not his trest songs these nless task. Gov- corporate. But the ultimate tar- protest songs, educed to sitting e Watergate and relations and re- In an "us against almost nobody tem, which makes songs, those of included, sound itz sounds as if ditionally, without d extra polish to es. He sometimes y way out when rhyme a line or ea. But the best have an innocent air own, and his ody, chords, and — is often wist- g, and strikingly ROBERT PALMER CARS RISE TO 65 CENTS (which, chairman alitan Transporta- y, said yesterday d fuel costs and ck in Federal aid n increase in the 65 cents by late 77. The M.T.A. 08 million budget and the Y.M.C.A. ing an increase in fare would have said that the new signed this week ng the rising defi- costs of electric fuel and other rising. The M.T.A. kinds of subsidies leral Government gainst operating ne of them, pro- sition this fiscal terminated after

Walter Reade Theatres THAT'S ENTERTAINMENT PART 2 11, 1:30, 4, 6:30, 9, 11:30 ZIEGFELD / 8th Ave. & 54th St. WHIFFS 12, 1:40, 3:25, 5:05, 6:45, 8:30, 10:10 BARDNET / 3rd Ave. at 59th St. SMILE ORANGE 12, 2:35, 4:20, 6:05, 8:10, 10 FESTIVAL / 57th St. at 5th Ave. SMILE ORANGE 12, 2:35, 4:20, 6:05, 8:10, 10 Special Midnight Show Tonight Andy Warhol's "FLESH" NEW YORKER / 7th Ave. & 83rd St. END OF THE GAME 12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 LUNA CARNEGIE / 57th St. at 7th Ave. THE SAILOR WHO FELL FROM GRACE WITH THE SEA 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 CORDNET / 3rd Ave. at 59th St. TWO BY LINA WERTMULLER SWEEP AWAY 2, 4, 10 ALL SCREWED UP 12, 4, 8 FINE ARTS / 59th St. bet. Pr & Bk. ROBIN & MARIAN 12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 34th St. EAST / Near 2nd Ave. ROBIN & MARIAN 12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 Special Midnight Show Tonight "ROCKY HORROR PICTURE SHOW" WAVERLY / 6th Ave. at 3rd St.

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GUERNICA A FILM BY ARRABAL

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EXOTIC

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Misty Beethoven

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Met Opera Board Revamps Organization

By RAYMOND ERICSON The Metropolitan Opera Association announced yesterday the first reorganization of its board of directors in 18 years.

thought it would be beneficial to set up a reduced number of active people on the board.

17 New Members Elected

At the same time, the board announced that it had elected 17 new members. These new members will give the board much broader national representation than it has had in the past.

Concert Tonight Honors A Cantor for 65 Years

David Puterman was a 10-year-old member of the choir at Chav Zadek Synagogue on Norfolk Street when he became a boy cantor.



The New York Times David Puterman at the Park Avenue Synagogue.

Mr. Puterman, who decided years ago that he would rather be known by the Hebrew title 'hazzan' rather than cantor, made his last major appearance earlier this month at the Park Avenue Synagogue where he had served for 43 years.

William Rockefeller, president and chief executive officer of the association, pointed out the reason for the first restructuring of the board since 1958.

'The growth in scope and complexity of the Metropolitan's operations during the past 18 years,' he said, 'as well as the many projects we are exploring for the future, have made it imperative that we reorganize our board in order to make the most effective use of the diverse talents of our directors.'

Mr. Van Norden said, 'we are running out of money, and we have to make every effort to keep going. We will probably raise \$3.5 million this year, but that still leaves us with a deficit of \$2 million.'

The newly elected managing directors include Dr. Albert Bush-Brown, chancellor of Long Island University; Lloyd N. Cutler, lawyer; Wilbur Daniels, executive vice president of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union; David J. Mahoney, chairman of the president of Norton Simon Inc. and chairman of the Central Opera Service and a vice pres-

Stage: 'John' by Barry

Jefferson Company in Classical Tragedy

By MEL GUSSOW Before Philip Barry won his reputation as a master of urbane comedy with such plays as 'Holiday' and 'The Philadelphia Story,' he wrote 'John,' a classical tragedy about 'John the Baptist.'

'John' ran only 11 performances on Broadway in 1927. According to the Joseph Jefferson Theatre Company, the production of 'John' in a straightforward staging by Cyril Simon is the first New York revival of the play. The Jefferson company is performing a definite service.

'John' is not an epic, but a rather compact, talkative play that focuses on three persons, John, Herodias and Antipas (in that order), with Salome reduced to a minor role and Christ an off-stage character.

Ballet: 'New, Purified 'Square Dance'

By ANNA KISSELGOFF In 1957, George Balanchine created a delightful ballet that combined classic technique with a hoodwinked spirit and called it 'Square Dance.' Now he has taken the square and converted it into a beautifully serene pure dance ballet.

This new version of 'Square Dance' was presented by the New York City Ballet for the first time Thursday night at the State Theater. The old version had been out of the company's repertoire since 1960, although it was given a few years ago by the City Center Jeffrey Ballet. To call this production a revival is not entirely accurate. The spirit behind it is so radically different that it looks deceptively like a new work.

The first version was a compendium of wit. The patterns and attitudes suggested American square dancing. Yet all the while the dancers were performing classical steps: entrechats, jetsés and pirouettes.

FUTURES UP A BIT IN SOYBEAN MEAL

Commercial and Speculator Demand Is Spur at Close

By ELIZABETH M. FOWLER Heavy selling of soybean meal by Cargill Inc. led to a busy 30 minutes of liquidation on the Chicago Board of Trade yesterday, but then prices moved up to close a little higher on the day, continuing their long upward.

The July contract closed at \$168.80 a ton, up from \$163.50 a ton on Friday.

Meanwhile, a rumor that Poland might buy old crop corn attracted to the corn market a number of traders known as 'spreaders,' who buy one contract and sell another.

MISSISSIPPI PLANS THRIFT UNIT ACTION

JACKSON, Miss., May 21 (AP)—State officials will take over Mississippi's largest state-chartered savings and loan association in an effort to calm panicky depositors and stabilize the industry in the state.

Prices of Commodity Futures

Table with columns for Friday, May 21, 1976. Includes WHEAT, SOYBEAN MEAL, SOYBEAN OIL, SUGAR, RICE, COFFEE, etc. with High, Low, Close, and Prev. columns.

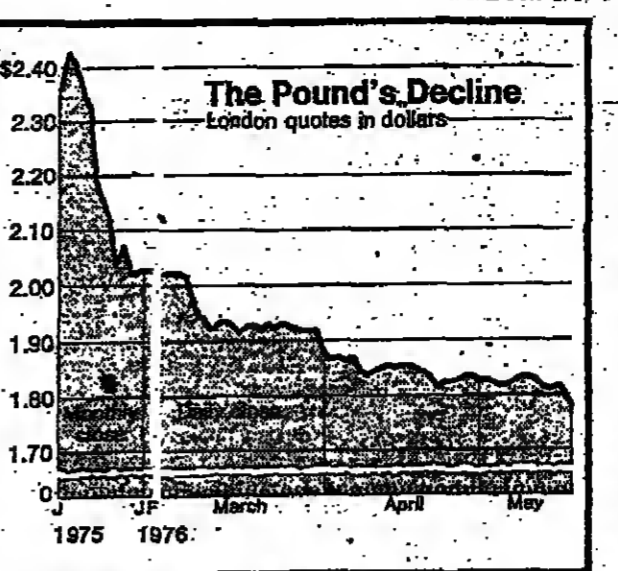


Table titled 'Central Bank Rates Compared' showing interest rates in percent for various countries including Belgium, Britain, Canada, France, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Switzerland, United States, and West Germany.

Prices of Commodity Futures

Table for COPPER, GOLD, SOYBEAN MEAL, SOYBEAN OIL, SUGAR, RICE, COFFEE, and LIVE BEEP CATTLE. Includes columns for New York Mercantile Exchange, High, Low, Close, and Prev.

Money

Table for NEW YORK (AP) - Money rates for Federal funds market, Commercial bank prime, and Treasury bills.

Dollar Shows Squeeze

BRUSSELS, May 22—The dollar gained its European money market a little light moment in some cities.

NEW YORK BRIDGE CLOSED

NEWARK, May 21 (AP)—The City Street Bridge linking this city and East Newark will be closed Monday for 18 months of extensive repairs.

Cash Prices

Table for Friday, May 21, 1976. Includes categories like Wheat, Soybean Meal, Soybean Oil, Sugar, Rice, Coffee, and Live Beep Cattle with columns for High, Low, Close, and Prev.

POUND FALL LOAN COST

Continued From P

Chancellor of the Denis Healey were kept close watch on the pound today. The pound \$1.781, ending a \$1.80 for the first time.

This, in turn, a pressure on prices ensues Mr. Healey's lagging sentiment on which they hope to avoid the Labor Party.

Mr. Healey said he had miscalculated and that the pour further 'than just a lot of people the wrong way,'

Despite his opinion that the pound is still a long way from recovery, Mr. Healey said he had miscalculated and that the pour further 'than just a lot of people the wrong way,'

Dollar Shows Squeeze

BRUSSELS, May 22—The dollar gained its European money market a little light moment in some cities.

NEW YORK BRIDGE CLOSED

NEWARK, May 21 (AP)—The City Street Bridge linking this city and East Newark will be closed Monday for 18 months of extensive repairs.

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of Mathematics... Principals Shun... Various small text fragments and advertisements on the far right edge of the page.

The Times

Superstars of Mathematics

By HARRY SCHWARTZ

RES OF A MATHEMATICIAN. By Alan Turing. Illustrated. Charles Scribner's Sons. \$14.95.

came so outstanding living mathematician. If you're an average American, you can do this. Mathematics are perhaps the most important group of American scientists in this post-war world. Even the press has vied upon trying to report about it and what's what in the mathematical world. Reporters who are fearless to expose the mysteries of the atom, of quarks, pulsars, tectonics, quail and flee when the challenge of category theory analysis.

live in a world dominated by mathematics and to a large extent, made by the work of contemporary mathematicians. The computer, after all, is only the mathematics of huge chunks of everyday life. Governments and major corporations base their strategies on mathematical models and techniques developed in the past generation. Mathematics long ago in large areas of science, sociology and political activity—sometimes called climetrics—growth point in the social

Pathy and Understanding

remarkable volume, one of the greatest living mathematicians, Alan Turing, has tried to break down the wall between creative mathematics and the rest of society. Dr. Turing to minimize almost completely mathematics that was at the heart of his activities and of those of his students with which he is famous to portray mathematics as human beings with whom sympathy and understanding are not qualifications or points of distinction in Poland in 1930, he manifested his productivity so soon and so he was invited to this country in 1930 and proved his quality first and then at Harvard. In World War II he became one of the scientific Los Alamos, where he worked his subsequent life. He has a valid claim to be considered the inventor of the atomic bomb, a claim disputed only by Edward Teller, Andrei D. Sakharov and Igor Tamm. He also invented the Turing Machine, a standard technique for studying problems too complex to be fully defined and explained only complete systems of equations. Alan's "crowd," before, during and after the Los Alamos years, were the stu-

perstars of American physics and mathematics. John von Neumann was a lifelong friend, Enrico Fermi, George Gamow, Edward Teller, J. Robert Oppenheimer, L. I. Bab, Mark Kac and others of similar stature populate these pages. It is an ambition in which, one gathers, many regarded Albert Einstein's achievements as more luck than brains—God shouldn't have used such simple mathematics as Einstein found. He had, apparently—and even John von Neumann—perhaps the greatest mathematician of the 20th century—is occasionally looked down upon condescendingly as not always quite reaching the highest possible perfection.

Gossip and Dirty Tricks

Mathematicians, it turns out in this volume, are inveterate gossips, have trouble with their wives like ointellectual meo, are often jealous of one another and are not above using dirty tricks to try to gain priority of discovery, etc., etc. It is very suggestive of the atmosphere among the molecular biologists as chronicled years ago by James Watson.

If you have the gift for creative mathematics, mathematical discovery is apparently relatively easy, or so Dr. Turing maintains. You just sit around a coffeehouse table with one or two fellow mathematicians, drink coffee and eat pastries, and think hard for several hours—interrupting the thinking with an occasional remark or a little writing on a piece of paper. It can also be done in a room where blackboard and chalk replace paper and pencil. I once knew a mathematician, on Martha's Vineyard who claimed to do his best work using a stick to write equations in the sand of Squibnocket Beach. But those who can work such miracles are few and far between. I just get a headache—and no new discoveries—when I try the Turing formula.

What also emerges from this book is the importance of being a Jewish mathematician. That fact was first hinted at in the emotional crisis that is in some ways the narrative high point of Norbert Wiener's earlier mathematician's autobiography—the description of how Wiener, raised as an anti-Semite by anti-Semitic parents—discovered by accident that he and his parents were really Jews. There is no such trauma in Dr. Turing's book, but he makes clear that even in his generation of mathematicians, being a Jew or not being a Jew was a significant fact that nobody ever forgot. And that was apparently even true for John von Neumann, who died in the arms of the Roman Catholic Church, but who liked to joke that any theorem the "goyim" could discover, the Jewish mathematicians like him and Turing could improve. All in all a fascinating book, and you don't even need algebra to understand most of it.

Ian Case's Principals Shun Initiative

from Page 1, Col. 2. The judge's decision of their law does not believe administering antibiotics constitutes extraordinary care and has no intention of stopping, the person said. Dr. Morse, the family, in its court petition, had asked for the removal of all "extraordinary" means sustaining Miss Quinlan's life processes so that she might return to her natural state and die "if it is God's will."

The reports of strained relations between the family and the doctors appeared, at least in part, at a meeting last night of lawyers for the family, the doctors and other principals in the case. The meeting was held privately with Judge Robert Muir administering the antibiotics. The judge's decision of their law does not believe administering antibiotics constitutes extraordinary care and has no intention of stopping, the person said. Dr. Morse, the family, in its court petition, had asked for the removal of all "extraordinary" means sustaining Miss Quinlan's life processes so that she might return to her natural state and die "if it is God's will."

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Adjuster Jailed N.J., May 21. Insurance adjuster was sentenced to a one-year prison term in a pair of 1974 destroyed the home of a Behliders dinner in Polow of Supposed the sentence in Samuel Moccio who had been conspiracy, arson. Last month, Judge needed former Police w Gugliemini, Mr. defendant, to two-years in jail for he conspiracy.

PREVIOUS PUZZLE

ACROSS
1 Dog-team order
5 Hawley
10 Act of 1930
11 Daze
14 Proposition
15 Milk: Prefix
16 Rent
17 Proofreader's mark
18 Decide on — of hands
19 of Night
20 Small dolphins
21 Cuddily
22 Poe's fallen house
24 Hockey star
25 Caresed
26 Like some soil
27 Sleep like
28 Church councils
29 Pressure sound
30 Sun events
31 Itinerary abbr.
32 Coast Guard women
41 Stag's time
42 Old word for Germans
43 Molding
44 Snells for rolls
45 Oysters' relatives

DOWN
1 Assorted. Abbr.
2 Do — others...
3 Cook prunes
4 Kind of sundae
5 Cutthroat
6 Southern side dish
7 Natural earth
8 Western-Indians
9 Kind of head
10 Wine
11 Critical period
12 Press
13 Quire
14 quantities. Abbr.
15 Sugar lumps
16 Caramels, etc.
17 Drill-sergeant's words
18 On the sheltered side
19 Exalt
20 Churl
21 Large pic town
22 Suffolk County
23 Brain or duck
24 Corn servings
25 Middle, in law
26 French seasons
27 Miserables
28 Grouping, as of blood
29 Eve and Enoch
30 Relig. speech
31 Designer
32 Chapman et al.
33 Cooking place
34 Libely
35 Beer or miss
36 — majesty
37 Billy or nanny
38 Baseball plate
39 bien
40 Dark

15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45

GOVERNOR VETOES THE 'HEART BILL'

He Blocks a Pension Deal for Stricken Policemen

By RONALD SMOTHERS

ALBANY, May 21—Governor Carey today, citing the need to deal with broad reform of the state's pension laws, vetoed a measure that would have permanently established the presumption that heart ailments among policemen and firemen were job related.

Such a presumption would automatically allow an officer suffering a heart attack while on duty to be considered for disability retirement at three-quarters of his or her annual salary.

The Governor's veto of the so-called "heart bill" comes after heavy lobbying by policemen and firemen's unions in the Legislature. That lobbying paid off as the measure passed both houses overwhelmingly.

The Pro and Con

Supporters of the measure successfully argued that heart disease was in effect "occupational hazard" among firemen and policemen. Some opponents insisted that heart disease was so common that officers should be made to prove that it did not result from smoking, heredity or other factors.

Still others, such as Mayor Beame, the Emergency Financial Control Board, the Civil Service Department and the Department of Insurance called the measure "fiscally irresponsible." Governor Carey, however, raised none of these issues in his veto message and instead referred to the completed studies of the state's pension systems and their recommendations that will soon be put into bill form.

In this setting, it is inappropriate and unwise to separately enact, on a permanent basis, a particular retirement benefit for a particular segment of public employees," the Governor said.

Overriding Unlikely

There was little likelihood that there would be any attempt to override the Governor's veto, according to a spokesman for the Senate majority leader, Warren M. Anderson of Binghamton. Since 1970, following steady lobbying by police and fire unions, the Legislature has enacted such a presumption of job-related cause

Jascalevich Faces Lifting of License

Continued From Page 1, Col. 3

plaint, as released by Mr. Hyland, contained no detailed information on the charges.

The six counts of malpractice relating to the deaths at Riverdell charged violations of the state's medical malpractice laws, growing out of the case in Jersey City in 1974 and 1975, concerned alleged fraud in the practice of medicine, professional incompetence, gross malpractice and gross neglect in the practice of medicine that endangered health or life, the complaint said.

It is understood that the case in Jersey City involved a young man who was operated on by Dr. Jascalevich at Christ Hospital and was later also treated at Jersey City Medical Center.

Medical sources said the case had posed a number of questions, including whether Dr. Jascalevich's reported diagnosis of cancer was correct, whether he reported cancerous tissue on which a pathological report was done actually came from the body of the patient and whether the patient had been properly cared for.

The action by the Board of Medical Examiners, which licenses physicians in New Jersey, had its genesis in Mr. Woodcock's investigation in Bergen County, where Riverdell Hospital is.

Last January, as Mr. Woodcock's own investigation was beginning to develop, the Prosecutor asked the medical examiners to consider whether Dr. Jascalevich's license should be suspended pending the outcome of the murder investigation.

As a result of that request, the board started a wide inquiry into Dr. Jascalevich's professional activities. It was directed by Anthony LaBue, deputy state attorney general

who serves as counsel to the board, unlike the investigation by Mr. Woodcock, the board's inquiry was not confined to the suspicious deaths at Riverdell.

Mr. LaBue declined to comment last night on the results of the board's inquiry, or on why it decided to seek a temporary suspension of Dr. Jascalevich's license. Under the law in New Jersey—as in most, if not all states—Dr. Jascalevich could normally continue to practice until the board had given him a full hearing on its charges or an opportunity to be heard after any criminal conviction.

Mr. LaBue said that if, following a hearing, the board decided to suspend or revoke Dr. Jascalevich's license, he could appeal to the Appellate Division of the State Superior Court, and, if that failed, to the New Jersey Supreme Court.

Last year, in a precedent-setting case, the State Supreme Court upheld a board decision to revoke the license of a doctor who had been indicted on a charge of illegally distributing drugs but who had not yet been tried on the criminal charge.

The examiners' action is likely, in the coming weeks, to overshadow any activity in Bergen County concerning Dr. Jascalevich's indictment on charges of murdering five patients, including a 4-year-old girl, at Riverdell. In those cases, experts employed by the surgeon are expected to begin examining the results of pathological and chemical tests on tissues from the five bodies, which were ordered exhumed earlier this year by Mr. Woodcock.

The tests, law-enforcement sources said, showed the presence of curare in the bodies. Eighteen vials that had contained the drug, most of them empty or nearly so, had been found in Dr. Jascalevich's locker at Riverdell in 1966, but the Jersey City



Dr. Mario E. Jascalevich outside his home in Englewood Cliffs, N.J., recently. He was arrested Wednesday but was released same day on bail.

surgeon said he had been using the drug in research on dogs in 1966, but the Jersey City

ACCORD AT POST AVERTS A STRIKE

Tentative 2-Year Guild Pact Calls for a \$45 Raise

The New York Post and the Newspaper Guild—representing news, business and circulation employees—reached an accord early yesterday on a new two-year agreement, thereby averting a strike.

Actually, the guild announced a strike and put picket lines for about 45 minutes Thursday evening, but then withdrew them and continued negotiations that led to the settlement at 2:45 A.M. yesterday.

The proposed agreement, which is subject to ratification by the union's 110 guild members at The Post, calls for a general wage increase equal to \$20 per employee for the first year of a two-year pact, and \$25 additional in the second year, The Post said.

Under the old contract, according to the guild, pay scales had ranged from a starting rate of \$10.60 a week for copy boys and girls and messenger to \$379.80 a week for reporters, photographers, and advertising salesmen, and \$394.50 a week for various editing classifications.

The settlement was somewhat different from those reached last year between the guild and The Daily News and The New York Times. Those agreements were for three years and provided an increase of \$25 a week the first year, and \$20 a week additional in each of the last two years. The Post contract, if ratified, would be retroactive to March 31, 1975, as were those of The News and The Times.

Theodore W. Kheel, who served as mediator in the extended negotiations between the guild and The Post, said the newspaper had agreed to drop a number of proposals that the union considered to be retrogressions. A productivity and morale committee, which Mr. Kheel had suggested earlier in the talks, will be continued, union spokesmen said.

The Post had sought offsetting savings to make up for increased labor costs. The settlement, the Post said, took into account "reductions" in the guild's unit which had occurred since the old contract's expiration as well as anticipated attrition during the term of the new agreement. A ratification vote is expected next week, a guild spokesman said.

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B-1 Politics (Cont.)

President Ford's political exploitation of the B-1 bomber has been delivered a well-deserved rebuff in the Senate. The story is far from over, but a thin margin of Senators was assembled on Thursday to postpone until the next Administration a decision whether to put this costly strategic aircraft into production.

Postponement makes sense on every count—except perhaps the one of a President under attack from the right wing of his party for an alleged softness in defense policy. It was clearly those charges, leveled by former Governor Reagan in the heat of the Texas primary campaign last month, that provoked Mr. Ford into a premature decision to start building the B-1. Testing of this \$90 million supersonic deep-penetration bomber is not scheduled to be completed until November. Only when all the test data are in hand can a fully reasoned decision be reached about the plane's utility for the national defense posture.

It is by no means clear, even to the most hardware-minded officers of the Pentagon, that the B-1 is in fact the best successor to the present B-52's, which have at least another decade of useful life. Former Defense Secretary Schlesinger apparently favored a cheaper type of bomber, the front-running Presidential aspirant of the Democrats, Jimmy Carter, is flatly opposed to B-1 production. Joining in the Senate vote to withhold \$948 million in initial production funds were two other possible Democratic candidates, Senators Humphrey and Jackson.

Unfortunately, the Senate debate was brief and lightly attended, leaving the upper house at a relative disadvantage in a confrontation with the House of Representatives on this issue. The House has already approved the Administration's request for production funds and specifically defeated the postponement measure that has now passed the Senate.

Intense lobbying pressures and grandstand plays can be anticipated in the coming weeks, as a House-Senate conference attempts to resolve the differences between the two chambers. Immediately after the Senate rebuff, Defense Secretary Rumsfeld signaled that the Administration fully intends to try reversing the action, and meanwhile will use the B-1 for all it is worth—and probably considerably more—as the temperature rises in the election campaign. The nation could be a heavy loser in a costly commitment made for flimsy political, rather than sound strategic, reasons.

Moscow's Trade Deficit

Traditionally a major Soviet boast has been that the system of centralized economic planning has made it possible to insulate the domestic Soviet economy from the "chaotic fluctuations" of the world capitalist economy.

The conventional Soviet argument is that Moscow planners are able to manipulate imports and exports to keep the balance of trade in equilibrium. Soviet foreign trade specialists deride the unplanned Western economies which seek balance-of-payments equilibrium by permitting their currencies to fluctuate. The ruble, Moscow claims, is stable and can be a purely domestic currency because planning protects the Soviet economy from the international market ordeals suffered by the dollar, the pound, or the mark. Historically, moreover, the Soviet Union has usually enjoyed an export surplus since World War II, a reflection of this centrally planned control over foreign trade.

Given this background, a sense of shock will be felt by many students of the 1975 Soviet foreign trade figures released recently in Moscow. Last year, the Soviet foreign trade deficit with industrialized Western nations—the deficit that must be covered by hard currencies—was almost \$5 billion.

Presumably the politicians overrode the planners. To get a foreign trade equilibrium last year, especially with the West, Moscow would have had to cut back sharply on its purchases of Western technology—many of them covered by long-term contracts—or eschew making the large-scale grain purchases needed to keep the Soviet people supplied with bread. The Kremlin must have decided that the alternatives were too unpleasant and opted instead for the trade deficit.

The Soviet Union's credit is good these days and Western banks have been happy to loan money to Moscow, to the East European satellites, and even to the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance (Comecon). But the debts are mounting, and they will increase still further if large trade deficits become a Soviet way of life. Questions have already been raised among Western bankers about the limits that should be set on these debts. The latest Soviet foreign trade data can only intensify this concern.

Excess School Profits

The most dismal aspect of the latest investigation into alleged overspending and profiteering by some of the city's school custodians is that it all sounds like a rerun of a decade ago. The worst criticism to be leveled at any system may well be that it fails to reform itself even after the cause of its shortcomings has been exposed and diagnosed.

At issue now, as it was then, is the arrangement under which custodians are in effect independent contractors hired by the Board of Education to operate the schools. Instead of being reimbursed for maintenance costs after they are incurred, the custodians are given fixed amounts with which to defray the costs of their own employees' salaries and of other maintenance expenses.

The only major reform in the aftermath of the earlier

scandal was the placing of a ceiling on the amount of personal income the custodians may retain after disbursing the funds given them, with any overage returnable to the Board of Education.

The system invites abuse. Apart from the temptation to dispense patronage by hiring friends, it also makes it highly profitable to put family members on the payroll and reward them, and thus oneself, with generous payments for overtime and other special services. This procedure lacks effective means of insuring that the schools get maximum return for the dollars earmarked for maintenance.

The custodians have a valid argument in pointing out that vandalism and a general disregard for property have made maintenance increasingly onerous and costly. Their task today is unquestionably more taxing than it was in an era of greater civility and decorum. But such difficulties cannot condone custodians' "salaries" that exceed those of principals.

At a time when every wasted school dollar eats away at children's chances for effective schooling, it is not enough to rap the knuckles of a few profiteers. The only acceptable answer to inflated maintenance costs is a basic change of a system that eludes effective supervision and control of expenditures.

Regional R.F.C.

The proposal by Felix G. Rohatyn to create a regional Reconstruction Finance Corporation to spur economic revival in the Northeast merits serious consideration in state capitals from Harrisburg to Montpelier. The chairman of the Municipal Assistance Corporation is clearly right in warning that, unless the Northeastern states stop fighting each other over a shrinking job base and start instead to cooperate, "we could all still go down together."

In this depressed region, there is no shortage of worthwhile projects that could profit from the kind of financial stimulus that was provided by the Federal R.F.C. during the Great Depression. Obsolete industries, fisheries and farms could once more be made competitive, new industries, and especially new sources of energy, could be developed. The prerequisite for such accomplishments is a single voice with which the region can appeal to Washington.

Beyond providing the necessary capital, a regional R.F.C. could create the framework for the broader regional cooperation for which Governor Carney has long been pleading. Once the participating states have persuaded Washington to give the project the absolutely essential Federal backing, the regional corporation's efforts could readily be extended to other problems of mutual concern, such as the area's long history of being shortchanged in the dispersal of subsidies by the Federal Government.

But to get the best returns from limited funds, the participating states in a regional R.F.C. would have to agree on priorities and pool their development plans for the most profitable deployment of jobs and manpower throughout the region.

Such cooperation will not come easy to states long accustomed to going their own ways and which, even in their current condition of mutual distress, continue to prey on each other in what Mr. Rohatyn has termed the "cannibalism" of job-piracy. Establishment of an effective regional R.F.C. would require a revolution in local thinking which, under the circumstances, may well be an essential exercise for survival.

Nuclear Darkness

The word for the proposed floating nuclear plant off Atlantic City should be "caution"—which is properly the spirit in which the State of New Jersey is approaching the prospect. The report of the Federal Nuclear Regulatory Commission—actually the first draft of an environmental impact statement—is more affirmative in its conclusions than in some of its findings on the plan of the Public Service Electric and Gas Company of Newark to build such a plant 2.8 miles off the Jersey coast. The commission is even less reassuring for what it leaves out of the report altogether.

The study conceded that bringing electric cables ashore would chew up some 43 acres of marsh and forest land and that 127 acres of sea bottom would be heavily silted in the process of dredging for transmission lines and a protective breakwater. But the commission decided that the benefits outweighed the possibly adverse environmental effects. It found any negative impact on tourism would be "unlikely" unless there should be "adverse publicity about the safety" of the nuclear project.

The commission might have helped to avoid precisely that kind of publicity if it had dealt fully and candidly with the question of safety. David J. Barden, New Jersey's Environmental Protection Commissioner, complains that for two years the state has been asking for a frank presentation of the risks involved but has never succeeded in getting it. The hazards of land-based nuclear plants have been analyzed—specifically those from the potential failure of emergency cooling systems—but no such analysis, according to Mr. Barden, has been made for offshore plants. A serious breakdown and consequent melting of the core could conceivably contaminate the currents and floor of the ocean as well as the atmosphere of a crowded resort area.

Many steps are still ahead before the utility's plan can become a reality. That is all to the good. By the time the course is run, it may well appear that the risk is reasonable. Meanwhile, Senator Case of New Jersey is emphatically right in arguing that the information made available so far "does not provide the basis for making a final decision."

Letters to the Editor

Housing: Flawed Focus on 'Sweat Equity' Day-Care: The

To the Editor:
Bishop Moore's well-meaning May 13 letter on housing suggests that he has unintentionally applied there the doctrine that faith is more important than good works.

He proposes to meet rising operating costs without higher rents—through "courageous owners." Renovations of vacant buildings by tenant-manpower, block associations, community groups, and stronger tenant organizations. Could we meet our food needs without paying higher prices through courageous grocers, consumer renovation of supermarkets, block associations, etc.? Housing differs primarily in that, in the short run, a community can avoid paying those who provided capital. But operating costs of housing must be fully met, here and now, if it is to be maintained decently.

An unusually suggested and astute housing official suggested that tenants perform part of the unskilled labor required to operate buildings, as a method of meeting part of rising costs. Will the Bishop support this proposal? West Side community leaders demanded dismissal of the official for offending that idea.

I believe that reliance on "sweat

equity" renovations of existing buildings is one of the least socially desirable methods of meeting housing abandonment: (1) By concentrating on what is to be done after abandonment occurs it condemns tenants to a period of living without essential services, and as a prime target for criminals, and then to flee to other housing (frequently much more expensive). (2) Since it does not deal with causes, the tenant's labor may be lost in another abandonment. (3) The taxpayers must advance funds for materials (to replace those stripped from the vacant building) plus labor which sweat-equity persons cannot perform, and also usually grant realty tax exemption. (4) Successful tenant self-help normally requires a prodigious amount of counseling, paid by government or social agencies. Incidentally, the Scriptures' Tower of Babel story illustrates how a sweat-equity project which lacked outside coordination and was overambitious resulted in abandonment before construction was completed. SIMON H. F. GOLDSTEIN
New York, May 17, 1976

The writer is a past president of the New York Chapter of the American Society of Appraisers.

To the Editor:
The ebbing of the day-care program for too many years, been subjected to the very environments of large, impersonal, under the care of too few who could not give the young the warm nurturing of a family. Perhaps, both women and children some of the values of the

A young child needs the care of older and younger people the opportunity to learn take care of himself and a is typical of his family's cultural background. He is and healthy place to grow

The young child does not be transported out of his home to be "managed" in congregate centers, under the supervision of educators, health counselors, nurses, dentist caterers, health inspectors, day-care supervisors, other people who have been care of the young for the stepping stones to, finance

Perhaps adults who are interested in the care of child could instead bring back home. Could not a competent mother be found to nurse five children in her home? And could not visit this mother could make sure she has the support and supplies to provide a warm place for her care?

This alternative to day-care centers would as much wasted money, give child the benefits of a utilize the womanpower ready flowing in every no of the city. SIMON H. F. GOLDSTEIN
Woodcliff Lake, N.J.

To the Editor:
The Presidential veto which the day-care center program million designed to permit it with Federal staffing and salaries will have reverberation tible down to the individual

Those of us involved in care delivery to children has alarming increase in the child abuse over the past and a precipitate rise of out subsidized day-care centers women, particularly those, single incomes and constituting parent families, will be afford baby sitters or private. They will be forced out of more important, out of programs and on to welfare

With mothers deprived of improving their lives in into isolated domesticity, will of the stimuli which nurture support the mothering role creating self-esteem, self-respect of participation, etc.) tion will be ripe for the which constitute one major child abuse. This might be an as a further complication of backs in the day-care program.

In the municipal hospital an employed, the number of addicted newborn babies re new high over the past three. The implication is that an increasingly desperate situation turning to narcotics despite that they are pregnant. This is to be another manifestation same phenomenon.

In this way, unsolved progressed from generation to generation. JERRINE M. KE
Director, Department of P
The Garburland
Brooklyn, May

How Schools Are Nam

To the Editor:
I would like to correct the misunderstanding of Emanuel Celler, happens many others, as stated letter to you dated April 22, re changing the name of the Fin LaGuardia School in Manhattan. The Community School Board required to send a firm request of a name for a school passing a resolution at a public hearing. The form must be sent Division of Community School Affairs for clearance only. Not division nor the Board of Education the Chancellor has the right Naming or renaming of elementary, intermediate or junior high school completely within the jurisdiction of the Community School Board for clearance of the name, as previously stated. ALFREDO MATH
Exec. Dir., Division of Community School District
Board of Ed
Brooklyn, May 11

Conscription's Losers

To the Editor:
We cannot cut the cost of our military manpower by reintroducing conscription, as you suggested in May 10 editorial entitled "Defense load." Conscription does allow lower military pay, but only by log the cost onto those who by mistake to be drafted into long jobs. Conscription only on the true cost of the military, by majority by concentrating it on unfortunate few. ROBERT J. SU
Associate Professor of Economics
University of Pennsylvania
Philadelphia

To Gamble for the City

To the Editor:
Two items in your May 14 issue must have challenged any thoughtful reader. They both have to do with income from gambling.

The first is the news article "Bill to Compel Bids on Lottery Printing Advances in Albany," requiring competitive bids on all printing contracts granted by the New York State Lottery Division. If, in the past, no such law already existed, this can only be



an unconscionable disregard for the part of our State Legislature for the interests of the citizenry.

With the O.T.B. history indicating that favoritism at the expense of our citizenry—had existed in the renting of space, it should be automatic on the part of our representatives to protect us from further questionable policies, such as noncompetitive purchases of materials.

The second item has to do with the City Council's approval of a "Pinball Measure." According to Councilman at Large Henry J. Stern, the "annual take" of the pinball industry would be \$104 million.

It is just as impossible today to

avoid mob takeover of any gambling business with such a huge gross by licensing as it used to be. (I marvel at Councilman Katz's inference that forty years ago the city was more dominated by racketeers than it is now.)

Just to put matters in reasonable perspective, the \$35 million reportedly earned last year for the city by O.T.B. represents less than one-half of one percent of the city's underestimated \$12 billion budget.

If pinball machines are demanded by our citizens, they should be operated by the city. The government income, if any, should be so small as to make competition by mobsters entirely unprofitable. A similar move by O.T.B.—including the expansion of its operations to football, basketball, baseball and boxing—would help to break the present hold which mobsters are known to have, known by almost everyone except some Councilmen. CARL M. LOEB JR.
New York, May 14, 1976

A New Israeli Edge

To the Editor:
Your May 11 editorial on the Government of Israel's statement of policy concerning establishment of additional settlements in the West Bank area pointed out what you believed were two shortcomings of the policy: (1) Additional Jewish settlements would make it more difficult for Israel to reach a negotiated peace with the Arabs and (2) it could cause Israel to have a confrontation with the United States Government.

The editorial did not consider an advantage of the policy, which is that it neutralizes a basic precept of Arab policy, to wit, that time is working against the Israelis. Now, as each new settlement is established, the security of Israel increases and that which the Arabs might hope to get by negotiation is reduced concomitantly. It thus provides the Arabs with an incentive to negotiate now and not later.

MARTIN A. GREENBERG
New York, May 12, 1976

Of Ethnic Identity and Progressivism

To the Editor:
Richard Sennett (Op-Ed May 10) makes a strong and necessary case against romanticizing the past of American ethnicity. He is wise in warning against social and political programs based on nostalgia, ethnic or otherwise. Sennett is also correct when he intimates that when ethnicity does nothing more than protect turf against outsiders it is dangerous to a pluralistic society. Yet he is unnecessarily harsh and a bit cavalier when he fails to come to grips with the very human need to attach oneself through one's ethnicity to an authentic group identity.

One need not idealize ethnicity to identify positively with the struggles of millions of blacks, Hispanics, native Americans, Asian-Americans, Jews, Italians, Poles and other white ethnics to better define themselves and seek to restore a sense of community. I wonder if Sennett, whose writing I deeply admire, would so easily cast a reactionary label on those who seek physical, conservatism and preservation. Why assume that a desire for "social conservatism" must be backward-looking? Dr. Sennett's own studies show that there is a powerful need to make the shattered human ecological systems that relate to family, neighborhood and ethnicity work

better. A movement which capitalizes on positive aspects of ethnicity and works to build coalitions among disparate groups might be a base for progressive politics.

We ought to counter the simplistic readiness of many American intellectuals to polarize such concepts as ethnicity and class and to cast advocates of ethnic pluralism and class analysis into enemy camps.

We have a responsibility in multi-ethnic America to teach and utilize the rich history, to enjoy the cultural differences and to respect the various group interests that emerge from ethnic identity. At the same time we must guard against group chauvinism and extreme separatism. The remaking of community based solely upon ethnicity is too limited a view, and the attacks on the concept of "ethnic purity" were highly justified, but why do we have to deny the continuing reality and power of the ethnic factor in order to maintain liberal credentials?

An America more responsive to its diversity may be a nation on the way to rediscovering itself.

IRVING M. LEVINE
New York, May 10, 1976

The writer heads the American Jewish Committee's Pluralism and Group Identity Institute.

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Adrift 'twixt Coolidge And Hoover

By Russell Baker

If Richard Nixon was Warren Harding and Watergate was Teapot Dome, then Gerald Ford is Calvin Coolidge, which means we still have Herbert Hoover to look forward to, which makes you wonder why anybody wants to be President this year.

History doesn't really repeat itself, of course; but there is a horrible exception to every rule, and present trends suggest the bleak possibility that this time history may whimsically be planning to give us a rerun. As in the Coolidge age, Americans are tired of politicians and of Wilsonian calls to greatness.

As in the mid-1920's, the economy seems to be coming out of a recession in style that promises bounty for the middle class but leaves a deep layer of unaffected poverty in its cellar. It may be, as the economists say, that the stock-market crash of 1929 cannot be repeated, but another Middle East oil embargo might serve as a substitute catalyst for disaster.

In Calvin Coolidge, as in Gerald Ford, Americans had a President who mandated nothing but Federal parsimony, and when the time came to range in 1928, they settled for the decent and honest Hoover, whose reputation for moral rectitude had been enhanced by stainless behavior among Harding's Ohio bootleggers. Elliot Richardson would be the parallel figure from the Nixon gang. Surrounded by grates, both kept their honor.

Perhaps the most interesting parallel, however, lies in our apparent refusal to settle for so little at the top and in our corresponding distaste for a government. Then, as now, the country seemed to be coming out of

OBSERVER

national trauma and seemed to want a case from the ousting of government.

This year's successful candidates are those—principally Ford and Carter—who skirt the issues government will have to face and base their appeal on their personal decency and honesty. Yet decency and honesty are very minimal qualifications to offer when applying for leadership. In normal times, these qualities are simply taken for granted.

With Ford and Carter, however, decency and honesty are celebrated as though the electorate might never have another opportunity to be free crooks in the White House. An alien visitor hearing Carter's constant repeated abjuring of mendacity and the political analysts' incessant tributes to Ford's decency might reasonably suppose there was a third candidate running in favor of dishonesty and indecency.

If any business corporation selected its leadership on the basis of applicants' devotion to honesty and decency, it would probably be dismantled next day by outraged stockholders. Not because stockholders don't want a modicum of honesty and decency in management, but because they are likely to take honesty and decency for granted, and to want their investments managed by people who also know how to turn a profit.

It may be, indeed, that many would accept a little dishonesty and indecency in return for corporate success. There have been no conspicuous instances of stockholders to the aircraft companies that engaged in bribery returning their dividends.

It may even be that the American electorate would not now be so hostile to dishonesty and indecency in the White House if the recent exercises in these vices had been less disastrous. If the Vietnam War had ended in victory by 1966, would the public rage at the deception which took us into it? If Nixon had made a clean breast of it immediately after the Watergate burglars were caught, might he not still be President today?

I make no defense of dishonesty or indecency, but merely suggest that people are apt, in the weak way of humanity, not to fuss overly much about them when they lead to success. As Adm. Ernest King observed, on his recall from the Navy's exile to come Chief of Naval Operations in World War II, "When the shooting starts they always send for the sons-of-bitches."

The shooting seems a long way from starting just now. We are in a hour of letdown and eager to do for the minimum demand a man can make—for honesty and decency. For Hoovers.

The political equivalent to Admiral King's "sons-of-bitches" this year are the men who have been losing priorities by talking about issues: Fred Harris, Ronald Reagan, Morris Udall, Henry Jackson. At this pass in history, they are troublesome rockers of the boat, threatening to disturb the smoothness of the drift between Coolidge and Hoover.

BONN—I am often surprised at how many people outside of the Federal Republic of Germany comment on the social and political stability of our country. I believe this social peace is primarily an achievement of our well-developed system of social security, combined with the principle of autonomy under which the labor unions and employers' associations are allowed to pursue their interests and negotiate their differences.

Under our legal system, social policy is accorded the same importance as economic and fiscal policy. As a result, we have a broadly-based system of social security which today covers virtually every citizen. The social security net has been tightly knit. It begins with an "equalization of burdens" among families through state-supported child-rearing allowances and a housing program designed to provide sufficient living space to meet legitimate needs at affordable prices—either through construction subsidies or rent supplements.

We attach considerable weight to the education and career training of our young people. Grants are available for advanced study as well as for the retraining of men and women already employed. A well-organized educational system with the state support makes this possible.

The major sectors of the social insurance system were adapted step by step to the social and economic requirements of today. Public health insurance covers not only wage-earners and their families but also independent farmers and, more recently, students as well. An escalator clause for old-age and disability benefits insures that people participate in the rise of incomes and general prosperity even after retirement.

Another important element in this system of social peace is the humanization of work conditions. Here, too, new legislative foundations have been laid, covering both job security and more "human-oriented" working conditions.

The entire process of setting wages and salaries is the exclusive responsibility of collective bargaining partners. The Government and Parliament would not even dream of changing this. In our experience, there exists no better solution.

The recurrent rounds of collective bargaining result in continuous cooperation between the unions and the



The Social and Political Stability Of West Germany

By Helmut Schmidt

employers' associations. Aside from their encounters at the bargaining table, top-level organizations of both sides meet frequently to discuss related problems of mutual concern, such as arbitration procedures for labor disputes, or other points of contention. Economic and social policy, too, is a topic at these talks, which, incidentally, always receive considerable public attention.

One result of this ongoing dialogue has been a low incidence of strikes. In 1973, for example, only 26 work days per 1,000 workers were lost because of strikes or lockouts—and only three in 1972. Statistics show that this is a mere fraction of the work days lost in other industrialized countries. Both labor unions and the employ-

ers' associations in the Federal Republic of Germany have played their roles in the collective-bargaining process with a great sense of responsibility. I am confident that they will continue to do so in the future, too.

An important forum for a clearing of interests is the participation of labor and management in the so-called "concerted action conferences." Under the chairmanship of the Federal Minister of Economics, these conferences deal with current economic issues. The "social policy meetings" of the Minister for Labor and Social Affairs fulfills a similar function in that sector.

The Government obtains the opinions of these two groups on all relevant legislation. Representatives of both labor and management are always

present at Bundestag committee hearings on such bills.

A particular field of union interest is, as everywhere, always the plant, the office, or the factory itself. Since 1952, the so-called Works Constitution Act gives the union leadership extensive rights to co-determination, participation, consultation and information.

Updated and improved in 1972, the act entitles the elected works councils to a voice in determining work rules, work schedules, overtime, short shifts and vacations. The councils must also be heard on occupational safety programs, measures against job-related illnesses and preventive health care. The same is true for manner of payment, determination of piece-work rates and bonuses.

The council is informed about and heard on plans for new construction, renovation or expansion of production, administrative or technical facilities, introduction of new production technology or working methods, as well as plant closings. Last but not least, the works council must be informed about all plans affecting personnel.

The workers—and in the coal and steel industries the unions as well—elect representatives to the boards of directors of their firms.

In the coal and steel industries, a system of "parity" co-determination and co-responsibility on supervisory boards has been in effect since 1961. In addition, the member of the executive board responsible for labor affairs cannot be appointed against the will of the labor members of the board of directors.

In other industries, workers today elect one-third of the members of the boards of directors, a percentage considered inadequate by the labor unions.

I am profoundly convinced of the fundamental social and political necessity of broad co-determination. Therefore the coalition of Social Democrats and Free Democrats introduced legislation to this effect, which was adopted in the Bundestag on April 9. According to this bill, workers and employees will in the future elect one-half of the board members of firms having more than 2,000 employees, with the other members to be chosen as before by the stockholders. In addition, these firms will be obliged to appoint a labor director as a full member of their executive board.

All these rights enjoyed by workers and their representatives give them a greater understanding of the workings of the firm or industry and of the effects of business decisions. This, I believe, creates a climate in which labor refrains from excessive demands and generally asks only for what is reasonable. This belief has been repeatedly confirmed by experience, especially in the difficult year of 1975. And when looking ahead toward labor negotiations of 1976, too, union leaders unequivocally stated that their demands would once again be guided by the productive capacity of our economy.

Helmut Schmidt is Chancellor of West Germany.

A Migrant Labor Pool

By C. L. Sulzberger

OSLO—West Europe's impressive economic recovery after the disruption and destruction of World War II depended upon four key factors: (1) provision of adequate investment funds, as initially made possible through the Marshall Plan; (2) systematizing markets and tariffs as provided in the European Economic Community (E.E.C.); (3) availability of ample supplies of reasonably priced energy; and (4) a generous reservoir of labor.

In terms of a historic era, one can say this period terminated approximately in 1974, with the onset of the worst recession in forty years. Phases (1) and (2) had already been well taken care of. But reliance on cheap petroleum came to an end with the Arab oil boycott in 1973. And the difficulty with which Europe initially faced this, including a severe economic setback, was soon reflected in the labor market.

UNESCO, which has devoted much study to the subject, estimates that in 1973 over ten million foreign workers held jobs in Common Market Europe, which comes to about 4 percent of the E.E.C.'s entire population. The largest figures were for France (3,905,400), West Germany (2,539,400) and Britain (2,579,000).

Other countries, indeed, have many migrant workers, including Switzerland, Sweden (largely Finns), Czechoslovakia (mainly Yugoslavs and Cypriots) and even Greece, where numerous Africans accept the poorest jobs. But the E.E.C. represents by far the greatest proportion.

Today there are hundreds of thousands of Algerians, Portuguese and Spaniards in France; Turks, Greeks, Italians and Yugoslavs in Germany; Indians and Pakistanis in Britain; Surinamese in the Netherlands; and Moroccans in Belgium. The great majority were initially welcomed (and considerable numbers entered illegally). Nevertheless, there is some hostility to this modern form of indentured foreign labor, the travel expenses of which were often incurred by host enterprises.

Although local citizens avoid badly rewarded, disagreeable jobs, ignorance and prejudice display themselves against de facto ghetto areas like those where poor Algerians dwell. Jean-Paul Sartre explains: "The super-exploitation of the African worker is necessary for the French capitalist economy."

An unpleasant atmosphere spread when the mid-1970's recession set in and there was increasing competition for employment. One even heard complaints that migrant workers received (as entitled) unemployment insurance and, while continuing to reside abroad, sent home their meager compensation checks.

Economic difficulties and a continuing high rate of unemployment in most E.E.C. lands have recently started to extrude immigrant laborers back to their original homelands. Thus many of the 900,000 Yugoslav *gastarbeiter*, or "guest workers," are being forced to return to Yugoslavia from West Germany.

The immediate result of this trend is to export recession or to heighten it in those countries least prepared to bear its strain. Yugoslavia already has an unemployment rate of 600,000 (about 11 percent). Now it is reckoned that about 100,000 Yugoslavs a year are being repatriated from Western Europe. Belgrade hopes an expanding economic policy may create new jobs; but the problem is difficult.

Basically speaking, Common Market Europe today opposes further immi-

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

gration, which is popular with its public opinion. But what will be the ultimate repercussions in such ill-prepared lands as Algeria, Morocco, Portugal or Turkey when their colonies of workers abroad, who sent back regular remittances, now straggle home, with neither remittances nor jobs?

Jonathan Power notes in "Western Europe's Migrant Workers" (and he quotes Robert McNamara), the choice is "between the political costs of reform and the political risks of rebellion." Several study groups are increasingly concerned with the problems involved.

UNESCO urges that young migrant workers be allowed full participation in decisions concerning themselves and also be given language instruction during and at their work. The Council of Europe has endorsed a proposal that all migrant workers should receive civil and political rights in their host countries.

But another field exists where perhaps greater results can be achieved. This is the planning of job programs in the workers' home countries or development of new centers where workers who cannot find jobs in their own lands may again seek employment abroad. Newly rich petroleum nations like Saudi Arabia and Libya are but two examples. The former has already started recruiting in Europe's unemployment pool.

Nevertheless, international coordination of such efforts is needed, whether by the United Nations or subordinate agencies like UNESCO or the International Labor Organization. Surely a floating source of labor, available when and where needed, is of value to the whole world, developed and developing. But it should be regulated by codes protecting workers against exploitation.



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FORD MEETS LEVI TO DISCUSS BUSING

He Reportedly Stresses That Decision in Boston Case Is Attorney General's

By LESLEY OELSNER
Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, May 21—President Ford met with Attorney General Edward H. Levi for about an hour this afternoon to discuss the Boston school busing case, but the meeting produced no final decision on whether the Ford Administration should intervene in the case.

Mr. Ford reiterated to Mr. Levi at the meeting that "it was Levi's decision to make," Robert Havell, the Justice Department information officer, said later. A decision is not likely until next week, he said.

President Ford, at a ceremony later this afternoon for the wearing in of the members of the Federal Election Commission, said of his discussion with Mr. Levi, "It was a very long and important discussion."

Called Levi's Decision
"They had an in-depth discussion and went over the pros and cons of the matter," Mr. Havell said. "Levi told Ford he had made no decision on the matter and Ford said it was Levi's decision to make."

Mr. Levi tentatively decided about a week and a half ago to intervene before the Supreme Court in behalf of anti-busing groups that are appealing a Federal appeals court ruling upholding the school busing plan ordered by Federal District Judge W. Arthur Garrity Jr.

Mr. Ford and his staff have denied knowing what the Attorney General's plans are.

Ford Issued 'Directive'

However, the White House has also said that Mr. Ford had issued a "policy directive" to Mr. Levi to search for an "appropriate" test case in which to ask the Supreme Court for a reconsideration of the busing issue, as part of Mr. Ford's attempts to find alternatives to what he calls "forced busing."

Mr. Levi's tentative decision to intervene in the Boston case—a decision that he is now reportedly reconsidering because of the controversy it has caused—is a result of the President's directive to look for a test case.

It is unclear precisely why the President, in view of his earlier directive, is insisting that Mr. Levi alone make the decision regarding the Boston appeal.

The President's press secretary, Ron Nessen, said today that the decision was being left to Mr. Levi because it was a "legal" decision.

Nonlegal Issues

Busing, though, is also a national political and social issue. Indeed, some of the initial criticism of Mr. Levi's tentative plans regarding the Boston case turned on the fact that the original Justice Department plan was to file the brief last week, which would have been just before the Michigan primary.

Mr. Ford has sought for several days to dispel the impression that any Administration's intervention in a Supreme Court busing case would have political motivations.

Mr. Nessen said that last Feb. 19, James Cannon, director of the President's Domestic Council, an appointed advisory group, sent a five-page memorandum to Mr. Ford outlining nine alternatives to busing, along with the council's recommendations. Mr. Ford circulated the memorandum, calling attention to four of the nine. On May 17, Mr. Cannon submitted an updated memorandum with three alternatives.

A Reported Alternative

Mr. Nessen declined to say what any of the three were. One, according to reports confirmed by an H.E.W. source is a proposal by F. David Mathews, Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare, for a national council that would work to develop school desegregation plans by trying to reach agreements between community groups before disputes got into court.

Mr. Nessen, in his briefing, eliminated one possible alternative—that the so-called Esch amendment will be strengthened. The amendment says that desegregation plans considered less disruptive than busing are to be tried before busing is ordered.

If the Justice Department does decide to intervene in the Boston case, Mr. Havell said today, its brief will ask the court to consider whether the scope of the remedy of busing should be limited to curbing that amount of school segregation caused only by official acts.

Intervention Opposed

WASHINGTON, May 21 (AP)—Justice Department intervention on the side of antibusing forces in Boston would be a reckless action that could cause more violence, 26 members of the House of Representatives told Mr. Levi today.

"By taking the position which is now being considered, the Department of Justice could be fomenting the violent acts of the much-criticized Boston citizen who riots and attacks innocent bystanders," the 26 Representative members wrote Mr. Levi.



After ambulances removed the injured, rescue workers placed the bodies of the dead under the elevated highway

28 in School Choir Killed in California Bus Crash

Continued From Page 1, Col. 2
as we could," he said. "I don't know how many."

Tom Randolph, a student who survived, said, "I guess we were just going too fast."

Dean Eastbrook, 35, a music teacher riding in a car that was leading the bus, said he looked in his rear-view mirror and saw the accident. "It all happened so fast," he said.

Mr. Eastbrook's wife Christina was in the bus. Officials declined to say whether she survived.

In Washington, the National Transportation Safety Board said the accident was the worst school bus crash and the worst highway disaster since at least 1967, when the board was established.

The bus driver, Evan Prothro, 49, of Olivehurst, Calif., was taken to a hospital where he underwent surgery. His condition was reported as guarded.

The roof of the vehicle collapsed, crushing the students

and trapping them inside, some for more than an hour. The highway patrol said 28 persons were known dead. Officials at Yuba City High School said the bus was carrying 51 members of the school choir, two adult supervisors and the driver.

Ambulances took the casualties to nearby hospitals. The driver was among the injured.

A temporary morgue was set up at the Veterans Administration hospital in Martinez. The top of the bus was crushed to the level of the seats inside. The bus skidded on its top for 30 feet before coming to rest.

A crane lifted the bus from the ground and rescue workers hauled the dead out and left the injured were taken to the ambulances. One victim was carried to a hospital by helicopter.

Traffic was halted in the area for two hours. Several students died on the way to the hospitals. All except three or four suffered major injuries.

The bus, a 1950 Crown, belonged to Student Transportation Inc., of Marysville, Calif. The Martinez-Benicia Bridge, about a mile long, crosses the bay at its northeast end, where it meets the San Joaquin and Sacramento Rivers, 40 miles east of San Francisco.

No Bus Inspection
YUBA CITY, Calif., May 21 (UPI)—A California highway patrol officer tried this week to inspect the school bus that plunged off a bridge ramp today, but was told the bus was not in town and was soon to be sold or traded in.

In addition, the state Department of Motor Vehicles reported that Mr. Prothro, the driver of the bus, had received a citation for suspicion of drunken driving in 1970 and a ticket for speeding last year, but had not been convicted on either charge.

Wilkins Bids Ford Meet Group To Discuss School Integration

By THOMAS A. JOHNSON

Roy Wilkins, executive director of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, urged yesterday that President Ford meet "immediately" with the delegation of leaders from civil rights, labor, church and fraternal organizations "to discuss the school desegregation posture of your Administration and its implications."

Mr. Wilkins, who is also chairman of the Leadership Conference on Civil Rights, an amalgamation of 126 national organizations, told Mr. Ford in a telegram. "It would be tragic for our nation if the issue became involved in the politics of the Presidential campaign."

He added that it would be "tragic, too, if your statements were misconstrued and stiffened of resistance to law and order."

Reports on Federal Move
The Wilkins request, released at a news conference at the N.A.A.C.P. offices at 1780 Broadway, followed reports that the Justice Department was considering entering the Boston Schools desegregation controversy on the side of the antibusing forces.

"While this would be the legal posture of the Federal Government, in actuality it will have lined up on the side of the defendant School Committee and lawless mobs who have been responsible for the violence and ugliness directed at black children, United States District Judge W. Arthur Garrity Jr. and the rule of law," Mr. Wilkins said.

Mr. Wilkins declared that the President "has now injected clearly a political note by hinting that the Government might

enter the Louisville case," referring to a controversy over busing in the Kentucky city.

Asked if he thought the Government actions were aimed at building political support for Mr. Ford's nomination by the Republican Party for President, Mr. Wilkins answered, "Yes."

Ford Viewed as 'Scared'
And in reply to persistent questions on what he considered the Administration's purpose in these considerations, Mr. Wilkins said, "It's because he's scared—it's because Ronald Reagan is catching up to him in the primaries."

The association's longtime director also said that the Ford moves were "part of a pattern of events that threaten every black person in America."

Discussing what he termed "other ominous signs on the horizon," Mr. Wilkins said one of them was "the Supreme Court decision this week letting the Federal Power Commission off the hook on the question of requiring those it licenses to comply with equal opportunity laws."

Other signs, Mr. Wilkins said, included "developments in the Fred Hampton case in Chicago showing that rights of blacks have been trampled by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for decades and the ongoing cover-up," and a Mississippi jury award against the N.A.A.C.P. of \$240,000 that "could put us out of business" if it is not overturned in the Mississippi Supreme Court.

"Black Americans are in deep trouble," Mr. Wilkins said "submit a political note by hinting that the country's plight is even worse."

A Homosexual Ensign Receives Other Than Honorable Release

Ensign Vernon E. Berg 3d, who has waged a public battle to stay in the Navy despite his acknowledged homosexuality, said last night that he had received notice of discharge from the Navy "under conditions other than honorable."

The 24-year-old officer said the telegraphic order from Navy Secretary J. William Middendorf 2d simply cited Navy instructions by number—involving rules that homosexuals "cannot be tolerated in a military organization." Ensign Berg said the order failed to refer to his contention that the Defense Department earlier retreated from such a mandatory discharge rule.

Ensign Berg said he was starting for his home in Virginia Beach, Va., for the weekend at the end of his working day yesterday in the civilian personnel office at the Norfolk Naval Base.

The order, he said, scheduled his discharge for "Friday or June"—but he was told verbally that it would take effect next Friday afternoon.

Ensign Berg said that his civilian counsel, E. Carrington Boggan, of the American Civil Liberties Union, would move next week in Federal District Court in Washington for an injunction against his discharge. The new action, Ensign Berg said, did not rule on 29 objections he had made to procedures, including those at his administrative board hearing last January. The objections involve charges of denial of due process, failure to bring in requested witnesses and challenges to board members.

He said he had placed hope in a Defense Department intercession filed in the United States Court of Appeals in Chicago in April 1974, that said Navy instructions against homosexuality did not establish "a per se rule requiring the discharge" from the Navy of all homosexuals.

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The Ensign was serving with the Sixth Fleet in the Mediterranean when he was accused of having a homosexual relationship with a former teacher at the academy, E. Lawrence Gibson, 40, a Civil Service teacher with the fleet.

Mr. Gibson has been assisting Ensign Berg on the case since March, when the ensign announced in New York City his intention to challenge the Navy.

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7:25a L	9:23a NS	10:47a	11:08a
9:15a NS	11:12a NS	12:40p (Ex. Sun.)	1:02p
9:30a L	11:28a NS	12:40p (Ex. Sun.)	1:02p
12:20p L	2:14p NS	3:07p	—
1:00p L	—	—	3:30p
1:15p NS	3:12p NS	4:30p	5:04p
1:30p L	—	3:20p NS	—
3:20p L	5:18p NS	6:15p NS Star	—
5:00p L	6:55p NS	8:34p	—
5:15p K	7:20p NS Star	—	—
5:30p NS	7:22p NS	8:34p OS	9:22p
5:45p L	—	—	8:15p NS
6:00p K	—	8:01p NS	9:22p OS
9:00p K NC	11:00p NS	—	—
9:30p NC	11:21p NS	12:35a	1:12a
9:30p L NC	11:23p NS	12:35a	1:12a
9:45p K NC	—	11:46p NS	1:11a OS
3:05a K NC	5:01a NS	6:37a	7:05a

NS: Nonstop. OS: One-stop. NC: Night Coach. Star: Royal Service. K: I. N: Newark. L: LaGuardia. Except for nonstops and thru-jets, service in connection.

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Blows No

News Summary
SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1974

The Major Event

... [Detailed news summary text follows, including reports on the school bus crash, school integration, and other national events.]

nick. Under the Gordon's Gumbrella. A lady in New York. en Seeks Light Tone New Bells. The 15 foreign ministers of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization ended their meeting in Oslo yesterday with a strong warning that the Soviet Union is endangering détente by its continuing military buildup in Central Europe and lack of "restraint" elsewhere. Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger, who made a tough speech when the meeting began Thursday about the dangers of not offsetting growing Soviet power, said at a news conference at the meeting's conclusion that "our impression is that Soviet strength is likely to grow and that therefore larger efforts by NATO are necessary, especially in the field of conventional and tactical forces." [1:7]

Wind Blows No

By GRACE LICHTENSTEIN

N. M.—On many days, an ill wind blows through the open spaces of the uranium country, nation's richest reserves—reserves used in nuclear power plants, uranium mines and milling mills are in Grants.

The price of uranium has doubled within a year, and a geologist and an attorney for industry in Albuquerque, uranium-related wraps the major future force in the economy.

Each day, a pile of radioactive dust is carried miles to a study re-



ooks feels it is discuss radioac- people who do a decent jobs.



How can a giant com- n't. So if you am, join 'em."

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leased last month by the Federal Environmental Protection Agency, that kind of dust poses an increased risk of lung cancer to those who inhale it.

The study said 23 inactive tailings piles in eight Western states were giving residents of nearby communities an "elevated radiation dose."

These doses could lead to lung cancer after a latent period of 10 to 15 years, the study added. It suggested that the same would be true of piles at mills that are now active.

Another study by the environmental agency that was released last year said radiation reaching into the soil from both mines and mills in the Grants area was contaminating nearby groundwater, in violation of government standards. However, it has not yet affected domestic water supplies.

Economic Health. As some environmental experts and local citizens see it, the uranium boom is so crucial to the economic health of this relatively underdeveloped state that its potential threat to human health may be de-emphasized.

"It's hard to discuss the subject when there are plenty of people without decent jobs," said Nancy Brooks, a resident of San Mateo in the heart of the Grants uranium region.

But she added: "There are a lot of unanswered questions that scare the hell out of me. I've read scary things about tailings piles. I'd like some more information before we completely rape the country."

Under his leadership, the town has got Gulf to pay not only for the new well, but also for a new road bypassing the town's main street.

San Mateo is an old Spanish hamlet north of Grants that is just now feeling the full impact of the uranium boom.

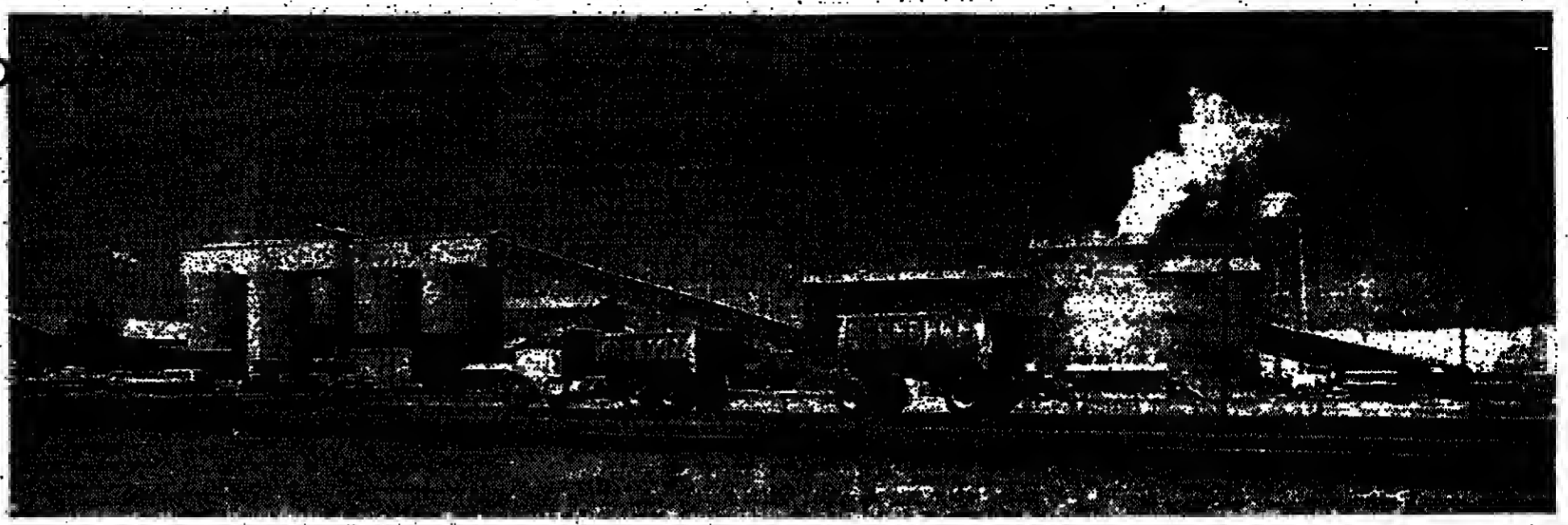
Gulf Mineral Resources, a subsidiary of the Gulf Oil Corporation, is drilling two huge holes a few miles up the road as part of a \$140-million project to mine a rich uranium deposit. Gulf will also build a mill on the site.

250 Are Employed. There are already 250 men employed in the mill, said John Sellers, project director. At the mill, visitors manhandle buckets that were hauling up muck from a 700-foot shaft and dumping it into a storage area outside. Gulf hopes the mine will be ready by 1978.

Mr. Sellers acknowledged that in San Mateo, water is "a lively topic." The 100 residents of the town are nervous because they believe that the Gulf drilling caused one of the community's wells to run dry last September.

They also fear radioactive contamination when the actual mining begins.

Rosalio Baca, president of the San Mateo Water Users Association, set in the living room of the house he built himself and discussed the issue. "We don't know if they are drilling on the same water level as our well," he said, referring to Gulf. "They said it wasn't their fault when the well went dry, but they offered to drill a new well for us."



United Nuclear Homestake Partners uranium mill near Grants, N.M. The double-loader truck is hauling raw ore from mine for processing into yellowcake, used for nuclear fuel.

65 Pianists Put Fortes Forward for the Leventritt

By C. GERALD FRASER

Simply put, Andrew Willis was playing his heart out.

On the stage were two grand pianos. Seated at one, Mr. Willis, a conservatively dressed young man, finished playing the Schumann concerto, paused and looked out into the audience apprehensively.

There was virtually no audience. The auditorium was empty, except for a cluster of nine men and women seated a little back of the middle and near the left aisle.

"Will you please play the Beethoven Opus 110," one of the men said.

Mr. Willis nodded affirmatively, stretched his arms, waited several moments, then began.

A 25-year-old pianist from Madison, N.J., Mr. Willis was among 65 pianists, whose ages ranged from 17 to 28, who competed against one another this week in the WQXR auditorium in the 36-year-old Leventritt International Competition.

The stakes and the tension were high. The winner will receive \$10,000 and, more importantly, an RCA recording contract and engagements with leading orchestras. The finalists will receive \$1,000 each and a three-year management contract for orchestral and solo appearances.

For some contestants, the competition was as frightening as it was promising. One young woman stopped playing and begged the judges, "May I please start over," a mistake that one observer said was "the worst thing she could have done."

Some contestants pace the floor while awaiting their 20-minute turn. Some sat and talked, others looked as though they could not utter a sound.

Marian Hahn, one of the semifinalists, said afterward that she had been nervous, "very nervous, but I am a good hider of my nervousness."

"We are not looking for a student," said Rosalie Berner. "We are looking for an artist."

Mrs. Berner is a daughter of the late Edgar M. Leventritt, a lawyer, amateur pianist and music lover for whom the competition was named. As a child she saw many musicians, such as Isaac Stern and Yehudi Menuhin, perform in her family's home at 850 Park Avenue.



Some of the contestants in the Leventritt International Competition, clockwise from lower left, Frank Harder Wiens, Etsuko Terada, Stephen Zank, greeting the judges after playing, and an exhausted Karen Davis.

The Other News

International. Giscard tells New Orleans of "confidence" in U.S. Page 2. Six gunmen hijack Philippine jetliner. Page 2. Beirut's "coup" leader announces resignation. Page 3. Angola plans party control of army. Page 4. The Talk of Luanda: Rampant crime. Page 4. Commodity prices issue disturbs Kenya talks. Page 5. Canadian labor to be more active in politics. Page 6. W.H.O. ends parley on Israeli-held land. Page 7. At the U.N., high marks for Scrantign. Page 8. Grievances are muted on Juan Carlos tour. Page 9. U.S. curbs Arab student visa status. Page 11. Government and Politics. Kissinger says he was "passive" on wiretaps. Page 11. Carter schedules weekend primary campaign. Page 12. Reagan backers press drive in Jersey. Page 12. Carey vetoes the police "heart-kill." Page 23. N.A.A.C.P. head urges meeting with Ford. Page 26. Ford discusses busing case with Levi. Page 26. Albany debates cooperative bill. Page 26. Carey discloses his 1975 net worth. Page 50. General. Quinlan case principals shun initiative. Page 1. Sunday selling is increasing despite laws. Page 1. Hearing opens on first purported Hughes will. Page 17. Nadjar accused of raiding law office. Page 17. Landlord group plans to challenge settlement. Page 28. Metropolitan Briefs. Chief of city's Housing chief is resigning. Page 29. Mobil to move a division out of city. Page 29. Suspect held as a dealer in bombs. Page 29. Changes sought in state financial disclosure. Page 50. The 11 months of the...

Quotation of the Day

"The pursuit of a genuine and durable détente is possible only if all states concerned exercise restraint, both in their relations with each other and in their actions in other parts of the world."—A communiqué issued at the conclusion of a NATO meeting. [1:7]

Industry and Labor

Post and guild sign 2-year pact. Page 23. Health and Science. Birth pill hormones' effect on brain studied. Page 11. Six plead not guilty in Kepones discharges. Page 11. Medical professor apologizes for remark. Page 17. Amusements and the Arts. Arrabal's "Guernica" arrives on screen. Page 19. Dancer dance Numskier "Romero and Juliet." Page 20. Oratorio Society in cantata. Page 21. Balanchine makes "Square Dance" pure ballet. Page 22. "Adventures of a Mathematician" reviewed. Page 23. Going Out Guide. Page 20. About New York. Page 52. Family/Style. French cooks taste delights at Grossinger's. Page 18. Janet Gaynor's paintings displayed at gallery. Page 18. Obituaries. Adm. Royal E. Ingersoll of Atlantic Fleet. Page 28. Business and Financial. Dow off by .652 as interest rates climb. Page 31. Otis Elevator says it made payments abroad. Page 31. Head of G.M. sees '77 model sales gain. Page 31. Interstate Stores chief expected to quit. Page 31. Sports. Yankees and Red Sox go into extra innings. Page 13. More out of 2 in ninth and ten.

Notes on People

Filly triple crown starts at Belmont today. Page 13. Kirby and Post win titles in IC4A track. Page 13. West Germans face losses on All-Dunn fight. Page 13. Marti keeps 2-stroke lead in Memphis golf. Page 14. Orantes advances to final in Hamburg tennis. Page 14. News on People. Page 19. Editorials and Comment. Editorials and Letters. Page 24. C.L. Sulzberger: employing migrant labor. Page 25. Russell Baker: looking ahead to Herbert Hoover. Page 25. Helmut Schmidt on West German stability. Page 25. News Analysis. James M. Markham on Arab unity and dignity. Page 3. Iver Petersson analyzes City U. prospects. Page 51. Issue and Debate. Democrats likely to stress jobs bill. Page 31.

Contests Called

After her father died, the Leventritt Foundation was established and the competition was created. Since the first competition in 1940, the Leventritt has grown—it is now the major United States competition for classical musicians—and it continues to attract a number of foreign hopefuls. This year there were 85 applicants from 18 countries. This year's judges are Claude Frank, William Masselos, Nadia Reisenberg, Getta Groszova, Richard Good, Gary Graffman, Max Rudolf, Leon Fleisher, and Sidney Foster. The Leventritt has held its competition for violinists, but more often for pianists. And the competition is not an annual event. Since 1940, 27 competitions have been held, and winners selected in only 21. The 13 semifinalists selected yesterday will perform again on Monday; this time at Carnegie Hall, where the finals—if the judges decide to hold them—will be held next Wednesday—and are open to the public. The 13 semifinalists are: Marian Hahn, Pamela Mia Paul, Edith Kraft, Santiago Rodriguez and Alan Weiss, all of New York; Steven De Groote and Lydia Artyomiv of Philadelphia; Pierre Daniel Reach of Paris; Robert Benz of West Germany; Kimberly Mark Schmidt of Arlington Heights, Ill.; Dean Kramer of Austin, Tex.; Etsuko Terada of Bloomington, Ind.; and Mitsuko Uchida of London. Sidney Foster, the judge and a former winner, knew how the musicians felt yesterday. He said, "Nothing better could have happened."

CORRECTIONS

It was reported erroneously in The Times yesterday that Sister Maryellen Harmon, the newly appointed school superintendent for the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Detroit, was the first woman to head a major parochial system. The first was Sister Elinor R. Ford, a school superintendent in the New York Archdiocese from 1972 through 1975. Because of a typographical error, the name of Scott Cohen, one of three New Yorkers who will represent the United States at the International Mathematical Olympiad was spelled incorrectly in

Bill on Co-op Apartments Faces Fight in Legislature

by STEVEN R. WEISMAN
Special to The New York Times

ALBANY, May 21—At a time when tenants and landlords have been lobbying here for changes in the state's Rent Control Law, the Legislature has become the scene for a less public, but no less hotly contested battle over the future of cooperative apartments.

At the center of the controversy is a bill that passed the Assembly—but which has become bogged down in the Senate—that would preserve existing protections for tenants in buildings being converted to cooperatives.

The bill, sponsored in the Senate by Roy M. Goodman, a Republican-Liberal from Manhattan, has drawn the fire of landlord interests, who charge that it would make it much more difficult for them to convert their buildings to cooperatives.

The landlords' arguments have won broad support among many legislators, who feel that the move toward cooperative conversion offers one of the best hopes for New York City's deteriorating housing stock.

Warning on Passage

But Senator Goodman and the bill's other supporters warn that if the bill does not pass, existing protections for tenants will lapse on July 1, leading to a return to the practices of a few years ago, when tenants felt they were being stampeded under the threat of eviction into buying their apartments under a cooperative arrangement.

The current law, enacted in 1974, requires tenants to purchase apartments from 35 percent of a building's tenants before the landlord can then oust those tenants who don't want to buy. Senator Goodman's bill would perpetuate this requirement indefinitely.

The existing law had actually been a compromise. Many tenants had originally argued that landlords be required to get approval of 51 percent of the tenants before they could put through a cooperating plan. Under a cooperative arrangement, tenants own shares of stock in a corporation that owns their building. The existing law, then, was deemed to make sure that those who didn't want to purchase their shares would not be left homeless.

The real estate industry is now insisting however, that even the 35 percent is too onerous for them, and that it has virtually halted all cooperative conversions in the state.

"The future of New York City and of high-rise living lies in cooperative ownership," said

LANDLORD GROUP CHALLENGES PACT

Owners of Rent-Controlled Units Call It Disastrous

By DAMON STETSON

A group of landlords dissatisfied with the new contract with apartment-house employees planned yesterday to challenge the Realty Advisory Board, which had conducted negotiations for the employers.

Local 32B of the Service Employees International Union, which reached agreement with the board last Wednesday, said yesterday that fewer than 50 buildings were still being picketed and that landlords all over the city were signing stipulations to go along with the terms of the settlement.

A group of 65 members of the Community Housing Improvement Program, representing owners of several hundred rent-controlled buildings, met at the Roosevelt Hotel yesterday to protest the settlement terms, which they described as "disastrous for owners of rent-controlled apartment houses faced with mounting costs."

Seymour Zuckerman, president of the group, told the members that he felt the Realty Board had failed to represent the will of its overall membership. Instead, he contended the board had carried out the wishes of affluent East Side apartment-house landlords while neglecting the interests of less prosperous owners of rent-controlled buildings.

Agreement Signed

He outlined a program that included a move to enjoin the Realty Board from taking any action as a result of its vote approving the contract last Wednesday. James Peck, a lawyer representing the dissident owners, said an order was signed last Wednesday by Judge Lewis J. Mahoney in State Supreme Court, directing the board to show cause Tuesday why it should not be enjoined. Mr. Peck said the plaintiffs were seeking \$10 million in damages.

Hamilton G. Ford, executive vice president of the Realty Board, said, however, that both he and John J. Sweeney, president of Local 32B, had signed a new agreement on Thursday and that it was being put into effect.

Mr. Zuckerman said his group was also seeking a meeting of all members of the Realty Board to determine their true feelings about the new labor agreement, which calls for a \$30-a-week package of wages and fringe benefits over three years. But William Moses, chairman of the owner group, contended that the real cost of the package would be more than \$50 a week during the three-year term.

Royal E. Ingersoll Dead; Headed the Atlantic Fleet

By ALBIN KREBS

Adm. Royal E. Ingersoll, who commanded the United States Atlantic fleet for almost three years during World War II, died Thursday in Bethesda (Md.) Naval Hospital at the age of 92. He had been retired since 1946.

Admiral Ingersoll, who won a Distinguished Service Medal for his command of naval operations in the "Battle of the Atlantic" against the German submarine menace, supervised the convoy of more than 11,500 American ships delivering men and material to Europe. He was also in charge of the naval defense of the Atlantic Coast.

His fleet transported to the Allied forces tens of thousands of American servicemen and their support supplies, to join British, Free French and other forces assembling for the onslaught against German and Italian troops in Italy and North Africa.

These convoys, escorted by the Atlantic fleet helped greatly to make possible the Allied rout of the Germans in North Africa. Gen. Mark Clark's march up the Italian peninsula and the Normandy landings that began under General of the Army Dwight D. Eisenhower's command on D-Day, June 6, 1944, and the campaign to liberate Europe.



Adm. Royal E. Ingersoll

During the peacetime years, he and his wife, the former Louise Van Harlingen, whom he had married in 1910, reared their son, Royal Rodney, later killed in action while serving as a Navy lieutenant during World War II, and daughter, now Alice Jean Nagle.

A man of stern, granite-like visage, Admiral Ingersoll was usually not given to the use of unneeded words in barking out orders to his subordinates. It was this trait that caused Secretary Forrestal to refer to him as "the silent force of sea power."

However, he did appreciate "some very thrilling stories," and he told one about the crew of an American destroyer, which after their ship had rammed a German submarine during World War II, fought off German crewmen's efforts to board the destroyer.

"The crew opened up with everything," including coffee cups, which bounced off the Germans' heads," he recounted gleefully. "Our only casualty came when a busy seaman bruised his fist in knocking an enemy seaman over the side." Admiral Ingersoll later shook the band of every member of the American destroyer's crew.

Known throughout his career as a hard-working, self-effacing officer, Admiral Ingersoll gladly went into retirement and a quiet life in 1946. However, he gave some enlightening testimony before the Congressional Pearl Harbor Investigation Committee, which was looking into why the United States was caught by surprise by the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor.

The admiral, explaining that all eventualities had to be contemplated by governmental and military agencies before the war, disclosed that in 1937, four years before Pearl Harbor, President Franklin D. Roosevelt had sent him to England to discuss a possible concert of effort if both the United States and Britain became involved in war with Japan.

"No commitments of any character were made," said the admiral, who, at the time of the London talks, was the Navy's Chief of Naval Operations. "Admiral Ingersoll is survived by his wife, his daughter and two grandchildren."

MOLLY CUNNINGHAM, LEGISLATOR, 88, DIES

Special to The New York Times

NEW CANAAN, Conn., May 21—Mary V. Z. (Molly) Cunningham, a former state representative from New Canaan in the Connecticut General Assembly and former executive director of the Planned Parenthood League of Connecticut, died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Nickerson 3d, on Valley Road here. She was 83 years old.

Mrs. Cunningham served in the General Assembly for seven terms, from 1950 to 1954, and was chairman of the House Welfare Committee. She was the author or co-sponsor of 45 bills, of which 22 passed, and was a principal sponsor of the state's open-housing statute.

Before running for the Assembly, Mrs. Cunningham was executive director of the Planned Parenthood League in the 1940's. In the Assembly she was successful in getting the House to pass a bill permitting the prescription and sale of contraceptives, but the bill was not passed by the Senate. The state ban against contraceptives was ultimately declared unconstitutional by the United States Supreme Court.

Mrs. Cunningham was the widow of the Rev. Gerald A. Cunningham, former rector of St. John's Church in Wappingers Falls, N.Y., and rector of St. John's Episcopal Church in Stamford.

In addition to her daughter, she leaves a son, Richard P. Cunningham of Minneapolis.

Breaths

GREEN—Beth, beloved wife of Joseph J. Green, died at her home, 1505 Broadway, New York, May 21. She was 78 years old. Burial at St. Ann's Church, 1505 Broadway. Services at 11:30 A.M. on Monday, May 23, at St. Ann's Church.

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Ruth Green, 72, Executive Of the League of Theaters

Ruth Green, assistant executive director of the League of New York Theaters and Doctors, died Thursday at Doctors Hospital. She was 72 years old and lived at 424 East 52d Street.

Miss Green joined the trade organization of Broadway theater owners, producers and managers in 1933 as a temporary secretary. She was appointed assistant executive director in 1961.

In 1961, she received a special Tony Award for "outstanding contribution to the Broadway theater." Miss Green was a life member of the Actors' Fund and a member of the Tony Awards Eligibility Committee.

Surviving are two sisters, Mrs. Raymond Blank and Gertrude Sturtz.

Breaths

BARKER—Margaret R. Barker, died at her home, 1505 Broadway, New York, May 21. She was 78 years old. Burial at St. Ann's Church, 1505 Broadway. Services at 11:30 A.M. on Monday, May 23, at St. Ann's Church.

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RANDOLPH WEATHERBEE

Special to The New York Times

BANGOR, Me., May 21—Justice Randolph A. Weatherbee, a member of the Maine Supreme Judicial Court since 1960, died in the Eastern Medical Center here yesterday. He was 63 years old.

Justice Weatherbee had served three terms as a member of the Maine Legislature and also had been the Penobscot County Attorney and

MRS. JAMES BARKER

Margaret Rankin Barker, widow of James M. Barker, former chairman of the All-American Atomic Energy Commission, died Wednesday at her home in Bluffton, S.C. She was 90 years old.

Mrs. Barker is survived by a daughter, Cecily Finley; three sons, Robert, Hugh and Ralph; seven grandchildren and three great-grandchildren.

Aided Peace Commission

After serving aboard several ships in various parts of the world, including Shanghai, during World War I, Admiral Ingersoll served in Washington with the rank of lieutenant commander, as assistant for communications in the Office of the Chief of Naval Operations. He won the Navy Cross for that assignment.

After the war, Admiral Ingersoll went to Paris as communications officer for the Peace Commission, and in early 1919, while returning home aboard the U.S.S. George Washington, he was appointed to the United States Navy in Washington from Indiana. He made his midshipman's practice cruise in the summer of 1899 aboard the U.S.S. Annapolis, then under his father's command. He graduated from the academy in 1905, standing fourth in his class.

Sunday Selling Increasing Despite Laws

Continued From Page 1, Col. 8

situational by state courts in the last 15 years—generally because they were vague and unenforceable, not because they violated church and state separation—and others have been repealed by legislatures, the laws are having to have an amazing tenacity.

The Association of General Merchandise Chains Inc. in Washington now lists 30 states that still have some form of Sunday selling law, more often than not coupled with restrictions on working on the Sabbath.

Enforcement ranges from strict in such states as Mississippi ("85 percent enforced") and Louisiana to sporadic and spotty in states as diverse as New York, Indiana, Oklahoma and South Carolina. Some states have no statewide law, leaving the options to cities and counties.

Too, "small businesses" are often exempted, and some laws and ordinances allow Sunday selling by members of certain religious faiths, or permit the option allowing Sunday sales if the outlet is closed some other day of the week.

Closing Laws Upheld

The Supreme Court has upheld Sunday closing laws in principle, on the ground that while most were based originally on religious precepts, a common day of rest could be regarded as in the public interest.

In practice, this has meant a confusing bodgepodge of varying standards and application. In Arkansas it is permissible to sell film, flashbulbs and batteries, but not cameras or projectors, and in some New Jersey counties to buy golf jackets, tennis shorts, ski pants and fishing boots but not shirts, dresses or ordinary shoes. It is also legal to sell disposable diapers but not washable ones. Eleven New Jersey counties allow Sunday selling, 11 others restrict it.

In New York, the State Court of Appeals less than a year ago expressed grave dissatisfaction with the law, but upheld it constitutionally. At the same time, the court reversed the convictions of a group of Erie

OF BRETHREN CHURCH

WASHINGTON, May 21—The Rev. Ralph E. Smeltzer, Washington representative of the Church of the Brethren, died yesterday of a heart attack at Georgetown University Hospital. He was 60 years old.

Mr. Smeltzer was ordained in 1942. While teaching school in Amesley that year, he and his wife, the former Mary Blocher, helped resettle Americans of Japanese ancestry from the West Coast. In 1943, they opened relocation hostels, first in Chicago and then in Brooklyn, to allow persons held in the camps to resettle elsewhere.

From 1948 to 1949, Mr. Smeltzer was director of Brethren service in Vienna. After undergraduate studies at Laverne College, he received an M.A. from Claremont Graduate School and a B.D. from Bethany Theological Seminary, and later attended the University of Chicago Divinity School.

From 1953 to 1971, Mr. Smeltzer served as director of peace and moral education for the Church of the Brethren in Elgin, Ill. During that period, he expanded the church's ministry in the areas of civil rights, community development in Appalachia and the farm workers' movement. From 1963 to 1965 he worked as a mediator in the Selma, Ala., civil rights crisis.

Surviving are his wife, three children, two brothers and two granddaughters.

ARTHUR E. MAKHOLM

Arthur E. Makholm, director of educational planning and research for the Macmillan Publishing Company and senior vice president of its school division, died Thursday, apparently of a heart attack. He was 59 years old and lived in Berkeley Heights, N.J.

Mr. Makholm leaves his wife, the former Mae Adams, and two daughters, Barbara Etheridge and Margo Toth.

GEORGE D. OLDS JR., OIL EXECUTIVE, 83

George D. Olds Jr., a former oil executive, died Thursday evening at his home in Easton, Md. He was 83 years old.

In World War II, Mr. Olds was president of Petroleum Chemicals Corporation, a wartime consortium of several oil companies. He had entered the field in 1931 with the Continental Oil Company and was assistant to the president when he resigned in 1946.

Earlier, he had been sales manager of the New York headquarters office of the Hills Brothers Company, food distributor.

Mr. Olds was born in Amherst, Mass., where his father was a professor and later president of Amherst College. He was a Phi Beta Kappa graduate of Amherst in 1913 and served as an ensign in the Navy in World War I.

After World War II, Mr. Olds moved to Maryland, where he operated Hight Ho Farm until 1970.

He was a trustee of Washington College in Chestertown, Md., where he served for 20 years, including a term as president.

He leaves his wife, the former Margaret Atwater; a son, George; a daughter, Dr. Margaret Olds Strah; two sisters, Clara Bissell and Marion DeVel; four grandchildren and two great-grandchildren.

CLARA H. LUDKIG

Clara Hirschfeld Ludwig, whose nickname Tootsie was taken by her father for her bubbly personality, died on May 15 in nursing home in Augusta, Ga.

Mrs. Ludwig's father, Leo Hirschfeld, manufacturer Tootsie Rolls at his plant, the Sweets Company of America, then on West 45th Street, near Ninth Avenue.

Mrs. Ludwig, widow of Arthur I. Ludwig, a broker of cotton goods, is survived by a son, Thomas, and two grandchildren.

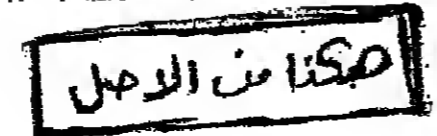


New York City's Housing Post by Fall, Officially

U.S. Aid for Housing Security

Frank E. Campbell
"The Funeral Chapel," Inc.

1076 Madison Ave. (cr. 51st Street), N.Y., N.Y.
BU 8-3500



Starr, New York City's Housing Chief, Will Leave Post by Fall, Officials Say

JOSEPH P. FRIED
Starr, the city's Housing and Development Administrator, is planning to leave his post by the end of the year, officials here say today.



The New York Times
Roger Starr

At a news conference yesterday, Mr. Starr said that he was being asked to leave his post by the end of the year. He said that he was being asked to leave his post by the end of the year.

Some persons familiar with New York's housing scene suggested that the 58-year-old Mr. Starr was leaving largely because of professional frustrations combined with various personal reasons.

Although his Housing and Development Administration also included such major units as the city's Rent Control Office, Mr. Starr appeared less involved with the details of these units than he did with the offices involved in developing new housing.

Some members of the Housing and Development Administration have been increasingly critical of Mr. Starr's abilities as an administrator. Community and anti-poverty groups have accused him of being unsympathetic to apartment tenants and the poor.

York Gets U.S. Aid for Convention Security

By JOSEPH B. TREASIER

York City yesterday received a grant of more than \$5 million to pay for overtime for police officers and for other security measures for the National Convention.

The grant, which has the size of the police force by more than 5,000 officers since July.

Mr. Dogin also pointed out that the convention would bring more than 30,000 people to the area around the Garden through which more than 800,000 pedestrians pass every day.

The remaining \$1.68 million was designated to reinforce the city's officers assigned as decoys and undercover men, who focus on such criminals as muggers and purse snatchers.

The bulk of this work has been done by the city's Street Crime Unit, which is regarded as one of the most successful operations of its type in the country.

Earlier this year the city received \$5 million from Washington, which it used to retire 205 dismissed policemen.

As in the earlier case, a Police Department spokesman said, young policemen who were dismissed would be rehired, and sent to the precincts, freeing more experienced men for the specialized work they did before the fiscal cuts.

Mobil to Move a Unit Out of New York

The Mobil Oil Corporation announced yesterday that it was moving its major domestic operating division, which employs 800 people, out of New York City to the Washington area.

A company spokesman said the principal reason was that a growing number of employees are reluctant to accept assignments in Mobil's New York City offices, even when such assignments would clearly enhance their careers.

The company, one of the plants of the oil industry, said it would continue to maintain its head offices, employing 2,700 other people, in its 42-story building at 150 East 42d Street.

Sale of Powerful 'Pill' Bombs Charged to New York Suspect

An unemployed man, who was charged yesterday with selling miniature explosive devices that look like cold pills but are capable of blowing up automobiles.

The suspect is Neil I. Rassnick, 26 years old, of 72 East 86th Street. He was arrested Thursday night after he allegedly had sold 150 of the devices for \$10 each to Stephen Liebowitz, an undercover agent for the Treasury Department's Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms.

Thomas J. Higgins, acting special agent in charge in New York, said the arrest ended a four-week investigation into the sale of the miniature explosive devices, which were described as capable of turning a car into a "ball of fire" when dropped in the gasoline tank.

Federal Magistrate Martin D. Jacobs set bail of \$30,000 for the suspect. A three-page complaint signed by Mr. Liebowitz, who characterized the defendant as "a manufacturer and dealer in destructive devices."

The complaint alleged that Mr. Rassnick, who formerly worked in a methadone clinic, had sold "150 destructive devices known as 'firebombs,' which are composed of metallic sodium and calcium carbide in a gelatin capsule."

If one of them is put into the gasoline tank of a car, according to the complaint, it will ignite the gas after about 10 seconds and cause an explosion. The complaint said that Mr. Rassnick had sold nine of the devices to another agent on April 27 and that 10 more were found in the defendant's car after the arrest.

A defense lawyer said Mr. Rassnick had no prior criminal record. The complaint alleged that a search of the defendant's apartment after the arrest had found 42 empty gelatin capsules, three-quarters of a pound of calcium carbide, three cubic inches of metallic sodium, two assembled pipe bombs without powder, 15 pieces of pipe and caps, two cans of smokeless gunpowder, and hooks about making destructive devices.



MARITIME DAY MARKED AT GOVERNORS ISLAND: Wreaths being cast from the Coast Guard cutter Sank to honor those who have died at sea. National Maritime Day, a tribute to the merchant marine, commemorates the first transatlantic voyage by a U.S. steamship, the Savannah, in 1819.

Metropolitan Briefs

Con Ed Gets Rate Rise

The Public Service Commission yesterday granted the Consolidated Edison Company a gas rate rise that will increase the average gas bill to its customers by nearly 9 percent. Together with an interim rate increase granted in January, the new rates will raise bills 17.6 percent over what they were last December, and bring the utility \$38.8 million in new annual revenues.

Miss Alpert Indicted for Contempt

Jaec L. Alpert, now serving a 27-month prison sentence for ball-jumping and conspiracy to bomb several buildings in New York City, was indicted on a Federal charge of criminal contempt. The new charge against the 29-year-old Miss Alpert resulted from her refusal to testify last year at the bombing-conspiracy trial of Patricia E. Swintoo, who was acquitted.

Stewardess Sentenced as Smuggler

A 26-year-old airline stewardess was sentenced in Federal Court in Brooklyn to six months in jail and two-and-one-half years on probation for smuggling more than five pounds of hashish and a pound of opium into this country from India. The stewardess, Jacqueline Whaler of Chicago, who had been employed by Pan American World Airways on flights between England and India, told Judge John F. Dooling Jr. "It was a horrible mistake and I'm very sorry."

School Protest Showdown Scheduled

The parent protest in District 3 on the West Side of Manhattan against shortened school sessions was set for a showdown early next week following the signing of a temporary restraining order Thursday night. The order must be served on the various protest leaders by Monday afternoon with a court hearing set for Tuesday morning. No incidents were reported at the seven schools where the parents were protesting.

From the Police Blotter:

A 30-year-old mother was stabbed to death in her Lower East Side apartment at 237 East 10th Street as her daughter, 12, and son, 8, watched, screaming for help. The victim was identified as Elsa Morales, but the police withheld details about the children, who were said to have been unharmed physically. The police quoted the children as having said that they had over seen the killing before. Two men armed with handguns robbed the Uneda Check Cashing Company at 2031 Jerome Avenue, the Bronx, of \$25,000 in cash. The manager, William Silverberg, and a clerk, Joseph Alvarado, had just walked into the office from a nearby bank with \$15,000 when one of the robbers put his gun into the manager's back, took his licensed pistol and the money and forced the two men into a locked cage where the robbers removed another \$10,000 from a safe.

Planned Hospital Layoffs Are Put Off Until Monday

By LEE DEMBART

The city's Health and Hospitals Corporation yesterday put off until Monday a final decision on the planned layoff of 3,200 workers, and most hospitals continued to function normally as job actions failed to take place.

Negotiations with the union representing 18,000 workers in the city's 18 hospitals were to continue over the weekend as officials sought some way to avoid the layoffs, but the corporation's board of directors said that five hospitals would be closed as previously announced.

A City Hall official said that a plan was being discussed between the city and the state that might result in consolidation of some hospitals and conversion of others to long-term care facilities. But layoffs would still be required, although fewer of them.

He said that there could be no solution that would cost the city more money, but there might be a solution involving reducing the number of hospital beds. Such an approach must be worked out with the state and the union would have to concur.

The corporation maintains that it must close the hospitals to cut its budget, as ordered by the city. The union, Local 420 of District Council 37, State, County and Municipal Employees, says that if the closings and layoffs occur it will strike the municipal hospital system.



Anthony Constantine, executive director of Metropolitan Hospital, leaving office where he was held by protesters.

Director of District Council 37, said that a recent study by a corporation committee concluded that the closings would not save money. "It's a political game with the lives and livelihoods of people," Mrs. Roberts said. Mrs. Roberts said that on strike would be called until pink slips were actually sent out, and the board's action insured that that would not occur until sometime next week at the earliest. Meantime, Anthony Constantine, executive director of Metropolitan Hospital, 1001 First

Sutter's Closing After 50 Years in 'Village'

By ROBERT E. TOMASSON

Sutter's bakery and cafe, a Greenwich Village sweet-shop for 50 years, will close tomorrow. Failure of negotiations on a new lease, which was called for a sharp increase in rent, led to the closing.

Operating as a small French patisserie on Bleecker Street, the bakery moved to the corner of Greenwich Avenue and 10th Street 28 years ago with its offerings of croissants, mille-feuille and Napoleons, a vast repertoire of cream specialties and some 40 kinds of pastries.

"It is the end," said Helen Mulcahey with tears after notifying the 40 employees that the bakery was closing. Mulcahey and her twin sister, Marie Kammenzind, are co-owners of Sutter's, which they inherited from their father, Edison Sutter, died in 1963. Sutter, who came to this country from Greece, died in 1958. His daughter, Mrs. Sutter, was 50 years old this month. Her 55-year-old daughters, the landlady, Mrs. Kammenzind, and her 50-year-old sister, Mrs. Mulcahey, are co-owners of Sutter's. The bakery was founded in 1948 by Sutter's father, Edison Sutter, died in 1963. Sutter, who came to this country from Greece, died in 1958. His daughter, Mrs. Sutter, was 50 years old this month. Her 55-year-old daughters, the landlady, Mrs. Kammenzind, and her 50-year-old sister, Mrs. Mulcahey, are co-owners of Sutter's.

Mr. Duell, however, said that the terms of the new lease were negotiable, although he was indefinite as to the exact terms. "I just don't think they wanted to operate the bakery anymore," Mr. Duell said. The building owner added that he was talking to a client about the bakery being purchased by someone else. "No way," the sisters replied in unison when told of Mr. Duell's comment.

"We think our father would have wanted it this way, where we either keep it or it's closed down," said Mrs. Kammenzind. The sisters said that the equipment would be sold at auction. There are two other Sutter's establishments in the city, one on the Grand Concourse in the Bronx and the other on Flatbush Avenue in Brooklyn. Both are owned by Peter Sutter, the uncle of the two sisters.

The Manhattan Sutter's, in back of the old Jefferson Market Courthouse, is a large, bright shop with small tables flanking the windows on 10th Street and Greenwich Avenue. "The recipes have not changed over the years," said Mrs. Kammenzind. "When there was rationing during the war, we baked less, but everything had the same amount

Frank E. ...

Over-the-Counter Quotations

Quotations supplied through NASDAQ as of 4:00 P.M. Quotes do not include retail markup, markdown or commission. Volume represents shares that changed ownership during the day. Figures include only transactions affected by NASDAQ market-makers but may include some duplication where market-makers traded with each other.

FOREIGN SECURITY (In U.S. Dollars)

Table of over-the-counter quotations for various stocks, including columns for 'Bid', 'Ask', and 'Chg'. Includes companies like ACMA Corp, AEP Corp, and many others.

Table of over-the-counter quotations for various stocks, including columns for 'Bid', 'Ask', and 'Chg'. Includes companies like Allstate, Amalgamated, and many others.

Table of foreign security quotations, including columns for 'Bid', 'Ask', and 'Chg'. Includes companies like Anglo-American, Amalgamated, and others.

Table of banks and S&Ls quotations, including columns for 'Bid', 'Ask', and 'Chg'. Includes companies like AmBank, AmBank, and others.

Table of insurance quotations, including columns for 'Bid', 'Ask', and 'Chg'. Includes companies like AmBank, AmBank, and others.

Table of mutual funds quotations, including columns for 'Bid', 'Ask', and 'Chg'. Includes companies like AIG, AmBank, and others.

Table of authority bonds and United States Government and Agency Bonds, including columns for 'Bid', 'Ask', and 'Chg'. Includes companies like AIG, AmBank, and others.

Table of world bank bonds, including columns for 'Bid', 'Ask', and 'Chg'. Includes companies like AIG, AmBank, and others.

Table of supplementary O-T-C quotations, including columns for 'Bid', 'Ask', and 'Chg'. Includes companies like AIG, AmBank, and others.

Large advertisement for G.M. Scott's Hammer Expectations For Occidental, featuring text and a large image of a hammer.

Handwritten text at the bottom of the page: 'سكان الامل'

INVESTORS ABROAD
WOULD BE PLEASED BY OTIS

Told Some Part of
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Be Questionable'

OK FUND CITED

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its policy to insure
proper foreign pay-
ment "restated and
ified."

Diversified Corp.

to The New York Times
INGTON, May 21—The
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for legitimate pur-
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G.M. Sees 2d Best Sales Year in 1977

Chairman Cites
Influence of
Small Cars

By AGIS SALPUKAS
Special to The New York Times

DETROIT, May 21—Thomas
A. Murphy, chairman of the
General Motors Corporation,
told stockholders at the annual
meeting today that the new
small cars the corporation
will introduce next fall should
help the automobile industry
have its second best sales year.
He predicted that the indus-
try would sell 11.25 million
cars for the 1977 model year,
which would be surpassed only
by the record year of 1973
when the industry sold 11.4
million cars.
He also said that if domestic
producers continued to cut into
the sale of imports, "The 1977
model year could be very near-
ly the best ever for the Ameri-
can manufacturers." Sales so
far in 1976 are running 27 per-
cent above a year ago with
sales of domestic producers up
39 percent while sales of im-
ported cars have declined by
17 percent, he said.



Elliott M. Estes, left, General Motors president, and Thomas A. Murphy, chairman, at the company's annual meeting yesterday in Detroit.

A Sedate Affair
Today's meeting was largely
a sedate affair compared with
other years when activist
groups chose G.M. as a target.
A proposal brought by a
group of religious agencies, 11
Roman Catholic and three
Protestant, which called on
G.M. not to cooperate with the
Chilean military government in
restructuring the auto industry
in Chile, was overwhelmingly
defeated. The proposal received
2 percent of the shares voting.
Howard Schomer, the
spokesman for the United
Church Board, asked Mr. Mur-

phy why, in view of the fact
that General Motors ended its
operations at its plant in Chile
in 1971 under the Allende
government, it had chosen to
continue to operate under the
military junta.
Mr. Murphy said that there
was no commitment made to
the junta in Chile that G.M.
would expand its operations.
G.M. employs 270 workers at
the plant, which turns out
about 4,000 vehicles a year.
"We feel we have an obliga-
tion to the employees," Mr.
Murphy said.
In his address, Mr. Murphy

asked shareholders to call on
their congressmen to support
the amendment to the Clean
Air Act sponsored by Repre-
sentative John Dingell, Dem-
ocrat of Michigan.
The amendment would con-
tinue the Federal standards of
1977 for hydrocarbons and
carbon monoxide to 1978 and
give the head of the Environ-
mental Protection Agency the
discretion to set the standards
for oxides of nitrogen.
Mr. Murphy said that if cur-
rent standards were kept it was
doubtful if the industry could

meet them with catalytic con-
verters.
"Our nation will experience
a terrible waste of fuel," he
said. "American car buyers
will spend billions of dollars
without compensating benefit."
Funds Are a Problem
The absence today of mem-
bers of the Project of Corporate
Responsibility, long an activist
group at stockholder gather-
ings, apparently signaled the
end of their efforts to turn
annual meetings into forums for
meetings with catalytic con-
verters.
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Hammer Expects Upturn
For Occidental's Profits

By ROBERT LINDSEY
Special to The New York Times

BEVERLY HILLS, Calif.,
May 21—Armand Hammer,
chairman of the Occidental
Petroleum Corporation, told
shareholders today that he ex-
pected the company's de-
pressed earnings level to im-
prove sharply this quarter, pos-
sibly doubling the first-quarter
total of \$20.4 million.
In an occasionally stormy an-
nual meeting, Dr. Hammer
twice threatened to eject a
member of the Jewish Defense
League and two shareholders
had a brief pushing match.
Dr. Hammer and the compa-
ny's president, Joseph Baird,
held out the possibility that Oc-
cidental's earnings this year
could equal the \$172 million
reached in 1975.
When Dr. Hammer's prom-
ise of profit improvement this
quarter failed to satisfy some
shareholders, who complained
of heavy losses in the value of
their stock, he said that al-
though earnings might not in-
crease for this year as a whole,
"there are great hopes for
1977 and 1978 and beyond."
"Be patient," he urged.
Less than two months ago,
on March 23, Dr. Hammer ap-
peared in a Los Angeles court-
room in a wheelchair to plead
for mercy on health grounds
for his sentencing following con-
viction of having made and
concealed illegal contributions
to the 1972 re-election cam-
paign of President Richard M.
Nixon.
The Federal judge fined him
\$3,000 and put him on one
year's probation but hesitated
to avoid a prison sentence
because of his health. His
condition had been ascribed to
a heart attack.
Today, which was Dr. Ham-
mer's 75th birthday, there was
no wheelchair. He stood during
most of the two-hour meeting,
his voice was strong, he was
clearly in command of things



Armand Hammer, chairman of Occidental Petroleum, at the annual meeting yesterday in Beverly Hills, Calif.

and be declared that he was
back in complete charge of the
company.
Shareholders arriving at the
Beverly Wilshire Hotel were
greeted by signs proclaiming
autographed copies of "The Re-
markable Life of Dr. Armand
Hammer." As the public ad-
dress system repeatedly played
"America the Beautiful," they
passed through a spacious ex-
hibit area and were banded a
multitude of gifts, including
pocketbooks, an American flag,
fancy ballpoint pens and a box
of fertilizer. Some of the gifts
represented Occidental prod-
ucts.
Three new directors were
elected: Sir John Foster of Lon-
don, Arthur B. Krin, of the law
firm of Phillips, Mizzen, Benja-
min, Krin & Ballou of New
York.

INTERSTATE CHIEF
EXPECTED TO QUIT

By ISADORE BARMASH

Herbert B. Siegel, president
and chief executive officer of
Interstate Stores, a retail chain
in bankruptcy proceedings, is
expected to resign shortly to
devote more time to reorganizing
the company, industry sources
disclosed yesterday.
He is expected to be succeed-
ed by Charles Lazarus, presi-
dent of Toys 'R Us, a profes-
sionally toy subsidiary. Interstate's
insolvency is the second-largest
of a retail company after the
W.T. Grant Company.
The changes are expected to
be submitted for court approval
next week as a major phase
in a nearly \$200 million debt-
retirement plan. The company
had no comment on the top
management shifts.

Will Relinquish Posts

Mr. Siegel had been Inter-
state's financial vice president
before being named president
and chief executive officer in
May 1974. Although he will re-
portedly now give up those
posts, he will continue as one
of two trustees of the company
in bankruptcy. He was named
to that additional post two
years ago to assist Joseph R.
Crowley, a Fordham University
law professor who was appoint-
ed trustee at the same time.
They were named after Inter-
state moved from voluntary
Chapter XI bankruptcy status
to involuntary proceedings un-
der Chapter X of the Federal
Bankruptcy Act in June 1974.
When Interstate filed its Chap-
ter XI petition in May of that
year, it listed debts of \$195.6

Presley's Analysis
Unable to Support
Inventor's Claims

By WILLIAM D. SMITH

The Presley Companies said
yesterday that an analysis of
two foreign patent applications
for a controversial hydrogen
converter did not support
claims made by its inventor
that the device could produce
abundant cheap energy from
water.
Presley holds rights to the
residential use of the device.
It was invented by Sam Leslie
Leach and has been promoted
by Morris J. Mirkin and his
company, MJM Hydrotech,
which holds most rights to the
inventions.
The Securities and Exchange
Commission has scheduled a
public hearing June 7 to look
into allegations by its staff
that Presley had made mislead-
ing statements about the po-
tential of the hydrogen con-
verter. Informed sources close
to the S.E.C. however, said the
agency did not believe that
Presley intended to manipulate
its stock.
Trading in Presley shares has
been suspended since March 25
on the American Stock Ex-
change. The S.E.C. has said it
intends to lift the trading ban
Sunday.
The hydrogen converter has
created a major controversy
not only among investors but
also among scientists. Many
leaders in physics have treated
the device as a hoax. Its sup-
porters contend that it is a
major solution to the world's
energy problems. Its early sup-
porters included the office of
Senator Barry Goldwater, Rep-
ublican of Arizona.
A spokesman for Presley said
yesterday that an expert it had
retained, Horace T. Mann, had
found important errors in the
calculations of the inventor. Dr.
Mann concluded that claims
that the device generates a

DUTCH REVIEWING
CAPE TOWN DEAL

Credit of \$260 Million for
Reactors in South Africa
Stirs Strong Opposition

By PAUL KEMEZIS
Special to The New York Times

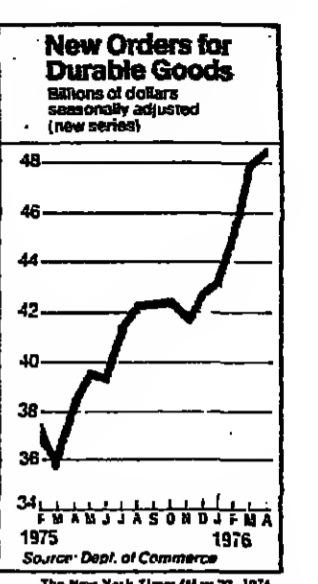
BRUSSELS, May 21—The
Dutch Government, under
strong pressure from groups
opposed to South Africa in the
Netherlands, is considering
withholding a \$260 million credit
guarantee to three Dutch
companies taking part in a
large nuclear reactor sale to
South Africa.
The Government, however,
appeared unlikely to block
Dutch participation in the deal.
The companies involved, led by
the Rijn-Schelde-Verolme En-
gineering Group of Rotterdam,
will probably go ahead, using
financial backing available from
private banking sources al-
though on less favorable terms.
The Dutch companies have
formed a consortium with the
General Electric company and
Brown-Boveri of Switzerland to
seek the contract for two 1,000-
megawatt reactors near Cape
Town valued at \$700 million.
The group is said to have al-
ready received a letter of intent
for the sale, pending clarifica-
tion of terms.
U.S. Doesn't Oppose Sale
The United States Govern-
ment, though a strong critic of
nuclear technology sales
abroad that could lead to pro-
liferation of atomic bombs, has
not objected to the G.E. partici-
pation in this deal since the
reactors involved would not di-
rectly help in bomb manufac-
ture.
American officials said the
South Africans have given ade-
quate guarantees that the reac-
tors, if first such power stations
in the country, would be used
solely for peaceful purposes.
They add that the main fea-
sibility of the United States,
which recently pushed through
the six-nation "London Ac-
cord" to control exports of
nuclear equipment, concern
sales of uranium enrichment
and plutonium.
In the Netherlands, however,
the proposed sale provoked the
anger of the powerful anti-
nuclear lobby and also anti-
nuclear power groups. In Novem-
ber, a motion passed the Dutch
Parliament by a narrow margin
saying that the deal should be
put off until South Africa
signed the 1963 nuclear non-
proliferation treaty.
Because of this opposition,
the center-left Government
asked Rijn-Schelde-Verolme,
which originally was to supply
the reactors for the two
plants, to arrange with G.E.
supply less sensitive objects.
Export of the vessels would
have required a Government-
approved export license and
probably would have created a
major problem.
Accord Allows Participation
According to a company
spokesman, an accord was
reached whereby G.E. would
supply the vessels and the
Dutch would only take part in
"installing" the reactors. For
this work they needed no per-
mission from the Dutch
Government.
But even with this conces-
sion, opponents argued that for
political reasons the Dutch
Government should not be in-
volved at all. Bowing to this,
most Social-Democratic mem-
bers of the cabinet, including
Prime Minister Joop Den Uijl
and Foreign Minister Max Van
Der Stoep, opposed the credit
guarantee during two weeks of
hard debate.
Their point of view prevailed
over the centerist Christian
Party wing of the cabinet, but
the fight increased strains in-
side the three-year-old Govern-
ment, also in the midst of a
major abortion controversy.
The loss of the reactor vessel
part of the deal is a major blow
for Rijn-Schelde-Verolme's nu-
clear engineering division.

Orders Set Record
For Durable Goods

But Key Economic
Indicator's Surge
Eased in April

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, May 21—
New orders for durable goods,
an important "leading indica-
tor" of the economy, continued
to rise in April but at a slower
pace than the surge in March,
the Commerce Department re-
ported today.
The increase last month was
\$261 million, or five-tenths of
1 percent, to a record \$48.16
billion. The key figure within
the overall total was a jump
of almost \$600 million, or 8
percent in nondefense capital
goods, an indicator of advanc-
ing business investment. New
orders in this sector were
\$11.54 billion in April.
There was a decline in orders
in the transportation equipment
sector.
Shipments of durable goods
rose about as much as new or-
ders last month, with the result
of little change in the backlog
of unfilled orders, which was
\$113.87 billion at the end of
April. The backlog had declined
steadily for 17 months until the
downtrend was reversed in
March of this year.



New Orders for Durable Goods
Billions of dollars
Seasonally adjusted
(New series)
Source: Dept. of Commerce
The New York Times/May 21, 1976

Trade Deficit Foreseen
WASHINGTON, May 21 (AP)—
A Commerce Department
economist says he expects the
nation's trade accounts to show
a deficit for this year as a re-
sult of the strength of domestic
economic recovery in compari-
son to recoveries of United
States trading partners.
Maynard S. Comiez, acting
chief economist for the Com-
merce Department, said in an
interview that in contrast to
earlier expectations of a sur-
plus of exports over imports
this year, he now expects im-
ports to exceed exports by
about the same \$2.3 billion de-
ficit recorded in 1974.
That deficit had swung shar-
ply into a surplus of \$11 billion
last year, providing some cush-
ioning for the recession here.
Mr. Comiez and other Adminis-
tration officials had expected
another surplus this year, el-
though smaller than 1975.



The breathing equipment designed for firemen that was patented this week by three inventors at the Scott Aviation division of ATO Inc., of Lancaster, N.Y.

Personal Whistle Alerts
Fireman if Air Runs Low

By STACY V. JONES
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, May 21—
Breathing apparatus that was
patented this week for the
National Aeronautics and
Space Administration has at-
tracted wide interest as
emergency equip-
ment for firemen.
The Compressed air
is delivered to a
face mask, in
which a whistle warns him
of the pressure is getting low.
The inventors named in
Patent 3,957,044 are John L.
Sullivan, Eugene A. Giorgini
and Milo R. Simmons, engi-
neers for the Scott Aviation
division of ATO Inc., Lan-
caster, N.Y.
The breathing equipment
was tested and favorably
evaluated last year by the
fire departments of New York,
Los Angeles and Houston.
According to a NASA source,
its advantages over earlier
devices include lower weight
and bulk, greater comfort,
easier operation and better
visibility. Its whistle alarm
is audible only to the wearer,
unlike the outside bells on
older devices, which were
likely to confuse other fire-
men.
The weight of the appara-

tus, which fits over the face
and around the head, is sup-
ported from the hips.
Scott Aviation, whose en-
gineers invented the device
under a NASA contract, is
producing the firefighter
breathing apparatus under
the trademark Air-Tak 4.5
and plans to begin delivery
shortly. Fifty sets are to be
delivered in July to the Bos-
ton Fire Department.
Nonexclusive licenses will
be available from NASA if
no other manufacturers ap-
ply.
Artificial-Heart Engine
A miniature heart engine,
invented for the National
Institutes of Health, is in-
tended for the operation of ar-
tificial hearts. The agency re-
gards the device as important
and has applied for patents
on it in foreign countries.
The engines have been im-
planted in several calves for
experimental operation.
Patent 3,956,895, under as-
signment to the Department
of Health, Education and
Welfare, was granted this
week to Jack E. Noble, Peter
Riggle, Stuart C. Emigh and
William R. Martini, employ-
ees of the contractor, the

and Debate
of Democrats, More Jobs

By OMA GOLDEN

Democrats are likely to
Presidency this year
economic issue left
has fallen in recent
levels that almost
postwar norms. But
employment rate still is
7.5 percent—a level
associated with the
recession, not with
recovery like the one
backed legislation
I become the focal
the jobs debate is
the guidance of
Augustus F.
black legislator
Angles. Mr. Hawkins
the original authors
the original bill ar,
has won the en-
of the A.F.L.-C.I.O.
than 100 co-sponsors
enable side, where the
co-sponsors' has just
strategy for the
be Full Employment
ed Growth Act of
directed by Senator
Humphrey, Democrat

of Minnesota. Both leading Dem-
ocratic Presidential contend-
ers remaining in the race have
endorsed the bill. Representative
Morris K. Udall of Arizona
has embraced it wholeheartedly,
while Jimmy Carter has been
less enthusiastic.

Background

The bill would legislate an
ideal—steady growth and full
employment, a numerical goal
of 3 percent unemployment for
adults, and a speed—not more
than four years—from passage
of the bill for achievement of
that goal. Beyond that, the de-
tailed 50-page legislation sets
out a large number of policy
options to achieve the goal.
"This is a process bill," said
Jerry Jasinski, senior re-
search economist of the Joint
Economic Committee of Con-
gress and chief aide to Senator
Humphrey, who is chairman of
the Joint Committee. "It's not
a jobs bill, not a public service
bill, either," he insists, al-
though the bill covers both as-
pects. "It's a general economic
policy bill which directs that
certain things be done."
The bill is one of the few

States history. The Employ-
ment Act of 1946, which the
Humphrey-Hawkins bill would
amend and extend, is the best
known of the type, legislative
experts say. That 30-year-old
law required the Government
to "provide maximum employ-
ment, production and purchas-
ing power."
The results have not been en-
tirely happy. Unemployment—
especially in recent years—has
remained well above any rea-
sonable "maximum," inflation
has soared, and production has
been periodically crippled by
recession.
Macro Policies Blamed
The Humphrey-Hawkins bill
lays the blame for such short-
falls primarily on the nation's
preoccupation with fiscal and
monetary policies alone—called
macro-economic policies. This
emphasis, the bill suggests, has
led to disappointments, infla-
tion, wasteful stop-go economic
policies and a residue of un-
necessary joblessness.
Thus the bill calls for supple-
menting macro-policies with a
number of micro-policies aimed
specifically at restructuring



Other business and
financial news appears on
page 22.

Dow Off by 6.52 as Interest Rates Climb

By VARTANIG G. VARTAN

The bulge in short-term in-
terest rates, currently the big-
gest nemesis to prices of securi-
ties, sent the stock market low-
er yesterday. But the decline
in stocks was moderate in com-
parison to the continued sharp
drop in bond prices.
Showing its greatest weak-
ness in afternoon trading, the
Dow Jones industrial average
fell 6.52 points to close at
990.75. This followed Thurs-
day's rally that produced a gain
of more than 8 points in the
Dow.
Meanwhile, short-term rates
in the money market moved to
their highest levels since De-
cember.
The three-month Treasury
bill, for example, trading on a
discount basis, showed a yield

This represents an increase in
return of 75 basis points, or
three-quarters of a full percent,
from that was reached in late Janu-
ary.

Surprise Senate Move

Rockwell International, down
1 1/2 to 30 1/2, was among the
stock market's prominent los-
ers. This followed a surprise
move by the Senate to postpone
until next February a decision
on whether to produce the B-1
strategic bomber, for which
Rockwell is the main contrac-
tor.
North American Coal, after
gaining 2 points on Thursday,
climbed to a yearly high and
finished at 48 1/2, up 2 1/2. Joel
Price, coal analyst at Dea Wit-
ter & Co., suggested that this
advance "could be an extension

Market Profile
Friday, May 21, 1976
New York Stock Exchange Issues
Volume: 18,730,000 Shares
Other Markets: 3,330,600 Shares

Up	566
Unchanged	435
Down	887

ISSUES TRADED 1,888
N.Y.S.E. Index 53.97 -0.34
S. & P. Comp. 101.26 -0.74
Dow Jones Ind. 990.75 -6.52

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STOCK OPTION STRATEGIES

Chartercraft Weekly Service

World Market Perspective

Why Russia wants to stop South Africa's gold supply and trigger a massive new Bull Market in Gold

In March 1973, World Market Perspective, a monthly economic newsletter, forecast that Arab countries would soon begin using their oil as a weapon against America—and they did.

Now, World Market Perspective warns that the USSR is determined to stop the supply of gold from South Africa.

Special Introductory Offer

World Market Perspective is a monthly economic newsletter that focuses on hard-money, in-depth analyses of major world economic and political events.

Market Place

Takeover Bids Lift Target Stocks

By ROBERT METZ

The current series of takeover bids for major companies suggests to some in Wall Street a possible return to the free-wheeling days of the late 1960's, when it seemed that no company, however large, was safe from a corporate takeover.

But in the "go-go" era of the 1960's conglomerates were stock market darlings and were able to acquire other less glamorous companies with inflated stock—"funny money," as it was called.

By contrast, the current takeover efforts are by corporations using cash to buy other companies whose shares are undervalued in relation to assets or earning power.

Thus current takeovers do not depend on a cynical attempt to buy out the target company with inflated shares, but on a hard-headed analysis of value and a willingness to pay for it—usually with cash.

Cash is preferred these days because it is currently in abundant supply and the business recovery moving along smartly, many corporations are generating substantial cash internally and more is available at reasonable cost from the banks.

Observers have begun to notice a number of similarities to the current wave of takeover attempts. Once a company becomes a takeover target, a rival bid frequently follows.

Even when a second bid is not forthcoming, the tendency has been for the shares of the target company to soar to a premium above the bid price, even though the bid is usually well above the trading level of the stock prior to the bid.

The premium seems to reflect anticipation among traders that another company will make a bid or that the first company will raise its bid and really send the stock soaring.

There are a number of examples of this among current takeover activities. After the H. K. Porter Company bid \$17 a share for all the stock of Farnsteel Inc., Lear Siegler said it would follow with a bid of \$22 a share.

But even before Lear Siegler entered the picture, Farnsteel shares traded at 19; this was 2 points above the Porter bid. Ivan F. Boesky, an arbitrator and managing partner of Ivan F. Boesky & Co., is convinced that speculators bid Farnsteel shares to 19 in anticipation of the second takeover offer long before it was clear that it would materialize.

The same thing happened when the Signal Companies

made a joint bid for its own shares with Gulf and Western Industries Inc. Under the plan, Signal was to receive the first 2.5 million of the tendered shares and Gulf and Western would receive the next 3.9 million—all at \$20 a share.

After the offer was announced, Signal shares jumped as high as \$22. Shortly thereafter, Dresser Industries Inc. indicated a willingness to exchange Dresser shares for those of Signal at a dollar value of about \$23 a share.

Signal rebuffed Dresser's offer, and the latter company has not indicated yet what it plans to do.

There are two other current tender offers under way in which the target company's shares are trading at a premium over the bid price. The Unitek Corporation, which has 45 per cent of the orthodontics supply market, has a bid from Aircro Inc. for all of the 1.1 million Unitek shares outstanding at \$30 a share.

The shares recently traded as high as 31 1/2. Management of Unitek, which opposes the Aircro offer, has announced that several companies have offered to discuss merger with Unitek.

It is now believed possible that Aircro will raise its bid. Wall Street sources say that the company received a small amount of stock under its \$30 offer.

Pargas Inc., a liquid propane gas distributor is being sought by the Empire Gas Corporation at a price of \$18.50 a share. Pargas shares have recently traded as high as 18 1/2 in sight. Empire is also a propane distributor.

In Mr. Boesky's opinion, the year promises to be a memorable one for acquisitions and mergers among companies. If the investor is thinking of buying stock, it would seem reasonable that he should look for value and choose an undervalued company before the bidding begins, Mr. Boesky said.

There is no guarantee, however, that every undervalued company will become a target.

Stock Market Indicators

The tables for the most active trading, percentage changes, dollar leaders and the market diary pertain to the consolidated page for all activity yesterday listed on the New York Stock Exchange and the American Stock Exchange. The market averages, however, are based on the 4 P.M. New York closing.

FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1974

N.Y.S.E. Index: High 52.22, Low 51.97, Close 51.97, Change -0.25

S&P Averages: 425 Industrials 113.13-112.41, 19 Industrials 46.97-46.49, 15 Utilities 32.57-32.52, 200 Stocks 102.34-101.81

Up-Down Volume: NYSE Advanced 4,882,708 shares, Declined 1,352,000 shares, Net 3,530,708 shares

Odd Lot Trading: Purchases of 14,442 shares, Sales of 34,000 shares, Net 19,558 shares

The Dow Jones Stock Averages: 30 Industrials 997.77, 20 Industrials 228.68, 15 Utilities 304.47, 45 Stocks 305.84

Consolidated Trading: Name, Vol, Bid, Ask, Chg

O.T.C. Most Active: Name, Vol, Bid, Ask, Chg

Market Diary: Advances, Declines, Unchanged, Total

O.T.C. Market Diary: Advances, Declines, Unchanged, Total

Volume by Exchanges: NYSE, Amex, OTC

Dollar Leaders: Name, Vol, Bid, Ask, Chg

Consolidated Trading for N.Y.S.E. Issues

1974 Stocks and Div. Sales: High, Low, In Dollars, P/E Ratio, High, Low, Last, Chg

Table with columns: 1974 Stocks and Div. Sales, High, Low, In Dollars, P/E Ratio, High, Low, Last, Chg

Table with columns: 1974 Stocks and Div. Sales, High, Low, In Dollars, P/E Ratio, High, Low, Last, Chg

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ration Affairs
dyear Plans to Seek
in Its Ohio Complex

Ohio, May 21 (AP) — Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company plans to spend \$150 million in the production of tires and other products at its new plant in Akron, Ohio, which is scheduled to begin production in 1979.

Pan Am Announces
Receipt of Tenders

Pan American World Airways announced it had received tenders amounting to \$175.3 million for the purchase of 100 million shares of common stock.

Olin Sees a Need
For Financing in '77

Edward P. Lyons, senior vice president and chief financial officer of the Olin Corporation, said that plans indicate a probable need for long-term financing for the company in 1977.

Alcan Sets Offering

Alcan Aluminum announced that it intended to make a public offering of five million shares of common stock.

Allis Raises Dividend

Directors of the Allis-Chalmers Corporation voted to increase the quarterly common dividend 50 percent to 15 cents a share from the previously paid 10 cents a share.

Brooklyn Gas Offers

The Brooklyn Union Gas Company announced that it had filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission public offerings of \$25 million of its first mortgage bonds due 1996 and \$50,000,000 of common shares for sale about June 23.

Liggett Name Change

Liggett & Myers announced that it had changed its corporate name to the Liggett Group. The cigarette manufacturer said that the new corporate name more adequately represented its widely diversified businesses.

BLOEDEL TO RAISE
NEWSPRINT PRICE

\$20-a-Ton Increase Is Due
July 1—Labor Costs Cited

By GENE SMITH
Macmillan Bloedel, a major Canadian pulp and paper producer, said yesterday that it planned to raise its newsprint price by \$20 a ton, effective July 1.

INTERSTATE CHIEF
EXPECTED TO QUIT

Continued From Page 31

million and assets of \$193 million. Although Interstate's insolvency was overshadowed by the later and much larger bankruptcy of the W. T. Grant Company, Interstate filed for Chapter 11 protection in February.

Down to 11.12 Million

The Commerce Department reported yesterday that North American production of newsprint in 1975 slipped to 11.12 million tons from 12.94 million in 1974.

The Atlantic Richfield Company

The Atlantic Richfield Company joined competitors yesterday in raising its price for gasoline by 2 cents a gallon in all marketing areas.

Texaco Inc. announced price

Texaco Inc. announced price cuts on heavy fuel ranging from 55 cents to 93 cents a barrel for so-called rack and barge customers, depending on the grade and sulfur level.

Harold J. Miller, chairman of

Harold J. Miller, chairman of Athlone Industries Inc., told his annual meeting that the company planned to put into effect on June 14 a price increase on steel alloy. He did not elaborate.

McDonnell Douglas Corporation

McDonnell Douglas Corporation. They did the research in a company laboratory at Richland, Wash. The engine is of the regenerative, or Stirling cycle, type and may employ electric or radioisotope power. A thermal storage package enables it to operate for extended periods without power input. Helium gas has been found to be the most satisfactory working fluid.

Hydrogen Motor

A husband and wife inventor team was granted a patent this week for a hydrogen motor. Gustave A. and Camille B. Manzotto, who live in

People and Business

Wille to Join Law Firm June 1

Frank Wille, who recently completed a six-year term as chairman of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, will join the law firm of Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft on June 1, a regulatory source said yesterday. A family member confirmed the report.

Closed End Funds

Table with columns: Fund Name, Value, Price, Div. Yield. Includes funds like American Fund, Diversified Growth Fund, etc.

Open Interest

Table with columns: Instrument, Price, Interest. Includes Wheat, Corn, Soybeans, etc.

Dual Purpose Funds

Table with columns: Fund Name, Value, Price, Div. Yield. Includes American Dual, General Capital, etc.

Citibank Holds 6 3/4 % Rate

Citibank said yesterday that it was holding its prime rate at 6 3/4 percent for the coming week. Citibank last raised its prime on May 14 to 6 1/2 percent from 6 1/4.

Rockaway, N.J., and have an

Rockaway, N.J., and have an office in New York City, received Patent 3,956,882 for what they call a convertible hydrogenator and gas turbine.

His engine but has submitted

his engine but has submitted his plans to the National Bureau of Standards and the Energy Research and Development Administration.

A Quit-Smoking Aid

Two Spaniards have patented what they describe as an improved mouthpiece to facilitate giving up smoking. It is being manufactured under the trademark ALFIN.

Callaway in Interfinancial
Chairman of Interfinancial Inc. of Atlanta has taken over the additional post of chief executive officer of the insurance and financial management holding company.

Mr. Callaway, who is 48 years old, resigned two months ago as president of Ford's campaign manager following charges that he used improper influence to get Government financing for a ski resort owned by his family in Crested Butte, Colo. In the executive post, he replaced Ray Madsen, 52, who continues as president and chief administrative officer.

G.M.'S CHIEF SEES
SALES GAIN IN '77

Continued From Page 31

scrutinizing corporate policies on social issues. Susan Gross, one of the directors of the project, which first began its drive in 1970, said in an interview in Washington today that the group had been out of funds when the recession cut into the contributions from foundations.

Business Records

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS
SOUTHERN DISTRICT
FIDELITY FILED
WILBUR V. MCNEELY, 14 Silverman Ave., N.Y. — Liquidation \$14,000, assets \$15.

Dividend Notice

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of 12 1/2 percent on the Series A 12 1/2 percent preferred stock and 17 1/2 percent on the Series B and C 7 1/2 percent preferred stock of the Corporation. A dividend of 1 1/4 percent was declared on the common stock.

The Holt Investment Advisory asks . . .

DO YOU OWN ANY OF THESE STOCKS?

- BRISTOL-MYERS, BURROUGHS, CBS, CONTINENTAL OIL, DEERE, DIGITAL EQUIPMENT, INTERNATIONAL PAPER, KERR-McGEE, MCDONALD'S, MONSANTO, NORTHWEST AIRLINES, PEPSICO, PHILIP MORRIS, R.J. REYNOLDS, SCHERING-PLOUGH, TEXAS INSTRUMENTS, TRAVELERS, UAL, UNION CARBIDE, WAGNER-LAMBERT

The 20 stocks above are included in "A List of No-No's" presented in the current issue of The Holt Investment Advisory. Many of them are, in our opinion, overpriced; and many offer inadequate yields. But far more importantly, we believe they are all highly vulnerable to a new situation that began to emerge only in February. If continued, this little-publicized development could affect these particular stocks more adversely than many other equities.

If you own any of these 20 issues, therefore, we think you'd want to see for yourself why we consider them no-no's. And you may just find that the logic behind our analysis makes good sense.

This special analysis, including our "List of No-No's", will be rushed to you as a bonus if you enter a 2-Month Introductory Subscription to The Holt Investment Advisory (a \$24 value) for only \$10. Just send your check with the coupon below. If we are right, selling these vulnerable stocks now could save you many, many times the subscription fee.

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277 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10017

Please send me your special analysis, along with your "List of No-No's", as a bonus with my 2-month Introductory Subscription to The Holt Investment Advisory. My \$10 payment is enclosed.

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DOW OFF BY 6.52
AS RATES CLIMB

Continued From Page 31

of the recent move in coal stocks, which up to now has been concentrated in producers of metallurgical coal. He pointed out, for example, that Pittston, a producer of metallurgical coal used in making steel, climbed from around 36 to above 46 within the last month. Another recent gainer in this group was Eastern Gas and Fuel, North American Coal products steam coal that is used in power generation.

Amstar Stock Up 7 1/2

Amstar, the largest domestic refiner of cane sugar, demonstrated anew the market's attraction to stock-split plans and cash-dividend increases.

Book-of-the-Month, which has

Book-of-the-Month, which has moved to a new yearly high this week, rose 1 1/2 to 55 1/2. Directors have approved a 50 percent stock dividend and an increase in the cash dividend.

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Liggett Group Told
To Divest Company
Of Perk Foods Unit

By HERBERT KOSMETZ

The Liggett group said yesterday that the Federal Trade Commission had ruled that the company must divest itself of its Perk Foods subsidiary. The F.T.C., which made its first complaint regarding the acquisition in June 1973, said the acquisition violated Section 7 of the Clayton Act, which prohibits mergers that tend to limit competition.

Lehigh Portland Sells
Florida Cement Units

The Lehigh Portland Cement Company of Allentown, Pa., said yesterday that it had sold its Miami cement plant and Orlando, Fla., cement terminal to the Rinker Group of Palm Beach for about \$12.1 million.

Coca-Cola of New York Ends
Overseas Airways Merger Plan

The Coca-Cola Bottling Company of New York announced yesterday that negotiations for its acquisition of Overseas National Airways, had been terminated.

Gulf & Western Extends
Offer for Signal Companies

Gulf & Western Industries said yesterday that it was extending its cash offer for the common stock of the Signal Companies Inc. until 3 P.M. Los Angeles time May 28. The offer, which had been scheduled to expire on Thursday, was extended in all issues listed on the Big Board.

THINK SMALL!

THE PPI INVESTMENT LETTER focuses on relatively small companies with sound earnings records and growth potential. Recent share purchase recommendations include the shares of a small company in each of these areas: ocean metal recycling, mail sorting equipment, marine electronics, and irrigation systems.

DO YOU OWN ANY OF THESE STOCKS?

- BRISTOL-MYERS, BURROUGHS, CBS, CONTINENTAL OIL, DEERE, DIGITAL EQUIPMENT, INTERNATIONAL PAPER, KERR-McGEE, MCDONALD'S, MONSANTO, NORTHWEST AIRLINES, PEPSICO, PHILIP MORRIS, R.J. REYNOLDS, SCHERING-PLOUGH, TEXAS INSTRUMENTS, TRAVELERS, UAL, UNION CARBIDE, WAGNER-LAMBERT

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Consolidated Trading for New York Stock Exchange Issues

Main table containing stock trading data with columns for stock name, price, volume, and other market metrics. Includes sub-sections for 'Continued From Page 22' and 'U-V-W-X-Y-Z'.

U-V-W-X-Y-Z
Unless otherwise noted, the price of a share of stock is in dollars and cents. The volume of trading is in shares. The price of a share of stock is in dollars and cents. The volume of trading is in shares.

New York Stock Exchange Bond Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange Bond Trading, including sections for U.S. Govt. Bonds, Foreign Bonds, and Corporate Bonds. It lists various bond issues with their respective prices and yields.

Companies Report Sales and Earnings

Table of Companies Report Sales and Earnings, listing companies like American Fletcher Mortgage Investors, Applied Materials, and others, along with their sales and earnings figures.

AMEX PRICES SLIP ON RATE OUTLOOK

Money Supply Concern Also Weakens O-T-C Issues

By ALEXANDER R. HAMMER
Concern over rising interest rates and the money supply weakened prices yesterday on the American Stock Exchange and in the over-the-counter market.

Dividends Announced

Table of Dividends Announced, listing companies such as American International, American National, and others, along with their dividend amounts and dates.

Foreign Exchange

Table of Foreign Exchange, listing exchange rates for various currencies including the British pound, Swiss franc, and others.

Industrial Index Slips

In counter trading, the NASDAQ industrial index slipped 0.28 to 96.21 while the composite index lost 0.14 to 89.38.

Other U.S. and Foreign Stock Exchanges

Table of Other U.S. and Foreign Stock Exchanges, listing market activity for exchanges in cities like Boston, Toronto, Philadelphia, and others.

Foreign Stock Index

Table of Foreign Stock Index, listing stock indices for various international markets including London, Amsterdam, Brussels, and others.

The New York Times
No. 1 in New York
in job advertising

American Stock Exchange Transactions: Consolidated Summary of Yesterday's Trading

Main table of stock transactions with columns for stock name, price, volume, and change. Includes sub-sections for '1976 Stocks and Div. Sales' and '1975 Stocks and Div. Sales'.

Results of Trading in Stock Options

Table showing results of trading in stock options, including columns for option type, price, volume, and change. Sub-sections include 'American Stock Exchange', 'Chicago Board', and 'Philadelphia Options'.

Vertical text on the right side of the page, including 'Month', 'Being Studied', 'Alaska Oil Pipeline', and 'UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY'.

Handwritten Arabic text at the bottom center of the page.

Business Briefs

Dismisses Antidumping Case

WASHINGTON, May 21 — The International Trade Commission for the first time cut off today an antidumping case...

Auto Production Ceases

ST BROMWICH, England, May 21 (Reuters) — Production of sleek luxury Jensen cars, most of which were...

Redemptions Eased in Month

Redemptions of mutual fund shares fell in April for the first time since December, the Investment Company...

Agency Backs Oil Sharing

RIS, May 21 (UPI) — The International Energy Agency, of the United States and 18 other key industrial nations...

Welds Being Studied

Trans Alaska Oil Pipeline

From Page 1, Col. 7

As many again will be needed to finish the job, Mr. Ratterman said. Officials said the Interior Department...

Presley Unable To Back Claims

Continued From Page 31

self-sustaining reaction that produces hydrogen from water are nowhere supported in the patent applications.

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HAMMER EXPECTS UPTURN IN PROFITS

Continued From Page 31

York, and Samuel B. Stewart, of San Francisco. Shareholders also agreed to increase the number of board members to 13 from 12.

Liberal Proposals Included

Beyond that the bill calls for a rewording of proposals long associated with Congressional liberals. These include a form of loose national planning to set forth economic goals...

Critics

Administration and academic critics seem especially unhappy with the unemployment target of 3 percent for adults within four years.

Issue and Debate: Jobs Bill Is Democrats' Election-Year Goal

Continued From Page 31

operations of labor markets and fitting workers to jobs. Some confusion has been generated by the current legislation, because it is really an offspring of an earlier Humphrey-Hawkins bill that was submitted to Congress last year.

Advocates

The bill's proponents say there is no such thing as a simple, hard-hitting programmatic bill that could legislate full employment. A process bill like Humphrey-Hawkins, they say, is the only kind of legislation that can realistically generate full employment.

Outlook

According to Washington observers, the bill has generated enough support in the House almost to guarantee passage later this month. The Senate outlook is more clouded at this point, with the first hearings scheduled for mid-May.

As for the danger on the price side, the bill reflects in part the rather controversial ideas of Leon H. Keyserling, once chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers under President Harry S. Truman. Mr. Keyserling, now a private consultant, served as Representative Hawkin's adviser on the legislation.

Real estate listings for various areas including Kingsbridge, Bay Side, and various neighborhoods. Includes details on house prices, features, and contact information.

HOUSES - BROOKLYN

Real estate listings for Brooklyn, including various house types, prices, and neighborhood names like Park Slope, Crown Heights, and Bay Ridge.

FOR SALE - Patent - Intra Nasal Filter DISPOSABLE. Includes contact information for Vincent Vacante.

RENTS WANTED. Includes contact information for a real estate agent.

Obsolete Style Clothing. Includes contact information for a clothing store.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS. Includes contact information for a business opportunity.

BICENTENNIAL SOUVENIRS. Includes contact information for a souvenir shop.

SKATE BOARDS. Includes contact information for a skate board store.

LED WATCHES. Includes contact information for a watch store.

In one recent week, 702 secretarial jobs were advertised here on the Classified Pages of The New York Times. Includes contact information for job seekers.

Real estate listings under 'Houses-Queens' and 'Houses-Roseton-Suffolk' columns.

Real estate listings under 'Houses-Roseton-Suffolk' and 'Houses-Roseton-Suffolk' columns.

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Real estate listings under 'Houses-Roseton-Suffolk' and 'Houses-Roseton-Suffolk' columns.

Advertisement for 'Every month an average of 40,000 ads of houses and estates appear in The New York Times Classified Pages'.

Real Estate Listings: Lats & Acreage - Mass., Staff. 413. Cont'd from Preceding Page. NORFOLK Co. on Barnstable...

Real Estate Listings: Lats & Acreage - New Jersey 463. Freedom Township-Sussex Co. 1/2 acre lot, 250,000 to 350,000...

Real Estate Listings: Lats & Acreage - Vermont 463. Greenport-Vermont 463. Greenport-Vermont 463. Greenport-Vermont 463...

Real Estate Listings: Lats & Acreage - New York 463. Manhattan-Pref. 304 & 190s. Real Estate Miscellaneous 606. APARTMENT HOUSES - 700...

Real Estate Listings: Lats & Acreage - Westchester 417. Westchester Co. 417. Westchester Co. 417. Westchester Co. 417...

Real Estate Listings: Lats & Acreage - Columbia Co. 427. Columbia Co. 427. Columbia Co. 427. Columbia Co. 427...

Real Estate Listings: Lats & Acreage - Dutchess Co. 429. Dutchess Co. 429. Dutchess Co. 429. Dutchess Co. 429...

Real Estate Listings: Lats & Acreage - Sullivan Co. 438. Sullivan Co. 438. Sullivan Co. 438. Sullivan Co. 438...

Real Estate Listings: Lats & Acreage - Albany Co. 461. Albany Co. 461. Albany Co. 461. Albany Co. 461...

Real Estate Listings: Lats & Acreage - Westchester Co. 425. Westchester Co. 425. Westchester Co. 425. Westchester Co. 425...

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The Churchill. 300 E. 40th St. Applications being taken for immediate occupancy on a few choice suites.

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28th Street. 28th Street. 28th Street. 28th Street.

Handwritten Arabic text: سوكا من الاهل

Carey Reports Net Worth Rose by End of Last Year

ALBANY, May 21—Governor Carey, in line with his one-year-old executive order requiring detailed annual financial statements by public officials, today disclosed that his net worth was \$130,458 at the end of 1975.

State Board Is Seeking Changes In Rules on Financial Disclosure

By THOMAS P. RONAN The State Board of Public Disclosure established by Governor Carey to oversee his order that certain state officials disclose their financial assets agreed yesterday to ask him to modify some aspects of the directive.

U.S. GETS WARNING ON URBAN NEEDS

Experts at Conference Say It Spreads Its 'Too Thin' By GLENN FOWLER Government in the United States has "spread itself too thin" in dealing with problems of urban areas and must realign responsibility for dealing with the needs of large cities, a group of experts in the public and private sector agreed yesterday.

Weather Reports and Forecast

Summary Occasional showers and possibly a few thunderstorms are forecast today for northern and western New England and upstate New York, it will be partly sunny across the remainder of the Northeast. Showers and thunderstorms will be scattered over Florida, from the Plains States to the Texas Gulf Coast, and in the central Rockies. Sunny or mostly sunny weather will prevail elsewhere. Temperatures will be below normal from the Northeast through the lake region and North Dakota to the northern half of the Rockies. It will be warm in the Southeast and along the Gulf Coast, while elsewhere, mild weather is expected.

Forecast

National Weather Service (As of 5 P.M.) NEW YORK CITY—Partly sunny today, high 70, low 50. Tomorrow, high 70, low 50. Wednesday, high 70, low 50. Thursday, high 70, low 50. Friday, high 70, low 50. Saturday, high 70, low 50. Sunday, high 70, low 50.

Shipping/Mails

Incoming ARRIVING TODAY, MAY 22 DOMESTIC (Home), Left New York May 20: 4:30 P.M. A.M. at W. 53rd St. OCEANIC (Home), Left New York May 20: 4:30 P.M. A.M. at W. 53rd St.

U.S. and Canada

In the following record of observations recorded at New York City, the United States, and low temperature observations were for the 24-hour period ending at 5 P.M. on May 22, 1976. (All times are in Eastern Standard Time.)

Abroad

Local Time Temp. Condition ALGERIA: Algiers 78 50 Clear; Annaba 78 50 Clear; Oran 78 50 Clear.

Cahn Convicted of Double-Billing Fraud

Continued From Page 1, Col. 4

James O. Druker, an assistant United States attorney, had maintained there was no Sam Houston. The forswearing of the jury of seven men and five women, Nicholas Gerardi, commenting after the verdict was in, said, "after we saw the exhibits, we didn't believe in Sam Houston."



The New York Times William Cahn

"Yes, guilty on all counts," blurted out Mr. Gerardi. There were 45 counts in the indictment, and technically, this would subject Mr. Cahn to a maximum penalty of 225 years in jail and fines of \$450,000. But Judge Judd told the jurors not to be concerned about the maximum penalties usually carried in the press.

wife, seated in the spectator section, paled noticeably, and his daughter-in-law, Penny, burst into tears. Before the jury received the case at 4:30 Thursday afternoon, it had heard an emotional two-hour summation from Mr. Cahn in which he had accused the Government of seeking to punish "an ocean of innocence with innuendoes, innuendoes, suppositions and guesswork."

PRICES IN NEW YORK ROSE DURING MONTH

Consumer prices in the New York-Northeastern New Jersey area edged up 0.2 percent from March to April, the Department of Labor reported yesterday. The April increase was reflected in a variety of items including fresh produce, used cars, footwear, coffee and medical care. These increases were largely offset by lower beef and pork prices, the Labor Department's Bureau of Statistics reported.

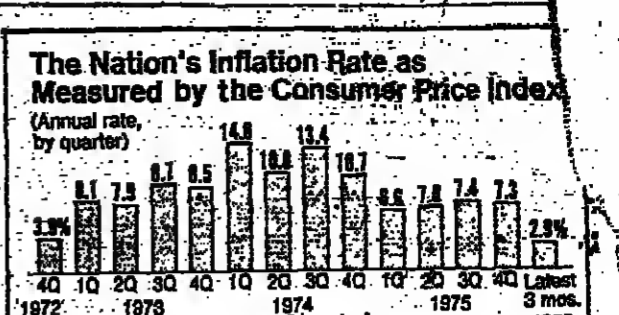


Table showing Consumer Price Index 1967=100 for United States, with columns for Index, Percentage change from Apr. 1976, and Point change from Mar. 1976.

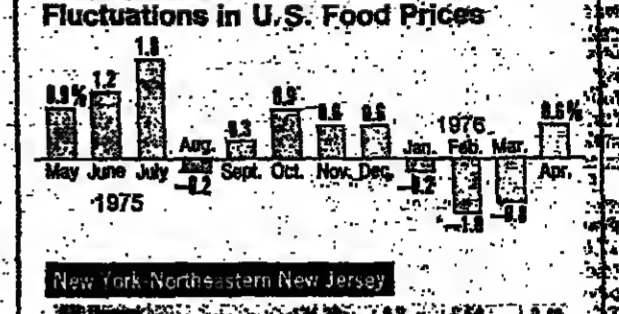


Table showing New York-Northeastern New Jersey Consumer Price Index 1967=100 for various categories like All Items, Food, and Housing.

Weather Reports and Forecast

Summary

Occasional showers and possibly a few thunderstorms are forecast today for northern and western New England and upstate New York, it will be partly sunny across the remainder of the Northeast. Showers and thunderstorms will be scattered over Florida, from the Plains States to the Texas Gulf Coast, and in the central Rockies.



Table with 4 columns: Time, Temp., Wind, Sea. Rows for 7 A.M., 9 A.M., 11 A.M., Noon, 2 P.M., 4 P.M., 6 P.M., 8 P.M., 10 P.M.

Extended Forecast

(Hourly forecast valid 7 P.M.) METROPOLITAN NEW YORK AND VICINITY: Partly sunny today, high 70, low 50. Tomorrow, high 70, low 50. Wednesday, high 70, low 50. Thursday, high 70, low 50. Friday, high 70, low 50. Saturday, high 70, low 50. Sunday, high 70, low 50.

Yesterday's Records

Table with 4 columns: Time, Temp., Wind, Sea. Rows for 1 A.M., 3 A.M., 5 A.M., 7 A.M., 9 A.M., 11 A.M., 1 P.M., 3 P.M., 5 P.M., 7 P.M., 9 P.M., 11 P.M.

U.S. and Canada

Table with 4 columns: City, Low, High, Precip. Rows for Jacksonville, Atlanta, Kansas City, Little Rock, Louisville, Memphis, Miami, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, New Orleans, New York, Philadelphia, Portland, St. Louis, St. Paul, Tampa, Washington, Wichita.

Abroad

Table with 4 columns: City, Local Time, Temp., Condition. Rows for Algiers, Annaba, Oran, Algiers, Annaba, Oran.

Food Prices Lead a 0.4% Rise In April Consumer-Price Index

Continued From Page 1, Col. 1 apart from increases in coffee and fruits and vegetables, there were higher prices for meats except beef and for dairy products. However, the index for food at home—that is, food purchased in the stores—was about the same last month as it was last July.

PUBLIC AND COMMERCIAL NOTICES

SALES UNDER SILENT TRANSACTIONS: The undersigned, a duly licensed real estate broker, has been authorized to sell the following property...

INFORMATION SOUGHT: The undersigned is seeking information regarding the whereabouts of the following individuals...

SHIP YOUR CAR: CALIF. FLORIDA. ALL USA OVERSEAS. DEPENDABLE CAR TRAVEL. THE NEW JERSEY CALL (201) 672-2222.

INSURED AUTO SHIPPERS: INSURED FOR COLLISION & LIABILITY TO CALIF., FLORIDA, ALL STATES.

FOR SALE: I have an "authentic" 11 page transcript print from the late John F. Kennedy's personal diary...

PUBLIC SALE: June 5, 9:30 A.M. Consignment with William Blackman, Inc. 110 West 42nd St., New York 36, N.Y.

REWARD: Lost 1976 Ford Mustang, dark blue, with black vinyl interior. Reward \$500.

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Handwritten Arabic text: كذا من الأصل

About New York

Cold Hands and a Warm Heart

By TOM BUCKLEY

Every year since 1963, when his father died, Mike Greenberg has bought 72 pairs of gloves. On Christmas Eve, he stands on the corner of the Bowery and Delancey Street, giving them away to people who look cold and poor.

Mr. Greenberg buys the gloves in May, when they are moving slowly. He has found that large discounts are available to purchasers who are willing to gamble on dropping temperatures later in the year.

On Tuesday, during his lunch hour, Mr. Greenberg did his annual shopping. He had to go to several places before he found the gloves he wanted. He insists on pure wool. He says it is warmer than wool blended with synthetics. He chooses only gray and maroon, colors the recipients seem to prefer, in assorted sizes.

Mr. Greenberg completed his buying at Modell's at 280 Broadway, paying \$3.25 a pair. With the gloves in a shopping bag, he took the TRT at Chambers Street back uptown to his office at Grey Advertising, where he works in the budget department.

"I was standing up in the train, reading the paper," he said. "The bag was between my feet. At 34th Street, just before the doors closed, a couple of kids reached in and grabbed it. I didn't even know it was gone until a passenger told me."

As he described the theft, Mr. Greenberg became upset. "I agree with the Talmud that silent charity is the best charity," he said. "The only reason I'm talking about this is that I want those crooks to know they stole from charity. Maybe they'll read this and bring the gloves back to me at my office. No questions asked. What can they do with them?"

How had he come to give away gloves, he was asked, and why had he fixed on 72 pairs?

"Eighteen is the Hebrew symbol for life," he replied, "and 72, which is divisible by 18, is about the number I wanted to give out. Why gloves? That's easy. When I was a kid, being poor to me was not having money. It was not having gloves. I grew up in Williamsburg in the 1930's. I was the oldest of five children. My father had a commission bakery store at Lee Avenue and Wilson Street.

"A commission bakery was one where you didn't do your own baking," he went on.

"Before I went to school I had to help him schlepp the merchandise from the bakery to the market in a pushcart. I had to get up at 5 o'clock, and I can still feel those cold mornings."

"One winter when I was 11 or 12, I lost my gloves. I felt very guilty about it, don't ask me why. I never even asked for another pair. I don't think I ever had another pair until I went into the Army."

"Ever since then, for me, being rich is being warm. Even today, when I buy gloves, I go to Bloomingdale's and I buy the best—leather, sheepskin-lined."

Mr. Greenberg said that, despite his references to the Talmud, he was no longer religious.

"My family is Hassidic, and I attended Yeshivas when I was growing up," he said. "I wore side curls. But I stopped being observant when I went into the Army. It's not for me because I was forced. When I got out, I enrolled at Brooklyn College at night. My father was very unhappy. He wanted me to open a bakery of my own."

Mr. Greenberg shook his head in wonderment at parental obtuseness. He is 48 years old, but looks younger. He wears the beard and mustache that go with his apartment in Greenwich Village.

"My father died in 1963," he went on. "I was totally on my own by then, of course. When I went to the funeral I was amazed how many people were there. He had always wanted to make money and didn't know how, but he was very highly regarded as a religious scholar. My mother is still alive. She lives with one of my sisters in Brighton Beach."

He paused again, thinking of those cold winters of his youth.

"You know," he said, "I still can't get it out of my system. To me a dollar represents hauling, bagging and selling 20 dozen rolls. We used to make a oickel a dozen. I still don't like to go into a bakery. I'm not poor, but to pay \$2.50 a pound for coffee cake hurts."

"I always wanted to be a writer. Studying business administration was just the quickest way of getting away from home. I'm writing a play now. It's mostly for my own amusement. It's autobiographical like all first works are. It's about a family that's so involved with business that they don't have time to get involved with one another."

END OF BAN URGED ON LAKE ERIE GAS

State Council Says the Fuel Can Aid New Industries

By MICHAEL STERNE

The immediate repeal of the state law that bars drilling for natural gas in Lake Erie was urged yesterday by the Council on the Economy, the new group formed by Governor Carey to strengthen business and employment in the city and the state.

"That natural gas is the

quickest possible source of new energy for New York and we must have it to prevent more plants from leaving the state," said John S. Dyson, the State Commerce Commissioner and director of the council.

Mr. Dyson said current shortages had led the state's Public Service Commission to refuse to connect any new industrial customers for gas for several years. Similar bans are in effect in other states in the Northeast.

If the ban is lifted, new supplies might be flowing to factories and other users in as little as three years, Mr. Dyson said. He pointed out that Canada had been taking natural gas from its side of the lake but for many years with no harmful effects on the environment.

The State Senate already has enacted a repeal measure, but the bill, introduced at the request of the Governor, has so far failed to come out of the Senate.

The council, which met in the offices of the Urban Development Corporation at 35th Street and the Avenue of the Americas, also endorsed a bill that would permit New York and other cities to condemn land for the promotion of business and job opportunities. The law now permits condemnation for other purposes, such as housing, health and safety, but not for economic development.

This bill, too, has been passed by the Senate, but has not yet won Assembly approval.

The council took under advisement a proposal by the

State Industrial Commissioner, Philip Ross, that direction of vocational education programs in the state be taken away from the Board of Regents and given to a new, autonomous board.

Mr. Ross, who was not present at the meeting, said in a statement that vocational programs now failed to train youth for current needs of the state's labor market. He said studies had shown that three out of five students who completed the programs did not go into the fields they were prepared for.

To correct this, Mr. Ross proposed formation of a new, 10-member Board of Vocational Education with representation from the schools, from labor

and from business.

Break-ins at Police Station
HAMILTON TOWN, May 21 (AP)—Aurth investigating three recent attempts at police stations here that were designed to gain access to personal files on police officers. The police recently been notified of the break-ins. Local officials have demanded access to the files, and on patrolman has filed a complaint with the State Department of Information.

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from

That's roundtrip from New York. Our two-week Show Tour is an outstanding value. If I do say so myself, you get roundtrip airfare, 13 nights in a good London hotel (with private bath and continental breakfast each morning) and all sorts of other delightful features. Like theatre tickets to 7 hit shows—or your choice of two other ticket plans. (No one else we know of can match that.) And still there's more. Memberships in private clubs, discounts at hundreds of shops and restaurants—even an Arts car for 140 days (gas, mileage and tax on you). We feel we can safely promise: there won't be a dull moment on this trip.

Fly-Drive Holiday
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from

This is just the thing for those who like to poke around on their own in a car. Price includes round-trip airfare from New York, your first night in a good London airport hotel, and an Avis car for 13 days, with unlimited mileage. Go wherever the spirit moves you. To Edinburgh, for instance, ancestral home of Robert E. Lee. To Londonderry, where Davy Crockett's father hailed from—and sailed from to settle in America. To Scotland, birthplace of Alexander Graham Bell. And if your heart's in the highlands, you'll be happy to know there's also a Fly-Drive Scotland for the same price.

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...so they go a lot farther. The fact is, your dollar has risen 19% in value in relation to the pound since last May. So now is a very good time indeed to visit Britain. As you can see from these prices:

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George Washington's Ancestral Home (Sulgrave Manor)	.65
Tower of London	.65
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1 week's unlimited rail travel in Britain (BritRail Pass)	\$60.00
Men's Shelland wool sweater	7.25
Pint of bitter (beer) in a pub	.55
Open to View (400 stately Homes, Castles, Gardens and Palaces)	9.50
Changing of the Guard	Free

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The fine print. This is just a small sampling of our tours, of course. The prices for our two-week tours described here are good June, July, August—they're lower in September and October. Cheap-Cheap and Group Inclusive Tours are subject to Government approval and a number of restrictions, including a \$15 surcharge for weekend travel. For full details, do read our "Holidays, Britain and Europe" and Cheap-Cheap brochures. Call your Travel Agent or British Airways.

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State Finds Deficit Is Greater Than New York City Expects

Continued From Page 1, Col. 4

The city's total deficit would increase perceptively and require alternative cuts.

He listed as "uncertain," for instance, a proposed cut of \$7 million in spending by the Board of Education, \$37 million of the Board of Higher Education, \$23 million in social services, \$24 million in union fringe benefits and \$16 million in city power costs.

He described as "unattainable" plans to reduce Medicaid and public assistance spending to \$15.7 million.

In a report supporting the budget draft, Donald Nummer, director of the Office of Management and Budget, said certain cuts would be inevitable.

"Money has been taken out of the budgets and reductions are not uncertain in aggregate merely because at this time particular details are not available," he said.

If shortfalls occur, he added, alternative measures will be taken to achieve cuts on a timely basis. Layoffs will be instituted if attrition does not develop and other "economizing items" will be instituted, he added.

In the face of possible adverse criticism by the assistance corporation, the Board of Estimate and the City Council continued their joint meetings yesterday in an effort to fashion an acceptable budget that, by law, be passed by both bodies by Monday.

Some concern was expressed by several City Councilmen of the impact on the elected officials as the result of possible criticism by the assistance corporation. One Councilman said: "We're going to look stupid if we pass the budget and then M.A.C. criticizes us for it."

The last public projection of

its deficit was made two weeks ago by Mr. Schwartz in a cautiously worded report. At the time, Mr. Schwartz did not give any overall estimate on how far off the city might be to balance its budget by the end of a three-year fiscal plan.

Mr. Schwartz, in his report at that time, recommended that the city would have to make deeper budget cuts, and increase its projections for welfare and other expenses in order to meet the deficit.

But any criticism could be dispelled by amending the budget to meet the assistance corporation standards. There would be sufficient time. The budget does not have to be certified and finally adopted until June 21.

Meanwhile, the City Council moved to offset any effort on Monday by Councilmen seeking to block a vote in the Finance Committee on the budget. However, failure of the Council to pass a budget would not affect the ultimate adoption of a budget. The Mayor would then have the option of dissolving his proposed budget unchanged and therefore accepted.

Hospital Issue Raised

Earlier this week, Councilmen from the Bronx and Manhattan threatened to block passage of the budget in committee unless four city hospitals scheduled to be closed because of the fiscal crisis would remain open.

The group controls the vote on the 18-man committee, which because of four vacancies is down to 11 members. Eight votes would be needed to pass the budget, with the dissidents controlling four of the votes.

The Council's Committee on Rules was convened yesterday by the leadership expressly to fill the four vacancies. The new members, all Democrats, were Theodore S. Weiss of Manhattan, Ramon S. Valez of the Bronx, and Theodore Silverman and Samuel Horwitz of Brooklyn.

The full Council then endorsed the new members, except for one lone dissenter, Henry Stern, Liberal of Manhattan. He cast a negative vote against each of the four, charging:

"For obvious reasons this last-minute move was made to provide sufficient votes on Monday in an apparent effort to stack the committee."

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